UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT as of December 1, 1942
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORTING BOARD
Washington, D. C., December 8, 1942
(E.W.T.)

GENERAL CROP REPORT AS OF DECEMBER 1, 1942
(Citrus Fruit, Milk Production, and Egg Production)

GENERAL SUMMARY: The harvesting of late crops progressed rapidly until the winter weather and heavy snows of late November and early December checked harvesting operations over a wide area. With perhaps 15 percent of the corn crop still in the fields, husking has been stopped or retarded. Prospects for salvaging the soybeans still in the fields are rather uncertain in the eastern Corn Belt where wet weather interfered with field work during November. Some buckwheat was lost in the Northeast. Harvesting of apples, potatoes, sugar beets and other late crops in the Northern States was nearly completed during November and losses were probably no more than average because prices have encouraged close utilization wherever sufficient labor could be secured.

Recent rains and snows interfered with late seedings of wheat in the Pacific Northwest. An unusually large area of the western ranges is now snow covered but prospects for winter wheat and for ranges in 1943 have been improved. The only area now seriously dry appears to be the far Southwest, including most of New Mexico and Arizona, and southern portions of Utah, Nevada and California.

Although favorable growing weather through most of the season and strenuous efforts to complete the harvest have reduced national crop losses to less than average, the lack of labor reserves has shown up plainly where the normal harvesting schedule was upset by wet weather. The necessity for conserving labor is also beginning to appear in various shortcuts and adjustments that tend to reduce production. Thus cotton is not being picked or "scrapped" quite as closely as usual. Some hay, chiefly that damaged by rains, was left in the fields. Some sugar cane is going to the mills without being stripped. A little low quality fruit was left on the trees. There is evidence of an increasing tendency to turn cattle and hogs into fields of corn, sorghums or peanuts to gather their own feed. Some farmers have delayed weaning the calves or stopped stripping the strippers. Some dairy herds, dependent on hired labor, have been dispersed, particularly in areas close to munition plants where wages have necessarily been high enough to pull men from other occupations. Recently slaughter records have shown unusually large numbers of cows and ewes going to slaughter. So far, marketings for slaughter appear to represent close culling and a slowing up in rates of increase rather than liquidation of serviceable breeding stock except possibly in Texas and the Intermountain region of the West. In portions of the Intermountain area the season has been dry, range feed is only fair, hay supplies are none too plentiful and up sharply in price.

Milk production in the United States during November was only nominally higher than in the same month last year although there were more cows in the herds. The cows are being well fed and production continued at a high level but the increase over the corresponding month of the previous year was the smallest reported in more than two years.

Egg production has continued to climb to unprecedented levels for the season. November production was 17 percent higher than in that month last year and with 12 percent more hens in laying flocks egg production probably will continue heavy.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

December 10, 1942

CITRUS FRUITS: The 1942-43 United States crop of early and midseason oranges and tangerines is now placed at 41,100,000 boxes. The 1941-42 production of these varieties was 43,029,000--the 1940-41 crop, 41,803,000 boxes. The United States grapefruit crop is now indicated to be 45,533,000 boxes--13 percent larger than the 1941-42 output of 40,294,000 boxes and 6 percent above the 1940-41 production of 42,883,000 boxes. With oranges and grapefruit now moving to market in volume, it is apparent that a materially larger proportion of this season's crop is moving to market by rail than during the past few seasons, with the average loadings per car running well above other years.

In Florida, a prolonged drought (partially relieved by rains since December 1) has reduced the early and midseason orange crop in non-irrigated groves. Production is still expected to be large--16,500,000 boxes, compared with 15,200,000 boxes produced last season (1941-42), but somewhat less than expected earlier this fall, largely because of the adverse effects of the dry weather on fruit growth. Florida tangerine production is indicated to be 3,500,000 boxes compared with 2,100,000 boxes last season.

California citrus areas were free from damaging frosts during November, and beneficial rains occurred in some areas. Production of California navel and miscellaneous oranges is now indicated to be 17,160,000 boxes, compared with last season's (1941-42) crop of 22,027,000 boxes. Carlots of navels were beginning to move in volume from central California by the end of November. The Texas orange crop is expected to total 2,900,000 boxes--slightly larger than last season's 2,850,000-box crop. Harvest of early-maturing oranges in Texas is well advanced. Valencias in that State are expected to start moving the latter part of January. In Arizona, production of oranges is placed at 700,000 boxes compared with 660,000 boxes produced in 1941-42. Louisiana orange production is indicated to be 340,000 boxes, compared with 192,000 boxes last season.

Valencia orange production in Florida, harvest of which will not begin until about March 1, is indicated to be 15,000,000 boxes, compared with last season's (1941-42) crop of 12,000,000 boxes. The California Valencia crop, the main harvest of which will not start until late April or early May, is placed at 28,044,000 boxes, compared with 29,505,000 boxes in 1941-42.

Drought conditions in Florida have reduced grapefruit prospects below earlier expectations, especially in non-irrigated groves, causing losses from dropping of fruit as well as from curtailed fruit growth. Some of the "drops" are being utilized by canners, however. The seedless crop is now placed at 8,000,000 boxes, compared with 7,000,000 last season (1941-42). "Other" varieties (consisting mostly of Duncan) are expected to total 15,600,000 boxes, compared with 12,200,000 boxes last season. The Texas grapefruit crop is indicated to be 16,600,000 boxes. The 1941-42 crop in that State was 14,500,000 boxes. Rainfall was negligible in the Texas citrus area during November. Groves are in relatively good condition, though most localities need rain. In Arizona, grapefruit production is placed at 2,655,000 boxes, compared with 3,450,000 last season. The California Desert Valleys grapefruit crop is indicated to be 1,320,000 boxes for 1942-43. For the 1941-42 season, production in the California Desert Valleys totalled 1,343,000 boxes. Grapefruit production in "other" areas of California (for harvest next summer) is indicated to be only 1,358,000 boxes compared with 1,801,000 boxes last season.

The California lemon crop is expected to be 13,650,000 boxes in 1942-43, compared with 11,753,000 boxes produced in 1941-42. Florida lime production for the 1942-43 season (harvest of which started last April) is indicated to be 175,000 boxes. For 1941-42, the Florida lime crop totalled 150,000 boxes.

MILK PRODUCTION

Although more milk was produced in the United States during November this year than during any previous November, the increase over the corresponding month a year earlier was smaller than has been reported since May 1940. Estimated at 8.2 billion pounds, total November milk production was slightly (0.2 percent) greater than a year ago. A decrease of about 2½ percent in milk produced per cow on December 1, compared with the same date last year, was offset by the increased number of milk cows on farms. On a per capita basis, November production - 2 pounds per person daily - was only slightly lower than the record for the month established in 1941.

For the eleven months, January to November, inclusive, milk production of 110,893,000,000 pounds, was 3.6 percent above 1941 and 13.5 percent above the 1936-40 average.

MONTHLY MILK PRODUCTION ON FARMS, UNITED STATES
1936-40 Average, 1941, and 1942

Month	Monthly Total			1942	Daily Average per Capita		
	Average 1936-40	1941	1942	1941	Average 1936-40	1941	1942
	Million pounds			Pct.	Pounds		
October	8,046	8,836	8,944	101	1.99	2.14	2.14
November	7,573	8,200	8,220	100	1.88	2.05	2.03
Jan.-Nov. Incl.	97,695	107,032	110,893	103.6	2.24	2.41	2.47

In all regions of the country, except the South Central, milk production per cow in herd on December 1 was below that of a year earlier. Record feeding of grain and concentrates was apparently not sufficient to overcome the adverse influence of the lowest percentage of cows milked for the date since 1934. However, the sharp early fall decline in the percentage of cows milked, was not so pronounced during November. Also, production per cow in herd on December 1 was 8 percent higher than the December 1, 1931-40 average and ranged from 4 percent higher in the Western region to 11 percent higher in the West North Central area. In all but the North Atlantic region, production per cow showed less than the usual seasonal decline from November 1 to December 1.

For the country as a whole, milk production per cow in herds kept by crop correspondents on December 1 averaged 12.43 pounds, compared with 12.74 pounds a year earlier and 11.52 pounds for the 10-year December 1 average. The percentage of milk cows reported milked in these herds averaged 67.0 percent, compared with 68.7 percent on December 1 last year.

GRAIN AND CONCENTRATES FED PER MILK COW

On December 1 milk cows in crop correspondents' herds were being fed more grain and concentrates per head than on that date in any of the previous 9 years for which records are available. With milk production near its seasonal low point, the keen demand for dairy products and more favorable than average feed price relationships are encouraging farmers to draw upon their plentiful supplies of grain and other concentrated feedstuffs to help maintain the production of their herds. In Central and Northern sections of the country, cold stormy weather in late November also probably speeded the shift of cows to winter rations.

Quantities of grain and concentrates fed per cow were record high in all major groups of States, but increases over last year and the 1935-39 average were greatest in the West North Central and Western regions. In both these areas the amount fed per milk cow this December 1 was more than 10 percent greater than a year ago and more than two-fifths greater than the 5-year average for the date. In the East North Central area and Atlantic Coast regions, the daily quantity of grain fed per cow was slightly above a year ago and about a fifth above average. In the South Central region, where November weather was comparatively mild and dry, the quantity of concentrates fed per cow on December 1, although record high, was less than 10 percent above average.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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December 10, 1942

POULTRY AND EGG PRODUCTION

November 1942

Production of 2,515,000,000 eggs in November was 17 percent above the previous record November production (1941) and 61 percent above the 10-year (1931-40) November average. A record high production was reached in all parts of the country. Total egg production during the first 11 months of this year was the largest of record for the period in all parts of the country with the exception of the Western States where production was the highest since 1937. There were 372,736,000 layers in farm flocks, an increase of 12 percent from November 1941, and 23 percent above the 10-year average. Record numbers were reached in all parts of the country except the West, where the number of layers was the largest since 1931.

The rate of egg production during November set a new record high of 6.75 eggs per layer -- 4 percent above last year and 31 percent above the 10-year average. The rate reached a record high level in all parts of the country except the South Atlantic States, where it was exceeded only by the record of last year. Production per layer on hand during the 11 months of this year was 137 eggs, the largest of record -- 2 percent above last year and 12 percent above the 10-year average.

The average number of pullets not yet of laying age in farm flocks on December 1 was 23.8 birds, which is 2 percent below the record high number of a year ago. Present numbers of these potential layers are at a record level in the South Central and Western States but are below last year's record level in all other parts of the country. The decreased numbers of pullets to be added to the laying flock in the North and South Atlantic and the North Central States does not indicate that there will be fewer pullets in the laying flock this year but that a larger proportion of the pullets have already entered the laying flocks because of the earlier hatching season this year. On August 1 the number of pullets not yet of laying age was the largest of record in all parts of the country and on October 1 the number of all pullets was the largest of record in all areas except the South Atlantic States. It is to be expected, therefore, that there will be a record number of pullet layers in the farm laying flock by January 1. The number of potential layers on December 1, i.e., hens and pullets of laying age plus pullets not of laying age was 4 percent larger than a year ago.

Egg prices received by farmers in mid-November, 38.9 cents per dozen, were 10 percent higher than a year ago and 40 percent above the 10-year (1931-40) average. The United States price increased 1.5 cents per dozen during the month compared with a 10-year average increase of 3.3 cents.

The mid-November price of 19.6 cents per pound for chickens is an increase of 0.1 cents over the October price compared with an average decrease of 0.3 cents for the month. A year ago the price was 15.5 cents. The 10-year November average is 13.0 cents per pound.

The price of turkeys on November 15 was 27.0 cents per pound compared with 23.9 cents a month ago, 20.2 cents a year ago and 15.9 cents, the 10-year average.

The average cost of feed in a farm poultry ration on November 15 was $1.61 per 100 pounds, which is 16 percent higher than a year ago and 49 percent above the 10-year average. The egg-feed price relationship on November 15 was less favorable than a year earlier and less favorable than the 10-year average.

The chicken-feed and turkey-feed ratios, on the contrary were considerably more favorable on November 15 than a year ago or the 10-year average -- the most favorable for the month since 1938 because prices did not make the usual seasonal decrease.

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CITRUS FRUITS

Crop and State	Condition Dec. 1 1/			Production 1/				
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1939	1940	1941	Indicated 1942
	Percent			Thousand boxes				
ORANGES:								
Calif., all	74	79	70	37,198	44,425	50,695	51,532	45,204
Valencias 2/	75	79	73	21,395	26,904	31,223	29,505	28,044
Navels & Misc. 2/	74	80	66	15,803	17,521	19,472	22,027	17,160
Florida, all	75	64	71	21,290	28,000	31,300	29,300	35,000
Early & Midseason	--	66	71	2/12,521	15,600	16,200	15,200	16,500
Valencias	--	61	70	2/ 8,321	10,000	12,400	12,000	15,000
Tangerines	68	40	78	2,350	2,400	2,700	2,100	3,500
Texas	59	71	73	1,157	2,360	2,650	2,850	2,900
Arizona	78	68	73	259	595	528	660	700
Louisiana 2/	80	45	85	275	228	253	192	340
5 States 3/	74	73	70	60,179	75,608	85,426	84,534	84,144
GRAPEFRUIT:								
Florida, all	68	55	68	14,760	15,900	24,600	19,200	23,600
Seedless	--	62	69	2/5,250	6,500	8,200	7,000	8,000
Other	--	52	67	2/10,393	9,400	16,400	12,200	15,600
Texas	54	63	76	6,350	14,400	13,650	14,500	16,600
Arizona	81	78	59	1,505	2,900	2,650	3,450	2,655
Calif., all	76	78	74	1,768	1,992	1,983	3,144	2,678
Desert Valleys	--	--	--	789	1,087	960	1,343	1,320
Other	--	--	--	979	905	1,023	1,801	1,358
4 States 3/	66	61	71	24,383	35,192	42,883	40,294	45,533
LEMONS:								
Calif. 3/	76	77	75	8,815	11,983	17,236	11,753	13,650
LIMES:								
Florida	71	65	70	37	95	80	150	175

1/ Relates to crop from bloom of year shown. In California the picking season usually extends from about October 1 to December 31 of the following year. In other States the season begins about September 1. For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities donated to charity, unharvested, and/or eliminated on account of market conditions.

2/ Short-time average.

3/ Net content of box varies. In California and Arizona the approximate average for oranges is 70 lb. net and grapefruit 60 lb.; in Florida and other States oranges 90 lb. and grapefruit 80 lb.; California lemons, about 76 lb. net.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

December 10, 1942

MILK PRODUCED AND "GRAIN" FED PER MILK COW IN HERDS KEPT BY REPORTERS 1/

State and Division	Milk produced per milk cow 2/			"Grain" fed per milk cow 3/		
	Dec. 1 av. 1931-40	Dec. 1 1941	Dec. 1 1942	Dec. 1 av. 1935-39	Dec. 1 1941	Dec. 1 1942
	Pounds			Pounds		
Me.	12.0	13.4	13.2	4.3	5.3	5.0
N.H.	14.1	15.0	15.0	4.2	4.8	5.2
Vt.	12.4	13.4	13.4	4.2	5.2	5.2
Mass.	16.7	17.5	17.3	6.2	6.4	6.9
Conn.	15.8	17.8	16.9	5.7	6.3	6.1
N.Y.	14.8	16.8	16.2	4.9	6.0	5.7
N.J.	17.9	19.6	17.8	7.1	7.9	9.1
Pa.	14.8	16.2	15.2	6.0	6.6	6.5
N.ATL.	14.81	16.54	15.75	5.2	6.0	6.1
Ohio	13.0	14.3	14.0	5.5	5.6	6.0
Ind.	12.1	13.4	12.6	5.2	5.5	5.5
Ill.	12.6	13.7	13.5	5.2	5.8	6.2
Mich.	14.8	16.5	15.8	4.8	5.4	5.7
Wis.	12.9	14.7	13.8	3.6	4.8	4.9
E.N.CENT.	13.04	14.55	14.03	4.6	5.3	5.5
Minn.	13.0	14.8	14.7	3.7	4.4	5.2
Iowa	12.1	13.1	12.4	5.0	5.9	6.3
Mo.	8.4	9.7	9.1	3.5	4.1	4.7
N.Dak.	8.9	11.2	10.9	2.6	3.6	4.5
S.Dak.	8.9	10.8	9.6	2.3	3.1	3.6
Nebr.	11.3	12.7	13.2	3.2	4.1	4.3
Kans.	12.0	12.9	13.1	3.3	4.6	5.0
W.N.CENT.	10.91	12.29	12.10	3.6	4.5	5.1
Md.	13.6	14.2	13.8	5.7	6.0	6.0
Va.	9.9	12.2	10.6	3.9	4.7	4.7
W.Va.	9.5	10.0	9.9	3.3	3.8	3.9
N.C.	10.3	11.1	11.3	4.2	4.5	5.0
S.C.	9.6	10.2	9.9	3.3	3.3	4.1
Ga.	8.3	8.4	9.0	2.9	3.2	3.4
S.ATL.	10.01	11.13	10.88	3.8	4.2	4.5
Ky.	9.7	10.7	10.1	5.1	5.4	5.5
Tenn.	8.3	8.8	9.1	3.9	4.2	4.4
Ala.	7.5	7.9	8.3	4.0	5.0	4.1
Miss.	6.1	6.4	6.9	2.2	2.1	2.9
Ark.	7.0	7.4	7.1	3.0	3.2	3.6
Okla.	8.9	8.5	8.7	2.9	3.2	3.3
Tex.	7.9	7.5	8.0	3.1	2.8	3.1
S.CENT.	8.00	8.18	8.41	3.3	3.4	3.6
Mont.	11.4	12.5	14.1	2.3	4.3	4.7
Idaho	15.1	15.4	15.8	2.3	2.9	3.5
Wyo.	10.5	10.9	12.7	1.8	2.0	2.4
Colo.	11.9	14.6	13.3	2.7	3.6	4.3
Wash.	14.8	16.0	14.5	4.0	4.4	4.5
Oreg.	13.6	14.0	12.8	3.5	3.8	4.0
Calif.	16.7	16.8	15.7	2.9	4.2	4.9
WEST	13.61	15.10	14.22	2.9	3.8	4.3
U.S.	11.52	12.74	12.43	3.95	4.60	4.90

1/ Figures for New England States are based on combined returns from Crop and Specia Dairy reporters. Figures for other States, regions, and U.S. are based on returns from Crop reporters only. The regional averages are based in part on records of les important dairy States not shown separately. 2/ Averages represent the reported daily milk production of herds kept by reporters divided by the total number of milk cows (in milk or dry) in these herds. 3/ Averages per cow computed from reported "Pounds of grain and concentrates fed yesterday to milk cows on your farm (or ranch).

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

December 10, 1942

EGG PRODUCTION NOVEMBER 1942

State and Division	Number of layers on hand during November		Eggs per 100 layers		Total eggs produced During November		Jan. to Nov. incl	
	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942
	Thousands		Number		Millions			
Me.	1,841	2,100	1,110	1,164	20	24	272	293
N.H.	1,547	1,853	1,044	1,095	16	20	214	239
Vt.	788	894	1,032	963	8	9	116	127
Mass.	3,652	4,150	948	1,092	35	45	542	597
R.I.	420	439	1,164	1,242	5	5	66	67
Conn.	2,376	2,443	1,008	1,005	24	25	340	372
N.Y.	11,718	12,895	903	900	106	116	1,672	1,738
N.J.	5,062	5,428	1,161	1,185	59	64	755	824
Pa.	15,871	16,273	852	843	135	137	1,986	2,171
N.ATL.	43,275	46,485	943	957	408	445	5,963	6,428
Ohio	17,541	18,236	777	798	136	146	2,195	2,362
Ind.	11,650	13,008	747	774	87	101	1,439	1,621
Ill.	16,717	18,778	636	678	106	127	1,919	2,198
Mich.	9,866	10,470	690	744	68	78	1,241	1,322
Wis.	13,657	14,942	789	828	108	124	1,646	1,888
E.N.CENT.	69,431	75,494	727	763	505	576	8,440	9,391
Minn.	17,524	21,419	588	696	103	149	2,087	2,612
Iowa	24,320	27,122	552	612	134	166	2,800	3,416
Mo.	17,763	20,172	555	606	99	122	2,057	2,399
N.Dak.	3,583	4,465	354	399	13	18	386	494
S.Dak.	5,995	7,007	429	462	26	32	627	824
Nebr.	9,935	12,430	576	582	57	72	1,192	1,517
Kans.	12,790	15,093	588	594	75	90	1,481	1,801
W.N.CENT.	91,910	107,708	552	603	507	649	10,630	13,063
Del.	830	876	774	705	6	6	108	112
Md.	2,837	3,003	726	660	21	20	347	375
Va.	6,969	7,214	747	738	52	53	811	912
W.Va.	3,239	3,750	696	666	23	25	391	452
N.C.	7,078	8,065	468	468	33	38	679	791
S.C.	2,862	3,026	414	438	12	13	254	286
Ga.	5,288	6,231	408	426	22	27	486	594
Fla.	1,627	1,648	558	546	9	9	184	200
S.ATL.	30,800	33,813	578	565	178	191	3,260	3,722
Ky.	7,942	9,389	633	660	50	62	831	1,058
Tenn.	7,339	8,816	543	609	40	54	764	914
Ala.	5,632	6,248	450	450	25	28	507	606
Miss.	5,312	5,947	306	333	16	20	449	523
Ark.	6,136	7,136	348	366	21	26	573	671
La.	3,397	3,942	324	384	11	15	292	334
Okla.	9,993	11,548	540	588	54	68	1,041	1,264
Tex.	21,610	23,780	450	492	97	117	2,327	2,658
S.CENT.	67,361	76,806	466	508	314	390	6,784	8,028
Mont.	1,638	1,862	549	588	9	11	199	222
Idaho	1,949	2,010	672	618	13	12	232	251
Wyo.	606	698	582	552	4	4	75	86
Colo.	2,742	3,425	576	558	16	19	309	379
N.Mex.	872	931	486	468	4	4	103	106
Ariz.	474	522	948	846	4	4	57	66
Utah	1,922	1,969	801	744	15	15	262	283
Nev.	217	214	621	750	1	2	29	32
Wash.	5,330	5,464	978	882	52	48	803	810
Oreg.	2,906	3,187	900	888	26	28	409	435
Calif.	11,592	12,148	864	963	100	117	1,599	1,747
WEST.	30,248	32,430	807	814	244	264	4,077	4,417
U. S.	333,025	372,736	647	675	2,156	2,515	39,154	45,049

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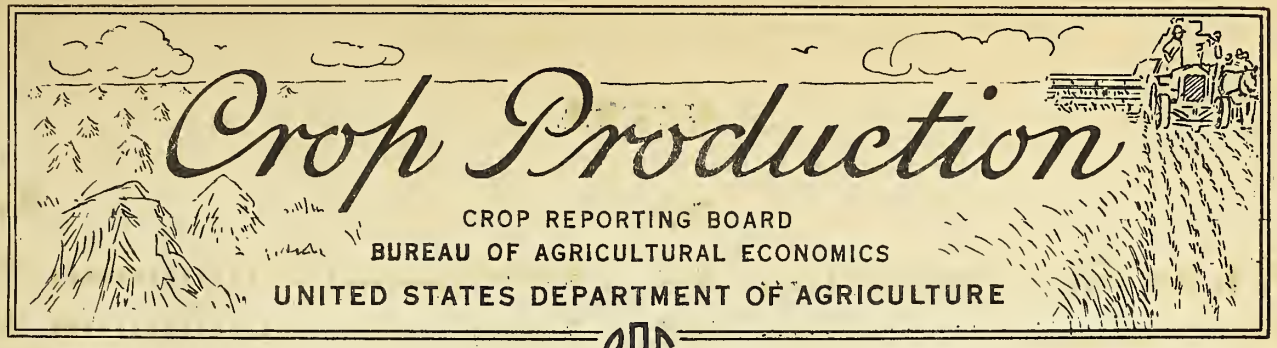

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1942

ANNUAL SUMMARY

ACREAGE, YIELD, AND PRODUCTION

of

PRINCIPAL CROPS

By States

With Comparisons

Washington, D. C.
December, 1942

I N D E X

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORTING BOARD
WASHINGTON, D. C.

December 24, 1942

E R R A T A

In the Annual Crop Summary issued at 3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.), December 18, 1942, certain incorrect estimates were published concerning the 1942 production of corn for all purposes in Minnesota, and the 1942 yield per acre and production of sugar beets in Idaho. Corrections are as follows:

(1) On page 20, change the production of corn, all, for 1942 in Minnesota from 207,100 to 207,190 thousand bushels. No change is necessary for the U. S. total.

(2) On page 52, change the 1942 yield per acre of sugar beets in Idaho from 12.5 to 13.5 tons and the 1942 production from 988 to 1,066 thousand tons. Change U. S. yield per acre and production for the same year from 12.2 and 11,927 to 12.3 and 12,005, respectively. These changes for the U. S. should also be made on the summary (page 1) and in the comments concerning sugar beets on page 16.

It is suggested that the above changes be made in your copy of this report.

CROP REPORTING BOARD

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Release:-
December 18, 1942,
3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

CROP PRODUCTION: ANNUAL SUMMARY, 1942

The Crop Reporting Board of the U. S. Department of Agriculture makes the following REPORT OF CROP ACREAGE and PRODUCTION, for the United States, from reports and data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians, and cooperating State agencies.

CROP	ACREAGE HARVESTED (in thousands)			PRODUCTION (in thousands)			
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Unit	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
Corn, all	98,049	86,186	89,484	Bushels	2,307,452	2,677,517	3,175,154
Wheat, all	55,743	55,642	49,464	"	745,575	943,127	981,327
Winter	39,160	39,485	35,666	"	570,001	670,709	703,253
All spring	16,583	16,157	13,798	"	175,574	272,418	278,074
Durum	2,767	2,524	2,109	"	27,297	41,653	44,660
Other spring	13,816	13,633	11,689	"	148,277	230,765	233,414
Oats	36,653	37,965	37,899	"	1,016,061	1,180,663	1,358,730
Barley	10,732	14,220	16,782	"	226,460	362,082	426,150
Rye	3,298	3,570	3,837	"	37,870	45,364	57,341
Buckwheat	459	337	378	"	7,365	6,038	6,687
Flaxseed	1,780	3,275	4,402	"	11,252	32,285	40,660
Rice	943	1,214	1,477	"	45,712	51,323	66,363
Popcorn	[1] 71	94	93	Pounds	[1] 86,853	121,823	153,275
All sorghums for grain	4,083	5,982	5,896	Bushels	52,747	111,784	107,245
All sorghums for forage	7,208	10,276	7,880	Tons [2]	8,803	16,572	13,603
All sorghums for silage	530	1,358	1,035	" [3]	2,459	8,774	6,881
Cotton, lint	31,223	22,236	22,660	Bales	13,246	10,744	12,982
Cottonseed	----	----	----	Tons	5,890	4,788	5,790
Hay, all	67,893	71,776	72,744	"	78,733	94,238	105,328
Hay, all tame	56,102	59,317	60,211	"	69,650	82,736	92,245
Hay, wild	11,791	12,459	12,533	"	9,033	11,502	13,083
Alfalfa seed	616	804	624	Bushels	1,101	1,049	974
Red clover seed	922	1,383	1,149	"	1,057	1,469	1,082
Alsike clover seed	151	117	87	"	314	313	256
Sweetclover seed	313	346	249	"	887	787	725
Lespedeza seed	361	839	848	Pounds	65,786	178,700	179,700
Timothy seed	487	375	435	Bushels	1,755	1,274	1,624
Beans, dry edible	1,724	2,023	1,970	Bags [4]	13,510	18,503	19,608
Peas, dry field	234	276	474	"	2,471	3,700	7,160
Soybeans for beans	2,103	5,881	10,762	Bushels	36,385	105,587	209,559
Cowpeas for peas	1,194	1,476	1,273	"	6,411	8,063	7,067
Peanuts picked and threshed	1,504	1,914	3,690	Pounds	1,067,438	1,476,845	2,504,440
Velvetbeans [5]	1,910	2,165	1,884	Tons	771	929	750
Potatoes	3,296	2,711	2,711	Bushels	370,045	355,602	371,150
Sweetpotatoes	882	746	707	"	73,208	62,144	65,380
Tobacco	1,676	1,308	1,380	Pounds	1,398,796	1,262,885	1,417,188

[1] Short-time average. [2] Dry weight. [3] Green weight.
[4] Bags of 100 pounds (uncleaned). [5] All purposes.

NOTE: - The 10 year averages shown in this summary are revised on the basis of the 1940 Census of Agriculture, except for corn, hay, potatoes, and sweetpotatoes.

CROP	ACREAGE HARVESTED (in thousands)			PRODUCTION (in thousands)			
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Unit	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
Sorgo sirup	267	176	220	Gallons	15,397	10,568	13,674
Sugarcane for sugar and seed	258	289	329	Tons	4,728	5,471	6,487
Sugarcane sirup	135	116	119	Gallons	20,774	18,764	18,610
Sugar beets	815	754	979	Tons	9,284	10.311	11,927
Maple sugar	[1] 11,830	[1] 9,785	[1] 9,812	Pounds	1,066	387	654
Maple sirup	[1] 11,830	[1] 9.785	[1] 9,812	Gallons	2,671	1,997	2,905
Broomcorn	319	250	214	Tons	41	46	35
Hops	30	35	35	Pounds	[2] 34,655	40,380	34,896
Apples, commercial crop[3]	----	----	----	Bushels	[2] [4]123,832	[2] 122,256	[2] 127,655
Peaches, total	----	----	----	"	[2] 54,706	[2] 74,364	[2] 65,345
Pears, total	----	----	----	"	[2] 27,253	[2] 29,530	[2] 31,212
Grapes, total[5]	----	----	----	Tons	[2] 2,246	2,728	2,532
Cherries (12 States)	----	----	----		[2] 141	[2] 161	[2] 200
Plums (2 States)	----	----	----	"	[2] 70	[2] 78	[2] 77
Prunes, used fresh (3 States)	----	----	----	"	47	45	51
Prunes, canned (2 States)	----	----	----	"	21	39	30
Prunes, dried (3 States)	----	----	----	"	232	185	181
Oranges (5 States)	----	----	----	Boxes	60,179	84,534	84,144
Grapefruit (4 States)	----	----	----	"	24,383	40,294	45,533
Lemons (Calif.)	----	----	----	"	8,815	11,753	13,650
Cranberries (5 States)	----	----	----	Barrels	604	725	787
Pecans (12 States)	----	----	----	Pounds	81,166	121,488	78,100
Commercial truck crops:	2,935	3,339	3,627	----	----	----	----
For market (23 crops)	1,709	1,696	1,682	----	----	----	----
For processing (11 crops)	1,226	1,643	1,945	----	----	----	----
Total, 52 crops[6]	334,887	334,131	339,848	----	----	----	----

CROP	YIELD PER ACRE			
	Unit	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
Corn, all	Bushels	23.5	31.1	35.5
Wheat, all	"	13.3	16.9	19.8
Winter	"	14.4	17.0	19.7
All spring	"	10.4	16.9	20.2
Durum	"	9.3	16.5	21.2
Other spring	"	10.6	16.9	20.0
Oats	"	27.4	31.1	35.9
Barley	"	20.7	25.5	25.4
Rye	"	11.1	12.7	14.9
Buckwheat	"	16.1	17.9	17.7
Flaxseed	"	6.4	9.9	9.2
Rice	"	48.4	42.3	44.9
Popcorn	Pounds	[4] 1,242	1,290	1,640
All sorghums for grain	Bushels	12.6	18.7	18.2
All sorghums for forage	Tons[7]	1.22	1.61	1.73
All sorghums for silage	" [8]	4.91	6.46	6.65
Cotton, lint	Pounds	205.4	231.9	275.1

[1] 1,000 trees tapped. [2] Includes some quantities not harvested. [3] See footnote on table by States. [4] Short-time average. [5] Production includes all grapes for fresh fruit, juice, wine, and raisins. [6] Excluding crops not harvested, minor crops, duplicated seed acreages, strawberries and other fruits. [7] Dry weight. [8] Green weight.

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	Unit	YIELD PER ACRE		
		Average 1930-39	1941	1942
Hay, all	Tons	1.16	1.31	1.45
Hay, all tame	"	1.24	1.39	1.53
Hay, wild	"	.76	.92	1.04
Alfalfa seed	Bushels	1.82	1.30	1.56
Red clover seed	"	1.17	1.06	.94
Alsike clover seed	"	2.12	2.68	2.94
Sweetclover seed	"	2.96	2.28	2.91
Lespedeza seed	Pounds	163.8	213.0	212.0
Timothy seed	Bushels	3.34	3.39	3.73
Beans, dry edible	Pounds	789	915	995
Peas, dry field	"	1,060	1,341	1,510
Soybeans for beans	Bushels	16.1	18.0	19.5
Cowpeas for peas	"	5.4	5.5	5.6
Peanuts picked and threshed	Pounds	708	772	679
Velvetbeans [1]	"	806	858	796
Potatoes	Bushels	112.6	131.2	136.9
Sweetpotatoes	"	83.0	83.3	92.4
Tobacco	Pounds	834	965	1,027
Sorgo sirup	Gallons	57.1	60.0	62.2
Sugarcane for sugar and seed	Tons	18.0	19.0	19.7
Sugarcane sirup	Gallons	153.5	161.8	156.4
Sugar beets	Tons	11.4	13.7	12.2
Maple sugar and sirup	Pounds	[2] 1.89	[2] 1.67	[2] 2.44
Broomcorn	"	256	370	330
Hops	"	1,166	1,160	1,006

[1] All purposes.
[2] Total equivalent sugar per tree.

APPROVED:

Grover B. Hill

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ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION OF CROPS

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The final checkup of acreages harvested and yields obtained has now confirmed earlier predictions of a 1942 harvest far above any in the past. Although estimates of a number of crops have been reduced by new information on acreages harvested and by allowances for losses from frost, storms and harvesting difficulties, the total volume of crops produced is expected to be 14 percent larger than production last year and nearly 12 percent larger than in 1937, the banner year of the past. The totals for the various groups of crops show a well-balanced harvest that includes record crops of food grains, feed grains, hay and forage, oil seeds, beans and peas, fruits and commercial vegetables. Sugar and sirup crops are only a little below the top record, and cotton, tobacco and potatoes show about average production. The list of individual crops showing definitely less than average production is significantly short, for it includes few except sweetpotatoes, wild pecans, certain hay crop seeds, broomcorn, and melons. With some local exceptions, such shortages of important crops as may now exist are attributed more to the unprecedented wartime demand, or to interrupted transportation, than to light production.

Although the acreage in crops was increased about 2 percent this year, the exceptionally high level of production comes primarily from increased crop yields per acre. These yields average 36 percent higher than yields during the fairly typical "predrought" decade of 1923-32, and 14 and 12 percent higher than the yield averages of 1940 and 1941, each of which topped previous peaks by about 1 percent. The outstandingly high yields of 1942 were made possible by a combination of unusually favorable weather, progressive improvement of plant materials and equipment and technique on the farms, and a war-time demand that called for maximum effort and insured a market for practically everything that farmers could produce. Furthermore the record production of feed and forage crops this season results, in part, from the demand created by the presence of record numbers of cattle, hogs, sheep and poultry on the farms, accumulated as a result of six favorable crop years in succession. The record production of feed and forage, in turn, gives assurance that the currently heavy production of livestock and livestock products will continue at close to record levels for some time, if weather conditions permit.

A review of statistics on the individual crops gives the impression that unusually favorable weather explains about half of the 36 percent increase of crop yields over the pre-drought level. Reports on the "condition" of various crops at harvest time, which serve as a measure of weather influences and related factors such as insect pests and diseases, this year showed conditions averaging 19 percent better than during the pre-drought period and nearly 10 percent better than in 1941. Pastures, although heavily stocked, also responded to the well distributed rainfall and mild temperatures, and their condition during the season from May 1 to October 1 averaged 14 percent better than in the pre-drought period and better than in any season since 1919. Growing conditions were above average in nearly all States, but were especially good in the Great Plains area. In this area, crops and ranges were benefitted by the subsoil moisture remaining from the exceptionally heavy rainfall of 1941 and were helped along by the above-normal rainfall of 1942. The heavier-than-average rainfall of this year also should assure a good start for grass and grain in 1943. Although conditions in 1942 were favorable for nearly all crops and in nearly all States, the factors affecting individual crops carry varying implications regarding future production.

The big yield of wheat, averaging 19.8 bushels per acre, or 3 bushels more than in any previous year, in a small part was made possible by the increased use of rust-resistant varieties, but the major factor appears to have been the adequate and in some respects exceptional moisture supply of 1941 and 1942 in the area from North Dakota and Montana southward to Texas and New Mexico.

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In some "marginal" areas, the wheat crop was worth more than the land on which it was grown. The total crop from the 50 million acres harvested was 981 million bushels, a quantity exceeded only in 1915. The corn crop, estimated at 3,175 million bushels, is being harvested from less than 90 million acres; it is 100 million bushels larger than the 1930 crop, the next largest produced. The 1942 yield of 35.5 bushels is equal to almost a ton of shelled corn per acre; it is 3.8 bushels larger than the yield in any previous year and 50 percent above the 1930-39 average. Yields in central Corn Belt States, ranging up to 61.5 bushels per acre in Iowa this year, were of course dependent on favorable weather, but State averages as high as 50 bushels were unknown until the recent adoption of hybrid seed corn which promises much for the future. In the northern Plains States, corn yields in 1942 appear very high when compared with averages for recent years, but they were not significantly above yields obtained in favorable seasons 20 years or more ago.

Oats is less extensively grown than in "horse and buggy days," but because of the near-record yield of 35.9 bushels per acre shows a production of 1,359 million bushels, which is more than in any other year since 1925. With the wheat acreage limited and moisture conditions favorable, the acreage sown in barley this year was increased materially. As a result of the increased acreage and a favorable season, production increased to 426 million bushels which is 18 percent above 1941 production and 30 percent above production in any previous season. Adding to these crops the record crop of rice, large crops of rye and grain sorghums and a fair crop of buckwheat, total grain production was nearly 157 million tons, or about 13 million tons more than ever before.

Hay crop production exceeded 105 million tons for the first time. The hay crop, together with the large crop of sorghum forage will provide the huge total of 130 million tons of roughage. Even allowing for liberal feeding, there should be a large carryover supply of hay in mows and stacks next spring. Cotton, grown on restricted acreage because of the large supply on hand, was well cultivated and well fertilized and, with conditions favorable in all States, the average yield was 275 pounds per acre, which slightly exceeds previous records. The expected production of nearly 13 million bales will be about an average crop even though the acreage was 23 percent less than the 1971-40 average and the second lowest since 1895. Tobacco, also grown on a restricted acreage, was set closely and well fertilized. Tobacco yield was the second highest yield on record, resulting in production of about 1,417 million pounds, about the average crop.

Total production of principal hay seeds is somewhat less than in any of the last 5 years, but larger than in years previous to 1938. There is an abundance of timothy seed and a good supply of lespedeza. Production of alfalfa and clover seeds was less than during the last few years. However, allowing for quantities carried over, supplies appear adequate to meet prospective 1943 domestic and export requirements, except for northern-grown alfalfa.

Fruit production appears at least nominally the largest on record, but production has been high with only small yearly changes during the last 6 years. Allowing for oranges and other citrus fruits still to be picked, the 1942 crops of all major fruits appear above the 10-year average, with the exception of prunes and apricots.

Commercial vegetable production in 1942 was much higher than in previous years. Acreage in principal crops for canning and processing was increased 18 percent over the unusually high acreage grown in 1941. Production increased 13 percent to establish new records for the principal canning vegetables, including corn, tomatoes, peas, string beans and lima beans. Production of kraut and canned beets were reduced by restrictions on cans and production of cucumber pickles was restricted by labor problems. The aggregate acreage of vegetables grown for shipment to market was from 1 to 6 percent less than in any of the last 8 years, but production was about 4 percent higher than in any previous season. New high production records were established for carrots, celery, lettuce, onions and tomatoes, but both the cantaloup and watermelon crops were among the smallest in a dozen years or more.

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NOTE: The estimates for all crops for 1941 and 1942 have been revised on the basis of the 1940 Census of Agriculture. Similar revisions have been made also for the period, 1930-39, excepting corn, hay, potatoes and sweetpotatoes. In the following discussions of individual crops, the term "average" relates to the 10-year period, 1930 to 1939, inclusive.

CORN: The 1942 corn crop set an all-time high for total production, amounting to 3,175,154,000 bushels -- 105 million bushels larger than the previous record of 3,070,604,000 bushels set in 1920. Production in 1942 was 19 percent above the 2,677,517,000 bushels produced in 1941 and about 38 percent above the average of 2,307,452,000 bushels. These estimates relate to corn harvested for all purposes -- grain, silage, forage, hogging, and grazing. Production of corn for grain totalled 2,884,744,000 bushels, or about 91 percent of the total crop, compared with 2,435,307,000 bushels in 1941.

The bumper 1942 crop was harvested from only 89,484,000 acres. Although this acreage was the largest harvested since 1938, it was approximately 8½ million acres below average. The estimated planted acreage in 1942 was 91,011,000 acres, about 45 percent of which was planted with hybrid seed. In the Corn Belt, about 75 percent of the corn acreage was in hybrids.

The 1942 yield per harvested acre of 35.5 bushels exceeds the record 1906 yield of 31.7 bushels. Record-breaking yields were produced in Iowa, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, and Wisconsin. Yields were well above average in most States.

The size of the 1942 corn crop is remarkable in view of the adverse conditions affecting the crop during the season. In many important northern sections, planting was delayed from 1 week to as much as 3 weeks and continued rains during June delayed cultivation, resulting in fields being more weedy than usual by the time corn was "laid by." An early June drought cut prospects in the South Central States but beneficial rains in late June brought relief. Spotted damage resulted in other sections from blight, corn borers, floods, and light drought in other sections. In late September freezing temperatures stopped plant growth at least a week earlier than usual, resulting in considerable soft corn and a reduction in quality of silage and forage in parts of the extreme Northern States. Before these freezing temperatures came, however, corn made excellent progress and was not far behind schedule. Dry weather following the freeze was ideal for drying out the crop. Harvest started slowly, and was further delayed by wet weather in November, but a large part of the crop had been cribbed by December 1.

Acreage harvested for silage in 1942 was 3,912,000 acres, compared with 4,091,000 acres in 1942. Silage production for 1942 was estimated at 33,927,000 tons, compared with 34,119,000 tons produced last year.

WHEAT: Wheat production in 1942 was 981,327,000 bushels, 4 percent larger than last year's crop of 943,127,000 bushels. Although the second largest crop on record, it was produced on a harvested acreage 11 percent less than average. The harvested acreage of 49,464,000 acres, is 11 percent less than the 55,642,000 acres harvested last year. The yield of 19.8 bushels per acre sets a new yield record, and compares with 16.9 last year, which then was the highest on record. This phenomenal combination of moderate acreage and near-record production resulted from the widespread, unusually favorable climatic conditions extending from winter wheat planting time in the fall of 1941 clear through the 1942 harvest. Exceptions to the optimum conditions were a wet harvest season in the North Central soft red winter wheat States from Missouri eastward through Pennsylvania, and relatively heavy greenbug damage in Oklahoma and Texas.

WINTER WHEAT production was 703,253,000 bushels, harvested from 35,666,000 acres at the record harvested yield of 19.7 bushels per acre. The 1941

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WINTER WHEAT production was 703,253,000 bushels, harvested from 35,666,000 acres at the record harvested yield of 19.7 bushels per acre. The 1941

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crop was 670,709,000 bushels harvested from 39,485,000 acres, at a yield of 17.0 bushels per acre. There was ample moisture at seeding time last fall to bring the crop up to a good stand,-- even too much to permit planting the full intended acreage in some North Central and Southwestern States. Because of the heavy fall rains, a large acreage of volunteer wheat appeared in the Southwest, where considerable shattered and lodged wheat went down at harvesting time last summer. The volunteer acreage actually har vested and the production from it is included in the estimates. Greenbugs took toll from the yields in localized areas in Oklahoma, Texas and Kansas. The season was very unfavorable in Missouri and Illinois, with heavy winter loss of acreage and low yields because of wet weather at harvest. Loss at harvest was also suffered in Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania. Such adverse conditions were less prevalent than usual, and were outweighed by bumper crop conditions over the greater part of winter wheat producing territory. There was practically no damage from rust in spite of the heavy straw and relatively high humidity. The abandonment and diversion to hay and pasture was unusually low, amounting to 7.0 percent of the planted acreage, compared with 13.5 last year.

ALL SPRING WHEAT: In the principal spring wheat States the spring opened with ample soil moisture and the growing season was favored by moderate temperature and timely rains. Yield prospects increased progressively as the season advanced as one hazard after another was eliminated. Of equal importance was the prolonged favorable harvest season that kept harvesting losses low, in spite of heavy straw.

DURUM WHEAT production of 44,660,000 bushels was the highest since 1930. The harvested acreage was less than half what it was then, but the yield of 21.2 bushels per acre set a new highmark. Last year's production was 41,653,000 bushels, on 2,524,000 harvested acres, at a yield of 16.5 bushels per acre. The durum wheat yield of 21.2 bushels per acre is one of the outstanding records of the season, particularly the 22.0 bushel yield in North Dakota.

OTHER SPRING WHEAT production is estimated at 235,414,000 bushels, a little over last year's 270,765,000-bushel crop. The yield of 20.0 bushels per acre was record breaking. The previous record of 16.9 bushels was made last year and the average is 10.6 bushels. The acreage was 11,689,000 acres, a considerable reduction from the 13,833,000 acres harvested last year, and the 13,816,000-acre average. Last year's yields and average yields both were exceeded in all principal spring wheat States, except Idaho. Abandonment was very low in most States.

OATS: The Nation's harvest of oats in 1942 is 1,358,730,000 bushels. This is 15 percent above last year's production of 1,180,663,000 bushels, 34 percent above the average of 1,016,061,000 bushels and the highest production since 1926. Ample moisture and moderate temperatures in most States were favorable for high yields. Only because of these high yields was production sufficient to maintain the oat-rations for the increased livestock numbers now on farms. This year's yield at 35.9 bushels per acre is the highest since 1915. It is 4.8 bushels above a year ago, largely because of exceptional yields in the heavy producing regions extending from eastern South Dakota to and including Michigan and Northwestern Illinois. This year's yield per acre is 31 percent above the average of 27.4 bushels, and only four States - Texas, Oklahoma, Georgia and South Carolina - have yields below average.

The 1942 harvested acreage was slightly less than last year's, but 3 percent above the average. Minor changes occurred by States in the North Central Region under the impact of the war. The acreage harvested in Texas was about one third of average because of insect damage.

BARLEY: Production of barley in 1942 was 426,150,000 bushels,-- a new high mark. Unusually high yields harvested from the largest acreage on record resulted in a total crop which exceeded the bumper 1941 crop of 362,082,000 bushels (the previous record) by 18 percent and the average of 226,460,000 bushels by 88 percent.

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The 1942 season was generally favorable for barley, although yields in most States except those along the northern border of the United States were below yields of 1941. Production in the Dakotas was the largest on record. There was considerable delay in harvesting the crop in the Northern Plains States, and quality was damaged by rust, scab and wet weather. Yields were much below those of 1941 in Iowa, Nebraska, and Kansas, where a combination of adverse factors resulted in lowering yields in an otherwise favorable season for small grains. Yields were well above average in Minnesota and California. The acreage of barley harvested in 1942 amounted to 16,782,000 acres compared with 14,220,000 acres harvested in 1941.

RYE: Production of 57,341,000 bushels of rye is a fourth more than the 45,364,000 bushels harvested in 1941 and a half more than the average of 37,870,000 bushels. The 1942 crop is the largest since 1924, when 58,445,000 bushels were produced. Acreage harvested for grain of 3,837,000 acres is 7.5 percent larger than in 1941, and 16 percent larger than the average of 3,298,000 acres. Because of the very favorable growing season, a larger than usual proportion of the total planted acreage was harvested for grain. The average yield per acre of 14.9 bushels is 2.2 bushels above the 1941 yield and 3.8 bushels above average. This yield was equaled in 1922, but never has been exceeded in the 77 years of record. Yields are higher than last year in the principal producing States of Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, the Dakotas, and Nebraska, and higher than average in every rye-producing State except Illinois.

BUCKWHEAT: The buckwheat crop of 6,687,000 bushels is below average, but 11 percent above 1941. Higher prices encouraged planting a larger acreage in surplus States and there was some increase because of plantings on land too wet to plant the other intended crops. There was some loss of acreage because of wet fields at harvest time and some damage to late planted fields by the September freeze. For the crop that matured and was harvested, it was a very favorable year with the yield of 17.7 bushels per acre well above the 16.1 bushel average.

FLAXSEED: Flaxseed production for 1942 of 40,660,000 bushels was 26 percent above the 1941 crop of 32,285,000 bushels, and 261 percent above average. Both acreage and production set new records; the largest flaxseed crop was produced in 1902, when 36,080,000 bushels were harvested from 3,878,000 acres. In 1942, acreage for harvest is placed at 4,402,000 acres, compared with 3,275,000 acres in 1941 and the ten-year average of 1,780,000 acres. The yield per acre of 9.2 bushels is less than last year's figure of 9.9 bushels, but well above the average of 6.4 bushels. Yields this year in important producing States were cut sharply in some fields by an unusually severe epidemic of stem rust. Yields were below last year in Minnesota, Iowa and Kansas, but equal to or above last year in South Dakota, North Dakota, Nebraska, Montana, Texas, Arizona and California.

RICE: A record rice crop of 66,363,000 bushels was produced in 1942. It is nearly 30 percent larger than the 1941 crop and 45 percent above average. The acreage harvested--1,477,000 acres--was the largest on record, 22 percent larger than in 1941 and 57 percent above the average. Yield per acre of 44.9 bushels was above the 42.3 bushels produced in 1941 but below the 48.4 average. The Southern Rice Belt produced 54,771,000 bushels, compared with 42,908,000 bushels in 1941 and the average of 37,537,000 bushels. Abandonment was light in Arkansas and Louisiana, where conditions were generally favorable, but was heavy in Texas because of two hurricanes in August, which damaged portions of the rice area, and unfavorable harvesting weather during most of the ensuing months. Production in California was 11,592,000 bushels, compared with 8,415,000 in 1941 and the average of 8,176,000 bushels. Expansion of acreage in 1942 brought considerable low-yielding acreage into production in California, where 207,000 acres of rice were grown, compared with 153,000 in 1941 and the average of 118,000 acres.

HAY: The 105 million tons of hay made in 1942 is the largest crop ever produced in the United States. It is 7 million tons more than the next largest crop, made in 1916, and 11 million tons more than the 1941 crop.

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Included in the total are record crops of 36½ million tons of alfalfa, 7 million tons of lespedeza and 1½ million tons of peanut vine hay. The clover-timothy hay crop of 28 million tons is larger than usual, but not a record. The large acreage of soybeans harvested for beans reduced the crop of soybean hay to less than 4 million tons.

The 72,744,000 acres of hay harvested in 1942 was only a million more than in 1941. However, for alfalfa, lespedeza and peanut vine hay the 1942 acreages were the largest of record. Because of rains, more than usual difficulties were experienced in harvesting early cuttings, but later cuttings were generally better than usual. The 1942 U. S. average yields per acre were very high for alfalfa, clover-timothy, and wild hay and quite good for most other kinds. The average for all kinds, including wild hay, was 1.45 tons per acre, compared with 1.31 tons in 1941.

SORGHUMS: Production of all sorghums for grain in 1942 was 107,245,000 bushels, about 4 percent less than in 1941, but more than double the average. Both acreage and yield were slightly less than in 1941. All sorghums for silage totaled 6,881,000 tons, coming from 1,035,000 acres, compared with 8,774,000 tons in 1941, coming from 1,358,000 acres, and with the average of 2,459,000 tons. All sorghums for forage amounted in 1942 to 13,603,000 tons from 7,880,000 acres, well below the 16,572,000 tons from 10,376,000 acres in 1941, but more than 54 percent above average. The reduction from 1941 in production of sorghums for silage and forage is attributed to reduction of planted acreage of all sorghums (excluding sirup) to 15,889,000 acres, about 14 percent below the 18,506,000 planted acres in 1941. Since the above figures include 9,755,000 acres of grain sorghums planted in 1942, and 9,466,000 acres in 1941, the reduction occurred in sweet sorghum acreage planted. Expansion in recent years in the acreage of sorghums appears to have been checked in 1942 by demands of "war crops" for a portion of that acreage.

A new method of reporting sorghums is instituted at this time in which the segregation is made on the basis of all sorghums (excluding sirup) harvested for grain, for silage and for forage, together with planted acres of grain sorghums and of all sorghums, excluding sirup. Formerly the segregation was on the basis of grain sorghums and sweet sorghums.

DRY BEANS: With production above average in every important State, the 1942 bean crop of 19,608,000 bags (uncleaned) tops the previous record of 18,503,000 bags harvested in 1941 by more than 1 million bags. It exceeds the 10-year average by 6 million bags. The equivalent 1942 cleaned production is expected to be about 18,139,000 bags, compared with 17,047,000 bags of cleaned beans produced in 1941. Michigan is the largest producer this year with 5,482,000 bags (cleaned), but California is a close second with 4,649,000 bags. Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, and New Mexico, together, have about 4,219,000 bags (cleaned). The acreage of beans is on a high level because of the war. The 1,970,000 acres harvested in 1942 was smaller than the 2,023,000 acres harvested in 1941, but was 14 percent larger than the 10-year average of 1,724,000 acres. Although planted relatively late, the crop was favored by moderate temperatures and precipitation in July and August. A cold wave with freezing temperatures ended the growing season abruptly in mid-September, except in California, but very good yields were obtained. The U. S. yield was 995 pounds per acre, compared with 915 pounds in 1941 and a 10-year average of 789 pounds.

DRY PEAS: The 1942 dry pea crop of 7,160,000 bags is nearly twice as large as last year's production of 3,700,000 bags. It is almost three times the average. The large yield of 1,510 pounds per acre--169 pounds above 1941 and 450 pounds above average--contributed about half a million bags to the increase, but the major factor was increased acreage. Because of war needs, the dry pea acreage planted in 1942 in the Palouse country of Washington and Idaho was increased by one-half over 1941. In 1942 this region harvested three-fourths of the U. S. total of 474,000 acres and produced four-fifths of the total crop. Oregon, Montana, and Colorado, also harvested larger crops of dry peas than in 1941. These figures do not include Austrian winter seed peas.

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SOYBEANS: The soybean production of 209,559,000 bushels in 1942 is double the 1941 crop and nearly six times the average. The large crop for 1942 results from a very large increase in acres harvested for beans together, accompanied by exceptional yields. The yield is 19.5 bushels per acre, compared with 18.0 last year and the average of 16.1 bushels. Soybean yields were exceptionally high in the five principal producing States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, and Missouri. Yields in all the soybean States except Minnesota were above average and generally above 1941. The one exception to an otherwise favorable year was an early freeze in much of the soybean area. This freeze lowered the quality of late beans and reduced yields to below earlier expectations.

The acreage harvested for beans (10,762,000 acres) is 83 percent above last year's total of 5,881,000 acres and is 5 times the average. The increased acreage for beans was made possible by an increase of 35 percent over 1941 in total planted acreage, and by the higher percentage harvested for beans. The percentage of total equivalent solid acres harvested for beans increased from 52 percent in 1941 to 70 percent in 1942. The greatest increase in acreage occurred in the main producing States of the Middle West and in the Delta Section of the South Central States. In the South Atlantic and South Central States, soybean production this year broke all previous records. These States produced over 17 million bushels of soybeans, compared with about 7 million bushels last year, and the 10-year average of about 3 million bushels. This season's large crop is the result of better-than-average yields on the largest acreages ever planted to this crop in the South. The demand for the beans as a war crop was the principal factor contributing to the very large increase in total acreage harvested for beans.

COWPEAS: The total acreage of cowpeas for all purposes in 1942 is estimated at 4,794,000 acres, about 11 percent less than the 5,389,000 acres harvested last year, but 13 percent above average. Much of this crop is grown for hay and considerable quantities of green cowpeas are picked for immediate family use. This year, 7,067,000 bushels of mature cowpeas were picked. The total is about 12 percent less than the 8,063,000 bushels picked in 1941. Yields per acre this year are about average.

PEANUTS: The after-harvest estimate of peanuts picked and threshed from the 1942 crop is 2,504,440,000 pounds, 70 percent larger than last year's crop of 43 percent above the previous record established in 1940. Production is above 1941 by 32 percent in the Virginia-Carolina area, 46 percent in the Southeast and 237 percent in the Southwest.

Acreage picked and threshed is placed at 3,690,000 acres, an increase of 93 percent above 1941, but 12 percent less than the August 1 preliminary estimate based on farmers' intentions. Acreage utilized for purposes other than picking and threshing (mostly hogged) is estimated at 1,441,000 acres, the largest on record and 33 percent above last year.

Growing conditions varied in all areas. In the Southeast, growers were hampered by poor germination of seed. Also, excessive rain in July, which resulted in grassy fields that in many cases could be harvested only by hogging. Early growing conditions were generally favorable in the Virginia-Carolina and Southwest areas, but excessive autumn rains delayed digging and threshing operations and caused some acreage abandonment. In all producing areas, harvesting and movement from farms have progressed more slowly than usual.

VELVET BEANS: Production of velvet beans in 1942 is estimated at 750,000 tons, much below last year and slightly below average. This crop is grown in the Southeastern States largely as a fall and winter grazing crop. Acreage was less than last year in every State. The United States total is 1,884,000 acres, compared with 2,165,000 in 1941.

TOBACCO: Tobacco production for 1942 of all types combined totaled 1,417,188,000 pounds, 12 percent more than in 1941 and 1 percent larger than average. There was a 6 percent increase from 1941 in acreage harvested and a 6 percent higher yield per acre. Acreage harvested was relatively small, 17.7 percent below the 1930-39 average, but the yield per acre of 1,027 pounds was above average and the second highest on record.

Production of flue-cured tobacco (824,115,000 pounds) was the fourth largest on record. This type was grown on 791,900 acres. The yield per acre of 1,041 pounds is 237 pounds above average and 16 pounds higher than the previous yield record set in 1940. Production of fire-cured tobacco was 72,831,000 pounds, compared with 70,182,000 pounds last year and the average of 125,844,000 pounds.

Burley production for 1942 of (331,005,000 pounds) is 2 percent less than the 1941 crop of 337,792,000 pounds but slightly more than average. Acreage harvested increased about 3 percent from 1941 but yield per acre is estimated at about 4 percent less. Above average rainfall during August and September resulted in a comparatively low cured weight per plant.

The Southern Maryland tobacco crop amounted to 30,020,000 pounds. This was grown on 39,500 acres and represents a slight decrease from 1941 when 40,300 acres produced a crop of 30,225,000 pounds. The dark air-cured types produced a crop of 32,450,000 pounds, the third lowest on record. Acreage harvested was the same as the record low 1941 crop of 32,600 acres.

All cigar classes produced smaller crops this year. Total cigar tobacco production is estimated at 126,667,000 pounds, compared with 143,632,000 pounds in 1941 and the average of 123,059,000 pounds. Acreage harvested decreased 10 percent from last year, and the yield per acre was slightly lower.

ALFALFA Seed: Production of alfalfa seed in 1942 is the smallest in 10 years. It is estimated at 974,500 bushels of thresher-run seed, compared with 1,049,300 bushels in 1941 and the 10-year (1930-39) average of 1,101,310 bushels. Declines were largest in East Central and Northern States, but were offset in part by marked increases in Southern producing States. Acreage (624,500 acres) harvested this year is 22 percent smaller than in 1941 (804,200 acres) but 1 percent larger than the average of 616,180 acres. Early frosts curtailed acreage that otherwise would have been harvested for seed, particularly in Montana and the Dakotas, and also reduced yields in these States. The U. S. yield of 1.56 bushels in 1942 compares with 1.30 bushels in 1941 and the average of 1.82 bushels.

RED CLOVER SEED: Production of red clover seed in 1942, estimated at 1,081,900 bushels, is 26 percent smaller than the 1941 crop of 1,469,300 bushels, but is 2 percent above average (1,056,870 bushels). Reductions in acreage harvested and in yields of this seed resulted from the plowing up of meadows for soybeans, corn and other crops, thin stands in some States because of drought in 1941, and rains during pollination and harvesting. Acreage (1,148,800) harvested this year is 17 percent below that of 1941 (1,382,700) but 25 percent above the average of 921,900 acres. Yield per acre of .94 bushel this year compares with 1.06 in 1941 and the average of 1.17 bushels.

ALSIKE CLOVER SEED: The 1942 crop of alsike clover seed is one of the smallest ever produced. Estimated at 255,700 bushels, it is 18 percent smaller than the 1941 crop (312,600 bushels) and 19 percent less than the average (314,280 bushels). Acreage (87,100) harvested this year is the lowest on record and compares with 116,700 acres in 1941 and the average of 150,850 acres. Yield per acre (2.94 bushels) this year is the highest on record and is 10 percent above the 1941 yield of 2.68 bushels and 39 percent above average (2.12 bushels).

SWEETCLOVER SEED: Production (724,800 bushels) of sweetclover seed in 1942 is the smallest in 8 years and compares with 786,700 bushels in 1941

and the average of 887,170 bushels. The 8-percent decline in production from last year is attributed to a marked reduction in acreage in the more important producing States. Acres harvested in 1942 total 248,800, compared with 345,500 in 1941 and the average of 313,020 acres. Yield per acre this year was 2.91 bushels compared with 2.28 bushels in 1941 and the average of 2.96 bushels.

LESPEDEZA SEED: Production of lespedeza seed in 1942, estimated at 179,700,000 pounds, is slightly larger than in 1941 (178,700,000 pounds) but is nearly 2-3/4 times the average of 65,786,300 pounds. Had it not been for early, heavy frosts, acreage harvested for seed this year (847,600 acres) would have been very much larger than in 1941 (838,900). The average is 360,630 acres. Yield of 212 pounds per acre this year is 1 pound less than in 1941, but 48 pounds above average.

TIMOTHY SEED: Production of timothy seed in 1942 (1,623,500 bushels) is the largest in five years, and compares with 1,273,900 bushels in 1941 and the average of 1,755,280 bushels. Acreage harvested this year (435,400 acres), although 16 percent above that of 1941 (375,300 acres) is 11 percent below average (487,110 acres). Yield per acre of 3.73 bushels this year compares with 3.39 in 1941 and the average of 3.34.

COMMERCIAL APPLES: Commercial apple production is estimated at 127,655,000 bushels, compared with 122,256,000 bushels in 1941, and the average of 123,832,000 bushels. In the North Atlantic area, production was larger than last year in all States, and was above average in all States except New Jersey, where it was 5 percent below average. In the South Atlantic region, all States except North Carolina and Georgia produced larger crops than in 1941. In the North Central region as a whole, production was 2 percent above last season, though varying somewhat between States. Largest increases over last year in that area occurred in Michigan, Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas. The largest declines occurred in Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri. In western commercial apple areas, the Washington crop was about 2 percent larger, the Colorado crop 6 percent larger, and the Oregon crop 8 percent larger than last season. Commercial crops in other western States were below 1941, with largest declines in Montana, Idaho, and California. In some localities, especially in the eastern States and in the northwest, growers had considerable difficulty in obtaining harvest labor.

PEACHES: Peach production in 1942 was 65,345,000 bushels, 12 percent less than the near record crop of last year but 19 percent above average. All important North Atlantic States produced larger-than-average crops, though production in New York and Pennsylvania was slightly below last year. In the North Central group, crops were less than average in all States except Michigan, largely because of spring freeze damage. Production in the 10 early southern States this season was well above average; however, except for Florida and Louisiana, the 1942 crop in these States was materially less than in 1941. In Kentucky and Tennessee, where low temperatures in January and April severely damaged trees and buds, the 1942 crop was extremely short. Both Maryland and Virginia produced large crops--Virginia, the largest of record. In the West, peach production was well above average in all important States except Utah, and was above last year in all States except Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah. The California crop, which usually comprises about two-fifths of the total United States production, is next to the largest on record, being exceeded only by the crop of 1930.

PEARS: Pear production for 1942 was 31,212,000 bushels, compared with 29,530,000 bushels for 1941 and the average of 27,253,000 bushels. In the three Pacific Coast States, Bartlett production was 15,896,000 bushels--2 percent more than last year and 17 percent above the average. Production of all other pears (fall and winter varieties) in these States was 5,136,000 bushels--8 percent larger than last year's crop and 2 percent above average. New York produced 46 percent more than last year, but 4 percent less than average.

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The Michigan crop was 3 percent smaller than last year's bumper production, but 17 percent above average. In most other sections of the country, pear production was above last season. The largest increases came in the South Atlantic area, where the crop was 22 percent larger than in 1941.

GRAPES: The 1942 grape crop is estimated at 2,531,530 tons -- 7 percent less than the 2,728,330 tons produced in 1941, but 13 percent above the average of 2,246,271 tons. California production was 2,300,000 tons, of which 537,000 tons were wine varieties, 1,326,000 tons raisin types, and 437,000 tons table varieties. The California crops of all three types were smaller than last season, but were above average. California dried raisin production is estimated at 263,000 tons, compared with only 209,000 tons in 1941 and the average of 215,600 tons. The large raisin pack should assure normal supplies for civilians, even though the armed forces and Lend-Lease are taking large quantities. In New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Michigan production was materially larger than last year's short crops -- nearly 50 percent larger for the four States combined.

CITRUS FRUITS: The 1942-43 U. S. crop of early and midseason oranges and tangerines, mainly for marketing from October 1 to May 1, is now placed at 41,100,000 boxes. The 1941-42 production of these varieties was 43,029,000 boxes, and the 1940-41 crop was 41,803,000 boxes. Harvest of Valencia oranges does not start until March in Florida and April in California and only a preliminary forecast of production is possible in December. The Florida crop may total 15,000,000 boxes compared with 12,000,000 in 1941-42; the California crop 28,044,000 boxes, compared with 29,505,000. The grapefruit crop is now indicated to be 45,533,000 boxes--13 percent larger than the 1941-42 output of 40,294,000 boxes and 6 percent above the 1940-41 production of 42,883,000 boxes.

With oranges and grapefruit now moving to market in volume, it is apparent that a materially larger proportion of this season's crop is moving to market by rail than during the past few seasons, with the average loading per car running well above other years. In Florida, a prolonged fall drought, though largely relieved by early-December rains, has reduced the early and midseason orange crop in non-irrigated groves. Production is still expected to be large--16,500,000 boxes, compared with 15,200,000 boxes produced last season, but somewhat less than expected earlier this fall, largely because of the adverse effects of the dry weather on fruit growth. Florida tangerine production is indicated to be 3,500,000 boxes, compared with 2,100,000 boxes last season.

Production of California early and midseason oranges--the navel and miscellaneous varieties, is indicated to be 17,160,000 boxes, compared with last season's (1941-42) crop of 22,027,000 boxes. Carlots of navels were beginning to move in volume from central California by the end of November. The fall drought in Florida reduced grapefruit prospects below earlier expectations, especially in non-irrigated groves, causing losses from dropping of fruit as well as from curtailed fruit growth. Some of the "drops", however, are being utilized by canners. The seedless crop is now placed at 8,000,000 boxes, compared with 7,000,000 last season. "Other" varieties (consisting mostly of Duncan) are expected to total 15,600,000 boxes, compared with 12,200,000 boxes in 1941. The 1942-43 Texas grapefruit crop is indicated to be 16,600,000 boxes. The 1941-42 crop was 14,500,000 boxes. The California lemon crop is expected to be 13,650,000 boxes in 1942-43, compared with 11,753,000 boxes produced in 1941-42. Florida lime production for the 1942-43 season (harvest of which started last April) was 175,000 boxes. For 1941-42, the Florida lime crop totalled 150,000 boxes.

APRICOTS, FIGS AND OLIVES: Total production of apricots in California, Washington, and Utah was 233,220 tons, compared with 213,900 tons in 1941 and the average of 250,260 tons. Production in each of these States was larger than for last season. Production of dried figs in California is estimated at 29,000

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tons (dry basis) -- 13 percent less than in 1941, and 25 percent more than average. Most of the important varieties for drying, especially Calimyrnas, were of better quality than last season. California figs for canning and fresh consumption totalled 17,000 tons -- 11 percent less than in 1941, but nearly double the 10-year average. Olive production in California is indicated to be 58,000 tons, 4 percent more than last season, and nearly 2½ times the average crop.

ALMONDS, WALNUTS AND FILBERTS: California almond production was 22,000 tons in 1943, a new high record. The 1941 crop was only 6,000 tons; the average crop 13,800 tons. Production of walnuts in California and Oregon was 60,600 tons, compared with 70,000 tons in 1941 and the average of 47,810 tons. Walnuts matured later than usual this year in both California and Oregon. The Oregon filbert crop is estimated at 3,900 tons, compared with 4,900 tons in 1941. Washington filbert production totalled 670 tons, compared with 850 tons in 1941.

CRANBERRIES: Cranberry production in 1942 was 787,200 barrels -- the largest crop of record, except for the 1937 crop of 877,300 barrels. Production in all five commercial States was above last year -- for all States combined, 9 percent larger. Cranberry harvest was completed without serious losses from frost in all States except New Jersey, where the fruit was damaged in some of the smaller bogs.

CHERRIES: Production of all cherries in the 12 commercial States in 1942 was 199,840 tons -- 24 percent larger than the 161,480 tons produced in 1941, and 41 percent above the average of 141,234 tons. Sweet cherry production was 90,360 tons and sour cherry production was 109,480 tons. Last year, 80,080 tons of sweets were produced and 81,400 tons of sours. The cherry crop in New York and Michigan was the largest of record. In Pennsylvania wet weather caused considerable damage; production, however, was well above average. In Washington, the sweet cherry crop was 25,900 tons, 5 percent more than last year and the sour cherry crop was 5,800 tons, 16 percent above 1941. Oregon sweet cherry production, at 18,900 tons, was the same as in 1941. Oregon sour cherry production, however, was 57 percent more than last year, totalling 2,200 tons. California's sweet cherry production this year (32,000 tons) was its second largest on record, exceeded only by 1939 production.

PLUMS AND PRUNES: Production of plums in Michigan and California for 1942 is estimated at 77,300 tons -- 1 percent less than last year, but 10 percent more than average. Production of prunes for fresh use in Idaho, Washington, and Oregon, at 50,700 tons, was 12 percent more than last season and 7 percent more than average. Idaho produced 15 percent less prunes for fresh use, but Washington produced 31 percent more and Oregon 38 percent more than in 1941. Prunes canned in Washington and Oregon totalled 29,800 tons -- 23 percent less than in 1941, but 39 percent more than average. Dried prune production in California, Washington, and Oregon (dry basis) is placed at 181,200 tons compared with 184,900 tons in 1941 and the average of 231,820 tons. California produced 174,000 tons of dried prunes compared with 178,000 tons last year. With large quantities of dried prunes "earmarked" for Lend-lease and the armed forces, civilian supplies will be curtailed.

PECANS: Pecan production for 1942 was 78,100,000 pounds -- 35 percent less than in 1941 and 4 percent less than the average. Production of improved pecans was only 11 percent less than last season, but the crop of seedling and wild pecans was less than half as large as last season's production, largely because of near-failure in most parts of Oklahoma and Texas.

POTATOES: Production of potatoes in 1942 totalled 371,150,000 bushels, well above the 1941 crop of 355,602,000 bushels, but below the 1940 production of 378,103,000 bushels. Unusually favorable growing conditions in the western potato States featured the 1942 potato season. With fair to good growing conditions

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in all other regions, the average U. S. yield of 136.9 bushels per acre set a new record. Potato yields averaged 131.2 bushels in 1941 and 132.0 bushels in 1940. The 1942 potato crop was harvested from 2,711,100 acres--approximately the same as 1941 but substantially below the average.

In the 10 Western surplus States, production in 1942 of 93,356,000 bushels was 12 million bushels larger than in 1941. The 1942 acreage for these States was 432,800 acres and the yield 215.7 bushels, compared with 414,000 acres harvested in 1941 and a yield of 196.0 bushels per acre. Abundant water supplies in most of the western area during the growing season, plus generally favorable weather for maturing and harvesting the crop, were largely responsible for the excellent yields. Conditions were not so favorable in the 3 Eastern surplus States where serious blight damage in New York and Pennsylvania and lack of rain in Maine reduced 1942 production to 87,109,000 bushels, compared with 92,161,000 bushels for 1941. In the 5 Central surplus States, early season vine growth was excellent, but heavy blight damage reduced yields. Production (66,763,000 bushels) was slightly less than the 67,221,000 bushels harvested in 1941.

For the 18 surplus Late States 1942 production was 247,228,000 bushels--about 3 percent above the 1941 production of 240,542,000 bushels. Production in the 12 Other Late States was 39,826,000 bushels in 1942. This was slightly larger than the 1941 crop of 38,204,000 bushels but was about the average for recent years.

Above-average yields in all these States has held production up despite rather general declines in acreage.

In the 7 Intermediate States, 1942 production was also slightly above that for 1941--30,765,000 bushels against 29,658,000 bushels--but was below average because of a material drop in acreage. The 1942 yield of 118.1 bushels per acre for this group compares with 114.6 bushels in 1941. In the early States, acreage, yield, and production in 1942 were all above 1941 and the 10-year average. Production of 53,331,000 bushels this year from 505,000 acres compares with 47,198,000 bushels from 495,600 acres in 1941. Except for a substantial decrease in Alabama and moderate decreases in Louisiana and Texas, production in all early States was larger than in 1941.

SWEETPOTATOES: The 1942 sweetpotato crop of 65,380,000 bushels was 5 percent larger than the 1941 crop of 62,114,000 bushels. Except for Alabama and Louisiana, growing conditions were unusually favorable in most commercial areas, especially in the important Atlantic seaboard States. The U. S. average yield of 92.4 bushels per acre was 9.1 bushels above 1941, and the highest since 1929. The 1942 production was harvested from only 707,400 acres, compared with 745,700 acres for 1941. Acreage reductions were general in all major sweetpotato States except South Carolina and Mississippi. Production in the South Atlantic States totaled 29,400,000 bushels in 1942 compared with 24,104,000 in 1941. In the South Central States, production dropped from 32,753,000 bushels in 1941 to 29,855,000 bushels in 1942.

HOPS: Hops production in 1942 in Washington, Oregon, and California totaled 34,896,000 pounds, from 34,700 acres. Production in 1941 was 40,380,000 pounds, from 34,800 acres. Average production is 34,655,300 pounds on 29,720 acres. Production turned out significantly less than expectations earlier in the season because of various factors, including extremely hot weather in Washington in August, mildew infestation in Oregon, and the heavy "dry-away" in California. The dry-away also was somewhat heavier than usual in Washington and Oregon.

BROOMCORN: With the smallest acreage of broomcorn on record, the 1942 production of 35,400 tons is 76 percent of the 1941 crop of 46,300 tons

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and 87 percent of the average of 40,710 tons. Wet weather at planting time in a few States, particularly Illinois, and expected scarcity of labor at harvest were chiefly responsible for the large decrease in acreage. This year's harvested acreage was 214,000 acres, compared with 250,000 in 1941 and the average of 318,800. Yield per acre of 330.4 pounds in 1942, although 11 percent below the record 1941 yield of 370.2 pounds, exceeded that of any year since 1928, and compares with the average of 256.2 pounds.

POPCORN: The 1942 popcorn crop in 11 principal commercial States is estimated at 153,275,000 pounds of ear corn, compared with 121,823,000 pounds produced in 1941 and the 6-year (1935-39) average of 86,853,000 pounds. The increase over last year was obtained from higher yields in all States except California. The acreage harvested was slightly smaller than last year, but considerably above average. Abandonment of planted acreage was somewhat higher than last year. Some late planted popcorn was damaged by frost. On the whole, however, quality and yields were good.

SUGAR BEETS: A 1942 sugar beet crop of 11,927,000 tons is indicated by preliminary reports from sugar beet factories. This total would be about 16 percent more than the 1941 crop, and only 3 percent less than the record crop of 1940. The harvested acreage of 979,000 acres establishes a new record and the yield of 12.2 tons per acre is above average but below that of both 1940 and 1941. Yield per acre this year failed to measure up to prospects earlier in the season.

Growers were handicapped throughout the season by inadequate labor supply. All operations, from planting through harvest, spread over a longer time than desirable. However, a generally favorable growing season was followed by fairly open weather during harvest. Acreage abandonment was 6.7 percent, compared with 5.0 percent last year and the average of 7.7 percent.

Factory reports point to production in 1942 of 1,664,000 tons of sugar, equivalent to 1,780,000 tons raw value, compared with 1,484,000 tons, 1,588,000 tons raw value, last year.

SUGARCANE: The Louisiana and Florida sugarcane crop to be used in the production of sugar is estimated at 6,015,000 tons, compared with 4,887,000 tons last year and the average production of 4,361,000 tons. This year's expected outturn of 537,000 tons of 96° raw sugar will be the second highest on record. Last year 419,000 tons were made. The average is 355,000 tons.

The growing season in Louisiana was generally favorable. Yield per acre of sugarcane averaged 18.5 tons per acre, compared with 17.5 in 1941. There was no freeze damage to December 1, but harvest has been slow because of labor shortage, and low temperatures in December could cause some abandonment. Yield per acre in Florida is not measuring up to earlier expectations because of dry weather in the Everglades.

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CROP REPORTING BOARD.

TOTAL HARVESTED ACREAGE OF PRINCIPAL CROPS

State	Total Harvested Acreage of 52 crops (excluding duplications) 1/		
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Acres	Acres	Acres
Me.	1,338,100	1,211,400	1,231,600
N.H.	417,070	379,100	379,300
Vt.	1,096,690	1,010,300	1,026,900
Mass.	448,480	438,200	437,600
R.I.	56,570	48,600	50,000
Conn.	414,790	366,200	369,600
N.Y.	6,687,770	6,546,300	6,574,200
N.J.	738,500	756,000	793,200
Pa.	6,317,150	5,878,100	5,853,400
Ohio	10,234,830	9,906,500	10,359,500
Ind.	10,384,550	10,080,900	10,433,400
Ill.	19,052,750	18,756,300	19,236,600
Mich.	7,736,300	7,675,600	7,922,700
Wis.	10,005,370	9,981,300	9,991,400
Minn.	18,675,500	18,728,700	18,568,500
Iowa	21,586,290	20,443,900	21,530,300
Mo.	12,748,810	11,943,000	12,121,100
N.Dak.	16,035,220	17,665,000	17,952,200
S.Dak.	12,284,700	14,458,600	15,148,200
Nebr.	19,522,000	18,418,800	19,320,400
Kans.	21,533,790	22,307,700	21,996,800
Del.	371,600	365,500	375,900
Md.	1,668,890	1,597,200	1,620,800
Va.	3,727,920	3,647,700	3,851,400
W.Va.	1,507,990	1,391,500	1,422,800
N.C.	6,208,070	6,172,900	6,457,200
S.C.	4,799,500	4,799,900	4,897,300
Ga.	8,690,410	8,516,100	8,423,000
Fla.	1,221,710	1,185,700	1,244,700
Ky.	5,308,640	5,176,900	5,496,500
Tenn.	6,255,170	6,301,300	6,566,700
Ala.	7,123,240	6,771,300	6,748,300
Miss.	6,959,500	7,171,600	7,126,300
Ark.	6,469,000	6,566,300	6,659,000
La.	4,210,820	4,032,000	4,123,500
Okla.	13,539,500	13,350,200	12,763,600
Tex.	28,251,310	26,389,200	26,512,600
Mont.	6,044,170	6,607,500	6,932,700
Idaho	2,855,800	3,014,000	3,083,700
Wyo.	1,797,700	1,775,700	1,674,200
Colo.	5,542,390	6,255,000	6,003,300
N.Mex.	1,344,370	1,580,800	1,692,100
Ariz.	598,990	782,500	789,300
Utah	1,024,090	1,114,000	1,123,000
Nev.	339,420	460,100	463,600
Wash.	3,605,010	3,681,000	3,697,500
Oreg.	2,610,080	2,573,100	2,591,500
Calif.	5,295,800	5,851,100	6,210,800
U.S.	334,886,520	334,130,600	339,848,200

1/ Includes corn (all), wheat (all), oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, flaxseed, rice, sorghums (grain and sweet), cotton, tame hay (all), wild hay, timothy seed, sweetclover seed, dry edible beans, soybeans for beans, cowpeas for peas, peanuts picked and threshed, dry field peas, sorgo for sirup, sugarcane, sugar beets, potatoes, sweetpotatoes, tobacco, broomcorn, artichokes, asparagus, snap beans, lima beans, beets, cabbage, cantaloups, carrots, cauliflower, celery, sweet corn, cucumbers, eggplant, lettuce, onions, green peas, peppers, pimientos, spinach, tomatoes, and watermelons. The acreages of red clover seed, alsike clover seed, lespedeza seed, and alfalfa seed are assumed to be included in the tame hay acreage.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT
ANNUAL SUMMARY
December 1942

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
December 18, 1942
3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

PLANTED ACREAGE OF SPRING SOWN CROPS, 1941 AND 1942

State	Corn, all		Oats		Barley		Potatoes		All sorghums 1/	
	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942
	Thous.acres		Thous.acres		Thous.acres		Thous.acres		Thous.acres	
Maine	16	16	119	114	5	4	151	156	--	--
N.H.	15	15	14	15	--	--	6.6	6.8	--	--
Vt.	69	70	80	82	5	5	12.0	11.6	--	--
Mass.	41	41	15	16	--	--	17.8	19.0	--	--
R.I.	8	8	3	4	--	--	4.6	5.0	--	--
Conn.	47	49	13	13	--	--	15.4	15.9	--	--
N.Y.	680	696	918	927	126	116	187	195	--	--
N.J.	183	187	51	55	9	10	55	56	--	--
Pa.	1,295	1,308	903	903	142	152	167	167	--	--
Ohio	3,262	3,327	1,284	1,300	43	60	87	90	--	--
Ind.	3,934	4,017	1,449	1,531	85	111	50	49	22	28
Ill.	7,721	8,050	3,720	3,608	168	205	36	36	32	34
Mich.	1,509	1,645	1,402	1,542	210	233	190	180	--	--
Wis.	2,250	2,430	2,365	2,436	556	523	158	158	10	9
Minn.	4,468	4,825	4,424	4,169	1,674	1,774	225	215	48	34
Iowa	9,096	9,763	5,675	5,336	271	214	54	55	104	74
Mo.	3,967	4,403	2,440	2,540	252	297	39	40	320	346
N.Dak.	1,154	1,235	1,910	2,142	1,905	2,457	155	147	167	104
S.Dak.	3,018	3,169	2,248	2,360	1,877	2,496	31	33	1,323	1,002
Nebr.	6,822	7,318	1,972	1,893	2,090	2,341	76	76	1,503	830
Kans.	2,624	3,254	1,728	1,970	1,478	1,803	24	24	3,548	3,186
Del.	134	133	5	6	6	8	3.9	3.9	--	--
Md.	455	457	37	41	80	88	20.0	19.6	--	--
Va.	1,293	1,332	141	159	78	84	76	72	3	3
W.Va.	399	417	97	102	11	12	32	34	--	--
N.C.	2,418	2,309	318	353	30	48	80	84	14	15
S.C.	1,670	1,478	646	811	11	13	26	28	14	19
Ga.	4,040	3,589	649	762	5	7	25	27	38	37
Fla.	725	711	16	24	--	--	30.6	28	--	--
Ky.	2,630	2,767	121	109	115	180	44	48	31	32
Tenn.	2,750	2,826	159	180	91	133	42	44	43	46
Ala.	3,320	3,172	249	338	--	--	54	53	36	32
Miss.	3,093	2,909	305	337	--	--	23	27	34	32
Ark.	2,174	2,108	337	383	12	12	42	47	97	89
La.	1,548	1,424	103	125	--	--	43	42	9	9
Okla.	1,850	2,016	1,541	1,618	805	787	30.8	34	2,048	1,965
Tex.	5,079	5,638	1,916	1,897	392	549	62	58	7,315	6,512
Mont.	182	198	463	580	228	435	15	16	12	8
Idaho	56	53	213	224	323	450	124	136	--	--
Wyo.	160	130	155	136	95	114	16	14	28	20
Colo.	1,008	1,068	201	207	742	876	70	76	1,009	720
N.Mex.	215	219	43	41	25	35	4.0	4.0	531	506
Ariz.	41	38	10	11	57	83	2.1	2.7	60	50
Utah	29	25	50	48	123	157	11.2	12.6	--	--
Nev.	4	4	11	12	22	24	1.8	2.3	--	--
Wash.	35	33	267	320	165	337	42	40	--	--
Oreg.	62	53	434	425	250	380	35	36	--	--
Calif.	82	78	423	466	1,400	1,820	71	69	207	147
U.S.	87,631	91,011	41,582	42,656	15,762	19,433	2,767.8	2,793.4	18,506	15,889

1/ Grain and sweet sorghums for all uses except sirup.

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PLANTED ACREAGE OF SPRING SOWN CROPS, 1941 AND 1942

State	All spring wheat		Durum wheat		Other spring wheat		Flaxseed	
	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942
	Thousand acres		Thousand acres		Thousand acres		Thousand acres	
Maine	2	2	--	--	2	2	--	--
N.Y.	4	4	--	--	4	4	--	--
Pa.	10	9	--	--	10	9	--	--
Ohio	1	1	--	--	1	1	--	--
Ind.	6	6	--	--	6	6	--	--
Ill.	12	10	--	--	12	10	29	18
Mich.	12	10	--	--	12	10	8	8
Wis.	43	41	43	41	43	41	12	99
Minn.	1,314	983	78	56	1,236	927	1,456	1,674
Iowa	41	16	--	--	41	16	308	240
Mo.	--	--	--	--	--	--	5	6
N.Dak.	8,358	7,478	2,050	1,742	6,303	5,736	801	1,426
S.Dak.	2,852	2,525	470	357	2,382	2,168	243	382
Nebr.	145	86	--	--	143	86	5	4
Kans.	27	18	--	--	27	18	152	280
Okla.	--	--	--	--	--	--	22	32
Tex.	--	--	--	--	--	--	34	20
Mont.	2,440	1,952	--	--	2,440	1,952	161	362
Idaho	338	267	--	--	338	267	3	2
Wyo.	94	76	--	--	94	76	--	--
Colo.	230	193	--	--	230	193	--	--
N.Mex.	23	22	--	--	23	23	--	--
Ariz.	--	--	--	--	--	--	14	17
Utah	70	62	--	--	70	62	--	--
Nev.	13	13	--	--	13	13	--	--
Wash.	492	320	--	--	492	320	2	2
Oreg.	141	100	--	--	141	100	2	2
Calif.	--	--	--	--	--	--	213	207
U.S.	16,631	14,194	2,598	2,155	14,063	12,039	3,470	4,691

State	Grain sorghums		Beans, dry edible		Sugar beets	
	1941	1942	1941	1942	1941	1942
	Thousand acres		Thousand acres		Thousand acres	
Maine	--	--	9	9	--	--
Vt.	--	--	2	2	--	--
N.Y.	--	--	170	158	--	--
Ohio	--	--	--	--	41	51
Ill.	8	8	--	--	--	--
Mich.	--	--	791	633	100	137
Wis.	--	--	5	3	--	--
Minn.	10	9	4	5	--	--
Iowa	27	24	--	--	--	--
Mo.	201	223	--	--	--	--
N.Dak.	24	20	--	--	--	--
S.Dak.	475	451	--	--	--	--
Nebr.	393	208	29	38	63	86
Kans.	1,558	1,574	1	1	--	--
Ark.	51	51	--	--	--	--
La.	4	5	--	--	--	--
Okla.	1,247	1,372	--	--	--	--
Tex.	4,311	4,828	--	--	--	--
Mont.	--	--	21	26	66	80
Idaho	--	--	136	141	62	83
Wyo.	--	--	62	80	40	49
Colo.	501	400	340	350	135	195
N.Mex.	389	385	270	275	--	--
Ariz.	60	50	15	14	--	--
Utah	--	--	5	6	42	48
Wash.	--	--	5	5	--	--
Oreg.	--	--	1	3	--	--
Calif.	207	147	389	386	1/ 137	1/ 183
Other States	--	--	--	--	108	137
U.S.	9,466	9,755	2,255	2,135	794	1,049

1/ Includes acreage planted in fall for harvest in succeeding spring.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT
ANNUAL SUMMARY
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BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
December 18, 1942
3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

CORN, ALL 1/

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Me.	12	16	16	38.6	41.0	42.0	483	656	672
N.H.	15	15	15	41.2	42.0	42.0	621	630	630
Vt.	74	69	70	40.0	38.0	40.0	2,942	2,622	2,800
Mass.	38	41	41	41.1	41.0	44.0	1,582	1,681	1,804
R.I.	9	8	8	39.7	39.0	41.0	358	312	328
Conn.	52	47	49	38.5	42.0	42.0	1,983	1,974	2,058
N.Y.	654	676	690	34.2	40.0	40.0	22,403	27,040	27,600
N.J.	192	183	186	38.4	41.0	45.0	7,363	7,503	8,370
Pa.	1,331	1,282	1,295	40.2	41.5	43.0	53,662	53,203	55,685
Ohio	3,603	3,252	3,317	38.8	49.5	56.0	139,956	160,974	185,752
Ind.	4,436	3,934	4,013	36.2	45.0	54.0	160,373	177,030	216,702
Ill.	8,887	7,721	7,953	36.2	53.0	54.5	321,945	409,213	433,438
Mich.	1,537	1,501	1,621	30.9	32.0	43.0	47,868	48,032	69,703
Wis.	2,299	2,250	2,408	32.4	40.0	43.0	74,644	90,000	103,544
Minn.	4,693	4,410	4,763	30.6	44.0	43.5	143,410	194,040	207,100
Iowa	10,736	9,069	9,704	37.2	51.0	61.5	399,184	462,519	596,796
Mo.	5,204	3,904	4,138	20.6	29.0	35.5	107,141	113,216	146,899
N.Dak.	1,172	1,115	1,160	14.0	23.0	25.0	16,368	25,645	29,000
S.Dak.	3,645	2,703	3,081	11.2	18.5	33.5	41,768	50,006	103,214
Nebr.	8,528	6,708	7,245	14.6	23.5	33.5	133,822	157,638	242,708
Kans.	4,609	2,488	3,160	12.2	23.0	28.5	59,550	57,224	90,060
Del.	143	133	132	27.7	30.0	31.0	3,964	3,990	4,092
Md.	510	450	454	31.6	35.0	36.0	16,173	15,750	16,344
Va.	1,462	1,267	1,318	22.2	26.0	27.0	32,418	32,942	35,586
W.Va.	506	397	413	24.7	31.0	34.0	12,610	12,307	14,042
N.C.	2,376	2,392	2,296	18.3	22.0	20.5	43,507	52,624	47,068
S.C.	1,694	1,653	1,471	13.5	13.5	14.5	22,831	22,316	21,330
Ga.	4,198	4,000	3,560	9.7	10.5	11.0	40,904	42,000	39,160
Fla.	759	720	706	8.9	9.5	10.5	6,775	6,840	7,413
Ky.	2,879	2,610	2,740	22.4	28.0	30.0	64,557	73,080	82,200
Tenn.	2,853	2,730	2,812	21.2	25.5	27.0	60,618	69,615	75,924
Ala.	3,288	3,305	3,140	12.4	15.5	14.0	40,973	51,228	43,960
Miss.	2,660	3,015	2,894	14.5	17.0	17.0	38,537	51,255	49,198
Ark.	2,122	2,148	2,062	14.4	19.0	18.0	30,567	40,812	37,116
La.	1,479	1,484	1,395	14.4	15.0	17.5	21,360	22,260	24,412
Okla.	2,362	1,783	1,926	13.1	17.5	18.5	31,131	31,202	35,631
Tex.	4,931	4,925	5,418	15.4	15.0	14.5	75,964	73,875	78,561
Mont.	137	178	190	9.9	20.0	20.0	1,396	3,560	3,800
Idaho	35	55	52	35.2	45.0	47.0	1,239	2,475	2,444
Wyo.	203	152	122	10.0	16.0	16.5	2,068	2,432	2,013
Colo.	1,305	951	1,018	10.0	15.8	18.8	13,419	15,026	19,138
N.Mex.	200	195	205	13.3	17.0	18.5	2,677	3,315	3,792
Ariz.	32	41	36	15.2	11.0	11.0	482	451	396
Utah	20	28	24	24.0	29.0	33.0	469	812	792
Nev.	2	4	4	26.7	30.0	30.0	56	120	120
Wash.	33	35	33	34.4	41.0	41.0	1,141	1,435	1,353
Oreg.	62	61	52	30.2	33.0	33.5	1,872	2,013	1,742
Calif.	71	82	78	32.8	32.0	33.0	2,317	2,624	2,574
U.S.	98,049	86,186	89,484	23.5	31.1	35.5	2,307,452	2,677,517	3,175,154

1/ This table covers corn for all purposes, including hogged and siloed corn, and that cut and fed without removing the ears, as well as that husked and snapped for grain. The yield for grain, with an allowance for varying yields of corn for other purposes, is applied to the total acreage to obtain an equivalent production expressed in terms of grain.

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CORN UTILIZATION, 1941

State	For grain			For silage			Hogging down grazing & forage
	Acreage harvested	Yield per acre	Production	Acreage harvested	Yield per acre	Production	
	Thousand acres	Bu.	Thousand bushels	Thousand acres	Tons	Thousand tons	Thousand acres
Me.	4	41.0	164	9	11.0	99	3
N.H.	3	42.0	126	10	11.5	115	2
Vt.	5	38.0	190	59	10.5	620	5
Mass.	7	41.0	287	28	10.5	294	6
R.I.	1	39.0	39	6	9.5	57	1
Conn.	8	42.0	336	35	12.0	420	4
N.Y.	162	40.0	6,480	442	10.0	4,420	72
N.J.	128	41.0	5,248	46	9.5	437	9
Pa.	1,018	41.5	42,247	238	9.5	2,261	26
Ohio	3,082	49.5	152,559	115	9.8	1,127	55
Ind.	3,796	45.0	170,820	67	8.5	570	71
Ill.	7,451	53.0	394,903	162	10.5	1,701	108
Mich.	1,185	33.0	39,105	233	8.0	1,864	83
Wis.	1,147	41.0	47,027	1,013	8.2	8,307	90
Minn.	3,440	46.0	158,240	618	8.5	5,253	352
Iowa	8,616	51.0	439,416	172	10.0	1,720	281
Mo.	3,743	29.5	110,413	35	6.8	238	126
N.Dak.	535	25.0	13,375	134	3.4	456	446
S.Dak.	1,973	20.0	39,460	81	4.3	348	649
Nebr.	6,238	24.5	152,831	101	4.3	434	369
Kans.	2,264	23.5	53,204	75	4.5	338	149
Del.	129	30.0	3,870	3	8.5	26	1
Md.	420	35.0	14,700	26	9.5	247	4
Va.	1,195	26.0	31,070	50	9.0	450	22
W.Va.	381	31.0	11,811	12	10.5	126	4
N.C.	2,339	22.0	51,458	17	8.6	146	36
S.C.	1,607	13.5	21,694	5	4.5	22	41
Ga.	3,888	10.5	40,824	8	4.3	34	104
Fla.	636	9.5	6,042	4	6.0	24	80
Ky.	2,553	28.0	71,484	18	9.0	162	39
Tenn.	2,668	25.5	68,034	16	7.4	118	46
Ala.	3,245	15.5	50,298	7	4.5	32	53
Miss.	2,973	17.0	50,541	3	5.7	17	39
Ark.	2,105	19.0	39,995	2	5.0	10	41
La.	1,451	15.0	21,765	3	4.5	14	30
Okla.	1,715	17.5	30,012	13	4.0	52	55
Tex.	4,777	15.0	71,655	30	4.5	135	118
Mont.	63	22.5	1,418	8	3.5	28	107
Idaho	41	46.0	1,886	8	11.0	88	6
Wyo.	68	17.0	1,156	8	6.0	48	76
Colo.	713	16.9	12,050	95	6.0	570	143
N.Mex.	176	17.5	3,080	4	7.0	28	15
Ariz.	30	12.0	360	4	8.0	32	7
Utah	8	30.0	240	11	10.5	116	9
Nev.	2	30.0	60	1	10.0	10	1
Wash.	14	44.0	616	14	10.5	147	7
Oreg.	33	34.5	1,138	17	7.8	133	11
Calif.	45	35.0	1,575	25	9.0	225	12
U.S.	78,081	31.2	2,435,307	4,091	8.34	34,119	4,014

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT
ANNUAL SUMMARY
December 1942

Bureau of Agricultural Economics
CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
December 18, 1942
3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

CORN UTILIZATION, 1942

State	For grain			For silage			Hogging down grazing & forage
	Acreage harvested	Yield per acre	Production	Acreage harvested	Yield per acre	Production	
	Thousand acres	Bu.	Thousand bushels	Thousand acres	Tons	Thousand tons	Thousand acres
Me.	4	42.0	168	9	10.5	94	3
N.H.	3	42.0	126	10	11.0	110	2
Vt.	5	40.0	200	61	10.0	610	4
Mass.	7	44.0	308	28	11.0	308	6
R.I.	1	41.0	41	6	9.5	57	1
Conn.	9	42.0	378	36	11.5	414	4
N.Y.	172	40.0	6,880	442	10.0	4,420	76
N.J.	136	45.0	6,120	43	10.0	430	7
Pa.	1,028	43.0	44,204	243	10.0	2,430	24
Ohio	3,101	56.0	173,656	110	10.3	1,133	106
Ind.	3,853	54.0	208,062	56	9.5	532	104
Ill.	7,667	54.5	417,852	159	10.0	1,590	127
Mich.	1,313	44.0	57,772	211	9.5	2,004	97
Wis.	1,252	45.0	56,340	1,060	8.1	8,586	96
Minn.	3,691	46.0	169,786	596	8.5	5,066	476
Iowa	9,219	61.5	566,968	136	10.5	1,428	349
Mo.	3,973	36.0	143,028	41	6.5	266	124
N.Dak.	458	28.0	12,824	104	4.0	416	598
S.Dak.	2,588	34.5	89,286	68	7.0	476	425
Nebr.	6,847	34.0	232,798	36	4.7	169	362
Kans.	2,907	28.5	82,850	63	5.5	346	190
Del.	128	31.0	3,968	3	8.8	26	1
Md.	424	36.0	15,264	25	10.5	262	5
Va.	1,213	27.0	32,751	43	9.5	408	62
W.Va.	392	34.0	13,328	13	11.0	143	8
N.C.	2,237	20.5	45,854	16	8.7	139	53
S.C.	1,437	14.5	20,836	5	5.0	25	29
Ga.	3,390	11.0	37,290	10	4.5	45	160
Fla.	604	10.5	6,342	4	6.5	26	98
Ky.	2,684	30.0	80,520	17	10.0	170	39
Tenn.	2,728	27.0	73,656	19	8.5	162	65
Ala.	3,074	14.0	43,036	6	4.5	27	60
Miss.	2,836	17.0	48,212	6	5.5	33	52
Ark.	2,000	18.0	36,000	2	5.0	10	60
La.	1,367	17.5	23,922	3	5.0	15	25
Okla.	1,836	18.5	33,966	13	4.0	52	77
Tex.	5,174	14.5	75,023	27	4.5	122	217
Mont.	67	23.0	1,541	6	3.5	21	117
Idaho	37	48.0	1,776	9	10.0	90	6
Wyo.	48	17.5	840	7	5.0	35	67
Colo.	733	19.5	14,294	87	6.5	566	198
N.Mex.	172	19.0	3,268	6	6.0	36	27
Ariz.	26	12.0	312	4	8.0	32	6
Utah	7	35.0	245	10	9.0	90	7
Nev.	2	30.0	60	1	9.0	9	1
Wash.	13	45.0	585	13	9.5	124	7
Oreg.	27	34.5	932	14	8.0	112	11
Calif.	41	36.0	1,476	25	10.5	262	12
U.S.	80,921	35.6	2,884,744	3,912	8.67	33,927	4,651

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT — ANNUAL SUMMARY — December 1942
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORTING BOARD
Washington, D. C., December 18, 1942
3:00 P.M.(E.W.T.)

ALL WHEAT

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Maine	5	2	2	20.0	18.0	20.0	93	36	40
N.Y.	282	296	281	21.7	22.5	26.9	5,737	6,646	7,559
N.J.	55	55	50	23.2	22.0	23.5	1,230	1,210	1,175
Pa.	975	867	806	19.7	19.5	19.0	19,252	16,897	15,301
Ohio	2,037	1,959	1,724	20.2	25.0	21.0	40,958	48,978	36,205
Ind.	1,730	1,476	1,108	17.5	23.5	13.5	30,250	34,665	13,865
Ill.	2,064	1,716	981	17.9	20.0	13.1	37,118	34,320	12,818
Mich.	829	741	681	20.7	22.0	22.5	16,966	16,286	15,322
Wis.	109	79	78	16.4	17.2	22.0	1,780	1,362	1,717
Minn.	1,658	1,471	1,112	13.3	13.7	20.8	22,132	20,104	23,170
Iowa	421	181	211	17.4	12.9	22.5	7,411	2,341	4,749
Mo.	1,934	1,336	695	14.4	13.5	13.0	27,653	18,036	9,035
N.Dak.	7,392	8,155	7,321	8.1	17.8	20.5	62,839	144,799	149,844
S.Dak.	2,378	2,864	2,630	7.6	12.3	17.2	20,956	35,358	45,274
Nebr.	3,211	2,354	2,947	13.0	15.4	23.7	42,962	36,220	69,908
Kans.	10,768	11,799	10,610	11.8	14.7	19.5	131,896	173,352	206,775
Del.	84	65	60	17.4	20.5	21.5	1,465	1,332	1,290
Md.	437	345	307	19.1	21.0	19.5	8,183	7,245	5,986
Va.	597	511	470	14.5	15.0	16.0	8,633	7,665	7,520
W.Va.	138	105	94	15.1	15.5	15.5	2,073	1,628	1,457
N.C.	444	474	517	11.1	15.5	15.5	4,903	7,347	8,014
S.C.	139	244	307	10.0	13.0	11.0	1,366	3,172	3,377
Ga.	141	191	241	9.3	11.5	10.5	1,273	2,196	2,530
Ky.	387	375	371	14.0	19.0	14.0	5,456	7,125	5,194
Tenn.	392	361	361	11.3	15.0	14.5	4,388	5,415	5,234
Ala.	6	7	13	10.2	13.0	13.0	57	91	169
Miss.	---	11	7	----	27.0	23.0	---	297	161
Ark.	61	30	22	9.3	10.5	11.0	561	315	242
Okla.	4,046	4,543	3,477	11.6	10.7	16.5	47,981	48,610	57,370
Tex.	3,129	2,614	2,875	9.5	10.4	16.5	31,360	27,186	47,438
Mont.	3,236	3,703	3,267	9.9	13.4	22.6	33,619	62,239	73,783
Idaho	1,047	954	795	23.0	23.2	26.1	24,222	27,850	20,770
Wyo.	209	236	202	10.8	20.4	21.2	2,300	4,805	4,288
Colo.	991	1,368	1,269	11.9	18.3	21.9	12,186	25,036	27,848
N.Mex.	252	173	278	9.6	15.8	17.3	2,742	2,735	4,813
Ariz.	39	27	23	23.0	14.5	25.0	888	392	575
Utah	257	266	227	20.1	26.4	22.1	5,207	7,027	5,010
Nev.	16	18	17	24.8	27.3	28.5	385	491	484
Wash.	2,184	2,098	1,777	20.4	29.1	31.0	44,362	61,142	55,148
Oreg.	938	820	714	19.8	28.7	27.9	18,620	23,538	19,953
Calif.	755	752	536	18.5	15.5	18.5	14,136	11,656	9,916
U. S.	55,743	55,642	49,464	13.3	16.9	19.8	745,575	943,127	981,337

WINTER WHEAT

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
N.Y.	254	292	277	21.8	22.5	27.0	5,600	6,570	7,479
N.J.	55	55	50	22.2	22.0	23.5	1,230	1,210	1,175
Pa.	964	857	797	19.7	19.5	19.0	19,029	16,712	15,143
Ohio	2,029	1,958	1,723	20.2	25.0	21.0	40,813	48,950	36,183
Ind.	1,719	1,470	1,102	17.5	23.5	12.5	30,083	34,545	13,775
Ill.	2,004	1,704	971	18.0	20.0	13.0	36,095	34,080	12,623
Mich.	811	730	672	20.8	23.0	22.5	16,674	16,060	15,120
Wis.	36	38	38	17.0	17.5	21.5	624	665	817
Minn.	173	182	160	18.0	14.0	22.5	3,140	2,548	3,600
Iowa	387	140	195	17.9	13.5	23.0	6,944	1,890	4,485
Mo.	1,929	1,336	1695	14.4	13.5	13.0	27,594	18,036	9,035
S.Dak.	117	150	188	11.1	11.0	20.0	1,367	1,650	3,760
Nebr.	2,954	2,221	2,865	13.6	15.5	24.0	41,059	34,426	68,760
Kans.	10,754	11,775	10,598	11.8	14.7	19.5	131,782	173,092	206,661
Del.	84	65	60	17.4	20.5	21.5	1,465	1,352	1,290
Md.	427	345	307	19.1	21.0	19.5	8,183	7,245	5,986
Va.	597	511	470	14.5	15.0	16.0	8,633	7,665	7,530
W.Va.	138	105	94	15.1	15.5	15.5	2,073	1,628	1,457
N.C.	444	474	517	11.1	15.5	15.5	4,903	7,347	8,014
S.C.	139	244	307	10.0	13.0	11.0	1,366	3,172	3,377
Ga.	141	191	241	9.3	11.5	10.5	1,273	2,196	2,530
Ky.	387	375	371	14.0	19.0	14.0	5,456	7,125	5,194
Tenn.	392	361	361	11.3	15.0	14.5	4,388	5,415	5,234
Ala.	6	7	13	10.2	13.0	13.0	57	91	169
Miss.	-	11	7	-	27.0	23.0	-	297	161
Ark.	61	30	22	9.3	10.5	11.0	561	315	242
Okla.	4,046	4,543	3,477	11.6	10.7	16.5	47,981	48,610	57,370
Tex.	3,129	2,614	2,875	9.5	10.4	16.5	31,360	27,186	47,438
Mont.	703	1,322	1,362	13.4	21.0	25.5	10,055	27,762	34,731
Idaho	627	629	535	20.9	28.0	24.0	13,216	17,612	12,840
Wyo.	92	147	132	10.2	23.0	24.0	952	3,381	3,168
Colo.	702	1,164	1,106	11.6	18.6	22.6	8,441	21,650	24,996
N.Mex.	229	151	257	9.2	16.0	17.5	2,437	2,416	4,458
Ariz.	39	27	23	23.0	14.5	25.0	888	392	575
Utah	182	198	167	16.9	24.5	18.5	3,100	4,851	3,090
Nev.	3	5	4	25.8	28.0	30.0	74	140	120
Wash.	1,018	1,611	1,465	24.0	31.0	32.0	24,562	49,941	46,880
Oreg.	632	695	626	19.5	30.0	28.5	12,404	20,850	17,841
Calif.	755	752	536	18.5	15.5	18.5	14,136	11,656	9,916
U.S.	39,160	39,485	35,666	14.4	17.0	19.7	570,001	670,709	703,253

WHEAT (Production by classes) for the United States

Year	Winter: Hard Red	Winter: Soft Red	Spring: Hard Red	Spring: Durum 1/	White (Winter & Spring)	Total
	Thousand bushels		Thousand bushels		Thousand bushels	
1940	329,797	206,265	159,720	34,304	83,135	813,221
1941	394,956	209,398	207,463	42,660	88,610	943,127
1942	482,791	160,285	215,331	45,505	77,425	981,327

1/ Includes durum wheat in States for which estimates are not shown separately.

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OTHER SPRING WHEAT

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Mo.	5	3	2	20.0	18.0	20.0	93	36	40
N.Y.	7	4	4	17.3	19.0	20.0	127	76	80
Pa.	11	10	9	18.0	18.5	17.5	203	185	158
Ohio	8	1	1	17.4	28.0	22.0	144	28	22
Ind.	11	6	6	14.8	20.0	15.0	167	120	90
Ill.	60	12	10	15.8	20.0	19.5	1,023	240	195
Mich.	18	11	9	16.4	20.5	22.5	292	226	202
Wis.	72	41	40	16.0	17.0	22.5	1,156	697	900
Minn.	1,382	1,212	897	12.7	13.5	20.5	17,610	16,362	18,388
Iowa	34	41	16	13.4	11.0	16.5	467	451	264
N.Dak.	5,302	6,164	5,600	7.6	18.0	20.0	42,488	110,952	112,180
S.Dak.	1,637	2,258	2,100	7.3	12.0	17.0	14,025	27,096	35,700
Nebr.	257	133	82	7.8	13.5	14.0	1,903	1,796	1,148
Kans.	14	24	12	7.1	10.0	9.5	114	240	114
Mont.	2,533	2,381	1,905	8.9	17.0	20.5	23,564	40,477	39,052
Idaho	430	325	260	25.9	31.5	30.5	11,005	10,238	7,930
Wyo.	117	89	70	11.5	16.0	16.0	1,348	1,424	1,120
Colo.	239	204	163	13.0	16.6	17.5	3,745	3,386	2,852
N.Mex.	23	22	21	13.0	14.5	15.0	304	319	315
Utah	75	68	60	27.9	32.0	32.0	2,107	2,176	1,920
Nev.	13	13	13	24.5	27.0	28.0	312	351	364
Wash.	1,166	487	312	16.8	23.0	26.5	19,800	11,201	8,268
Oreg.	306	125	82	20.3	21.5	24.0	6,216	2,688	2,112
U. S.	13,816	13,633	11,689	10.6	16.9	20.0	148,277	230,765	233,414

DURUM WHEAT

	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Minn.	102	77	55	13.2	15.5	21.5	1,382	1,194	1,182
N.Dak.	2,090	1,991	1,712	9.2	17.0	22.0	20,351	33,847	37,664
S.Dak.	574	456	342	8.0	14.5	17.0	5,564	6,612	5,814
3 States	2,767	2,524	2,109	9.3	16.5	21.2	27,297	41,653	44,660

OATS

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Me.	114	108	103	36.6	37.0	39.0	4,194	3,996	4,017
N.H.	8	6	7	37.4	40.0	39,0	280	240	273
Vt.	57	47	53	31.3	32.0	37.0	1,786	1,504	1,961
Mass.	5	6	6	32.9	34.0	33.0	175	204	198
R.I.	2	1	1	31.3	32.0	34.0	57	32	34
Conn.	6	4	4	29.6	36.0	34.0	171	144	136
N.Y.	833	855	880	28.6	30.0	38.0	23,821	25,650	33,440
N.J..	46	42	43	29.5	34.0	30.0	1,352	1,428	1,290
Pa.	914	876	867	28.4	34.5	30.0	25,910	30,222	26,010
Ohio	1,388	1,181	1,264	30.7	43.5	41.0	42,758	51,374	51,824
Ind.	1,560	1,375	1,444	25.9	41.0	37.0	41,073	56,375	53,428
Ill.	3,783	3,569	3,533	30.4	43.0	40.0	116,910	153,467	141,320
Mich.	1,525	1,350	1,498	29.6	34.0	45.0	39,313	45,900	67,410
Wis.	2,446	2,293	2,339	30.5	33.0	43.0	74,711	75,669	100,577
Minn.	4,229	4,297	4,082	31.2	27.0	43.5	133,279	116,019	177,567
Iowa	5,831	5,437	5,165	31.4	32.5	39.0	185,711	176,702	201,435
Mo.	1,674	2,076	2,201	22.4	25.5	27.0	37,850	52,938	59,427
N.Dak.	1,458	1,808	2,025	18.5	33.0	37.0	28,639	59,664	74,925
S.Dak.	1,527	2,112	2,260	21.2	26.0	40.0	37,490	54,912	90,400
Nebr.	1,921	1,840	1,766	20.3	29.5	33.0	42,040	54,280	58,278
Kans.	1,467	1,619	1,813	23.7	24.0	25.5	34,899	38,856	46,232
Del.	3	3	4	29.6	31.0	33.0	83	93	132
Md.	44	32	37	28.4	32.0	30.0	1,252	1,024	1,110
Va.	112	105	130	20.2	25.0	27.0	2,281	2,625	3,510
W.Va.	100	74	77	20.3	24.0	24.0	2,018	1,776	1,848
N.C.	223	252	272	20.9	26.0	25.0	4,675	6,552	6,800
S.C.	439	562	641	21.2	22.0	21.0	9,331	12,364	13,461
Ga.	376	513	564	18.8	20.5	18.0	7,094	10,516	10,152
Fla.	8	11	12	14.0	14.5	14.0	118	160	168
Ky.	106	89	80	16.4	21.0	22.0	1,738	1,869	1,760
Tenn.	97	108	135	16.5	23.0	23.0	1,622	2,484	3,105
Ala.	107	192	240	18.2	21.5	20.0	1,983	4,128	4,800
Miss.	64	282	300	23.6	36.0	30.0	1,721	10,152	9,000
Ark.	179	253	304	20.5	23.5	26.0	3,792	5,946	7,904
La.	40	91	105	25.2	30.5	30.0	1,051	2,776	3,150
Okla.	1,331	1,400	1,260	20.2	18.5	19.0	27,024	25,900	23,940
Tex.	1,520	1,519	590	24.2	25.0	19.0	37,521	37,975	11,210
Mont.	266	404	521	23.0	36.0	39.0	6,287	14,544	20,319
Idaho	147	177	195	36.8	40.0	40.5	5,413	7,080	7,898
Wyo.	111	125	122	24.9	31.0	30.0	2,744	3,875	3,660
Colo.	154	177	181	26.7	33.1	31.2	4,134	5,859	5,647
N.Mex.	25	34	33	23.3	27.0	28.0	570	918	924
Ariz.	8	8	8	26.6	32.0	31.5	225	256	252
Utah	37	43	42	36.2	44.0	39.0	1,343	1,892	1,638
Nev.	3	7	8	34.8	41.0	40.0	109	287	320
Wash.	163	169	210	47.0	45.0	48.0	7,668	7,605	10,080
Oreg.	273	296	296	31.1	29.5	34.0	8,483	8,732	10,064
Calif.	119	137	178	27.6	27.0	32.0	3,363	3,699	5,696
U. S.	36,653	37,965	37,899	27.4	31.1	35.9	1,016,061	1,180,663	1,358,730

BARLEY

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Maine	4	5	4	28.1	27.0	28.0	115	135	112
Vt.	5	5	5	27.2	27.0	30.0	128	135	150
N.Y.	156	117	110	24.6	25.0	30.0	3,842	2,925	3,300
N.J.	2	8	9	27.3	27.0	30.0	50	213	270
Pa.	68	139	149	28.0	27.0	27.5	1,925	3,753	4,098
Ohio	46	40	56	23.0	28.5	25.5	1,064	1,140	1,428
Ind.	29	77	94	20.6	28.0	24.0	612	2,156	2,256
Ill.	202	147	154	24.6	31.5	22.5	5,082	4,630	3,465
Mich.	319	207	221	23.6	31.5	33.0	5,154	6,520	7,293
Wis.	787	543	489	27.2	31.0	32.0	21,329	16,833	15,648
Minn.	1,955	1,625	1,706	22.0	27.0	29.5	43,706	43,875	50,327
Iowa	492	266	305	23.8	27.5	23.5	11,758	7,315	4,818
Mo.	70	189	170	18.4	20.0	17.0	1,331	3,780	2,890
N.Dak.	1,610	1,817	2,326	14.4	25.0	29.0	24,406	45,425	67,454
S.Dak.	1,343	1,699	2,328	15.1	22.5	25.5	23,168	58,228	59,364
Nebr.	720	1,915	2,068	16.5	25.5	18.5	12,338	48,853	38,258
Kans.	395	1,526	1,373	13.2	20.0	13.5	5,442	26,520	17,186
Del.	1/ 2	6	7	1/30.5	30.0	32.0	1/ 46	180	224
Md.	33	78	86	29.6	26.0	37.5	1,056	2,028	2,365
Va.	44	75	80	25.2	24.0	26.5	1,096	1,800	2,120
W.Va.	5	11	12	24.9	23.5	26.0	133	258	312
N.C.	14	27	42	18.9	23.5	23.0	270	634	966
S.C.	3	10	12	16.9	18.5	16.5	52	185	198
Ga.	--	5	7	--	17.0	16.0	--	85	112
Ky.	21	90	135	22.1	26.0	23.0	461	2,340	3,105
Tenn.	31	80	110	17.9	20.0	20.0	553	1,600	2,200
Ark.	1/ 3	11	11	1/15.5	15.0	16.0	1/ 104	165	176
Okla.	152	512	625	15.5	18.0	17.0	2,424	9,216	10,625
Tex.	151	325	292	15.5	27.0	16.5	2,415	8,775	4,818
Mont.	134	215	411	19.7	28.0	30.0	2,667	6,020	12,330
Idaho	143	300	420	33.3	38.0	34.0	4,808	11,400	14,280
Wyo.	73	89	100	22.4	29.0	26.5	1,312	2,581	2,650
Colo.	408	660	673	19.8	25.2	23.5	8,111	16,632	15,816
N.Mex.	9	21	29	21.2	29.0	28.0	186	609	812
Ariz.	26	44	58	31.0	32.0	32.0	803	1,408	1,856
Utah	57	118	147	39.6	45.0	38.0	2,307	5,310	5,586
Nev.	8	21	23	36.3	39.0	36.0	287	819	828
Wash.	31	146	314	32.4	37.0	40.0	1,983	5,402	12,560
Oreg.	110	209	310	28.3	32.0	32.5	3,150	6,688	10,075
Calif.	1,139	1,042	1,511	26.5	24.5	29.0	30,540	25,529	43,819
U.S.	10,758	14,220	16,782	20.7	25.5	25.4	226,460	362,082	426,150

1/ Short-time average.

RICE

Ark.	165	312	265	50.6	51.5	51.0	8,380	16,218	13,515
La.	456	544	536	40.7	37.5	40.5	18,567	20,460	25,758
Tex.	305	305	369	51.5	38.0	42.0	10,590	11,590	15,498
Calif.	118	153	207	69.6	55.0	56.0	8,176	8,415	11,592
U.S.	948	1,214	1,477	48.4	42.3	44.9	45,712	51,323	66,363

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT — Bureau of Agricultural Economics — Washington, D. C.,
ANNUAL SUMMARY — CROP REPORTING BOARD — December 18, 1942
December 1942 — 3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

RYE

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
N.Y.	22	17	22	16.3	17.0	18.5	353	289	407
N.J.	22	16	15	17.2	16.5	18.5	375	264	278
Pa.	99	57	58	14.2	14.0	14.5	1,388	798	841
Ohio	63	72	97	14.5	18.5	17.0	935	1,332	1,649
Ind.	122	130	144	11.8	15.5	13.5	1,445	2,015	1,944
Ill.	87	58	49	12.2	13.0	11.0	1,077	754	539
Mich.	146	58	80	12.1	13.5	14.5	1,773	783	1,160
Wis.	247	142	135	11.0	11.5	12.0	2,773	1,633	1,620
Minn.	414	290	223	13.4	11.5	15.0	5,788	3,335	3,345
Iowa	81	19	23	14.5	13.5	16.0	1,264	256	368
Mo.	36	34	45	10.5	12.5	11.0	387	425	495
N.Dak.	754	910	919	9.1	14.5	17.5	7,510	13,195	16,082
S.Dak.	420	653	816	10.5	11.5	17.0	5,149	7,510	13,872
Nebr.	303	372	439	9.3	12.0	13.5	2,990	4,464	5,926
Kans.	43	89	117	10.6	11.0	11.0	464	979	1,287
Del.	8	9	11	12.5	13.5	14.0	96	122	154
Md.	19	15	21	13.6	14.0	14.0	255	210	294
Va.	52	39	45	11.7	11.5	13.0	618	448	585
W.Va.	10	4	5	11.8	10.5	12.5	121	42	62
D.C.	63	46	48	8.0	10.0	9.5	502	460	456
S.C.	12	27	29	8.4	8.5	8.5	98	230	246
Ga.	19	25	20	6.4	7.5	7.0	123	188	140
Ky.	17	17	20	11.0	14.0	12.5	186	238	250
Tenn.	33	45	42	8.0	10.0	9.5	268	450	399
Okla.	35	136	125	8.2	9.0	9.5	308	1,224	1,188
Tex.	5	17	20	9.8	13.0	12.0	50	221	240
Mont.	39	45	48	9.2	12.0	15.0	382	540	720
Idaho	6	7	7	12.1	15.5	16.0	70	108	112
Wyo.	21	28	19	6.6	13.0	10.0	142	364	190
Colo.	40	94	100	7.3	11.0	12.5	303	1,034	1,250
N.Mex.	1/ 2	10	15	1/8.9	16.0	12.5	1/ 21	160	188
Utah	2	5	8	7.8	15.0	11.0	16	75	88
Wash.	19	30	32	8.6	15.0	13.0	159	450	416
Oreg.	30	44	30	12.5	14.5	14.0	383	638	420
Calif.	9	10	10	12.2	13.0	13.0	105	130	130
U.S.	3,298	3,570	3,837	11.1	12.7	14.9	37,870	45,364	57,341

1/ Short-time average.

FLAXSEED

Ill.	—	29	18	--	14.0	13.0	--	406	234
Mich.	8	8	8	8.9	9.5	9.5	66	76	76
Wis.	5	12	9	10.4	12.0	12.0	56	144	108
Minn.	714	1,399	1,595	8.2	10.5	10.0	5,887	14,690	15,950
Iowa	26	305	235	9.2	13.0	12.0	239	3,965	2,820
Mo.	4	5	6	4.6	7.5	7.5	16	38	45
N.Dak.	641	741	1,312	4.3	6.4	7.0	2,848	4,742	9,184
S.Dak.	163	227	352	4.7	10.0	10.0	791	2,270	3,520
Nebr.	5	4	4	1/5.4	9.5	10.0	25	38	40
Kans.	55	143	255	6.1	8.0	7.0	339	1,144	1,785
Okla.	1/ 2	20	26	1/8.9	7.0	6.5	1/ 20	140	169
Tex.	—	15	18	--	7.0	11.5	--	105	207
Mont.	116	148	340	3.7	6.0	7.5	412	888	2,550
Idaho	1/ 4	3	2	1/9.2	10.0	7.0	1/ 38	30	14
Ariz.	—	14	16	--	21.0	23.0	--	294	368
Wash.	1/ 4	2	2	1/10.8	12.0	15.0	1/ 41	24	30
Oreg.	1/ 3	2	2	1/11.0	12.0	12.5	1/ 33	24	25
Calif.	1/ 46	198	202	1/17.1	16.5	17.5	1/745	3,267	3,535
U.S.	1,780	3,275	4,402	6.4	9.9	9.2	11,252	32,285	40,660

1/ Short-time average.

BUCKWHEAT

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Me.	11	7	7	16.8	15.0	17.0	185	105	119
Vt.	2	1	1	20.2	17.0	19.0	35	17	19
N.Y.	147	106	122	17.1	19.0	18.5	2,505	2,014	2,257
Pa.	140	112	110	18.0	20.0	19.5	2,495	2,240	2,145
Ohio	20	9	12	16.6	17.5	18.0	330	158	216
Ind.	15	5	7	13.7	12.5	13.0	205	62	91
Ill.	6	2	6	14.6	15.0	13.0	98	30	78
Mich.	22	16	26	12.8	14.5	17.0	290	232	442
Wis.	15	15	14	11.6	14.5	15.0	170	218	210
Minn.	21	22	30	9.9	11.5	14.0	201	253	420
Iowa	5	2	2	13.1	16.0	16.0	66	32	32
Mo.	1	1	1	11.0	9.0	10.0	11	9	10
N.Dak.	6	3	6	6.2	14.0	10.5	43	42	63
S.Dak.	4	1	1	7.3	8.0	14.0	30	8	14
Md.	6	5	5	18.8	20.0	19.5	107	100	98
Va.	11	9	8	13.6	16.0	16.0	141	144	128
W.Va.	19	12	11	16.9	19.5	19.0	319	234	209
N.C.	4	5	5	14.3	16.5	17.0	57	82	85
Ky.	2	2	2	10.0	14.0	11.0	20	28	22
Tenn.	2	2	2	12.1	15.0	14.5	24	30	29
U.S.	459	337	378	16.1	17.9	17.7	7,365	6,038	6,687

ALL SORGHUMS FOR GRAIN

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Ill.	1/2	2	2	1/21.7	24.5	32.5	1/38	49	65
Iowa	1/4	4	1	1/21.2	22.0	20.0	1/92	88	20
Mo.	51	49	84	13.4	18.9	20.0	755	926	1680
N.Dak.	-	-	2	-	-	12.0	-	-	24
S.Dak.	1/48	250	199	1/7.8	10.4	13.3	1/400	2,610	2,649
Nebr.	63	226	133	11.2	15.7	14.6	677	3,553	1,936
Kans.	795	1,275	1,082	9.8	17.2	16.8	8,656	21,885	18,124
Ark.	12	8	8	11.4	15.8	14.8	142	126	118
La.	3	1	1	15.2	13.5	18.0	39	14	18
Okla.	806	667	821	9.2	12.0	12.9	7,652	7,982	10,614
Tex.	1,957	2,839	3,004	13.8	20.4	19.9	27,678	57,976	59,675
Colo.	80	170	127	8.5	13.2	13.7	693	2,237	1,744
New Mex.	152	241	254	11.7	22.9	16.0	1,870	5,522	4,060
Ariz.	24	46	34	29.0	32.0	35.0	698	1,472	1,190
Calif.	108	204	144	32.6	36.0	37.0	3,557	7,344	5,328
U.S.	4,083	5,982	5,896	12.6	18.7	18.2	52,747	111,784	107,245

1/ Short-time average.

ALL SORGHUMS FOR SILAGE

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Tons 1/			Thousand tons 1/		
Ind.	2/ 3	17	22	2/ 9.3	10.5	12.0	2/ 22	178	264
Ill.	2/ 7	23	23	2/ 8.9	11.6	10.7	2/ 69	266	246
Wis.	2/ 6	7	7	2/ 7.0	5.2	8.0	2/ 42	36	56
Minn.	2/ 10	21	17	2/ 7.2	8.9	8.2	2/ 68	186	140
Iowa	2/ 18	49	37	2/ 8.6	11.3	11.5	2/177	552	425
Mo.	28	33	42	6.4	8.6	8.9	171	284	374
N.Dak.	2/ 4	11	3	2/ 2.1	3.0	3.7	2/ 10	33	11
S.Dak.	2/ 14	44	24	2/ 1.8	1.8	3.8	2/ 26	81	90
Nebr.	2/ 52	209	83	2/ 3.7	5.4	5.4	2/230	1,124	446
Kans.	196	573	413	4.6	6.9	7.0	848	3,969	2,899
S.C.	2	2	3	5.4	4.5	5.0	10	9	15
Ga.	3	3	7	4.7	5.0	5.0	12	15	35
Tenn.	4	4	7	7.2	8.0	8.0	27	32	56
Ala.	4	4	6	5.9	8.0	7.0	26	32	42
Miss.	8	12	13	7.4	9.0	9.2	56	108	120
Ark.	2	5	9	5.3	6.0	5.8	12	30	52
La.	1	1	1	5.9	6.5	7.0	6	6	7
Okla.	24	51	83	3.8	5.1	4.8	87	260	396
Tex.	172	244	198	4.5	5.4	4.9	704	1,318	965
Colo.	2/ 6	5	10	2/ 1.8	3.6	5.0	2/ 10	18	50
N.Mex.	2/ 8	30	16	2/ 2.7	4.6	4.4	2/ 23	137	70
Ariz.	9	7	8	9.5	10.0	11.0	82	70	88
Calif.	2	3	3	10.1	10.0	11.5	19	30	34
U. S.	530	1,358	1,035	4.91	6.45	6.65	2,459	8,774	6,881

1/ Green weight. 2/ Short-time average.

ALL SORGHUMS FOR FORAGE

Ind.	2/ 1	5	5	2/ 2.30	2.60	3.00	2/ 3	13	15
Ill.	8	7	8	3.38	2.29	2.88	19	16	23
Wis.	2/ 3	3	2	2/ 2.20	1.60	2.50	2/ 6	5	5
Minn.	15	27	14	2.03	3.63	3.00	34	98	42
Iowa	41	49	33	2.92	3.59	3.39	112	176	113
Mo.	239	235	211	1.74	2.33	2.42	431	559	511
N.Dak.	44	153	90	1.35	1.48	1.46	61	227	131
S.Dak.	318	962	644	1.15	1.31	1.72	345	1,261	1,109
Nebr.	460	1,000	559	1.41	1.86	1.97	648	1,856	1,101
Kans.	1,241	1,464	1,391	1.60	2.14	2.26	1,912	3,140	3,138
Va.	4	3	3	1.58	1.80	2.05	7	5	6
N.C.	22	14	15	1.62	2.15	2.10	35	30	32
S.C.	20	12	16	1.39	1.30	1.35	27	16	22
Ga.	41	35	30	1.23	1.30	1.35	50	46	40
Ky.	47	31	31	2.30	2.50	3.00	108	78	93
Tenn.	58	39	38	1.96	2.20	2.25	112	86	86
Ala.	33	32	25	1.40	1.70	1.40	46	54	35
Miss.	29	22	19	1.62	1.50	1.50	46	33	28
Ark.	118	82	70	1.33	1.50	1.47	158	123	103
La.	9	7	7	1.52	1.43	1.43	14	10	10
Okla.	977	1,191	951	1.06	1.53	1.65	1,027	1,828	1,569
Tex.	2,888	3,882	2,993	1.07	1.48	1.54	3,108	5,752	4,603
Mont.	6	12	8	.96	1.20	1.20	6	14	10
Wyo.	11	25	19	.93	.50	.90	10	12	17
Colo.	348	742	482	.83	1.03	1.12	288	764	542
N.Mex.	222	236	210	.80	1.50	1.00	181	355	210
Ariz.	6	6	6	1.86	2.50	1.70	11	15	10
U. S.	7,208	10,276	7,880	1.22	1.61	1.73	8,803	16,572	13,603

1/ Dry weight. 2/ Short-time average.

ALL HAY

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons		
Me.	996	897	916	0.87	0.77	0.98	864	692	901
N. H.	384	351	350	1.00	.99	1.24	386	348	433
Vt.	936	873	883	1.16	1.05	1.33	1,089	919	1,170
Mass.	377	363	362	1.33	1.29	1.61	501	470	582
R.I.	42	35	36	1.22	1.20	1.39	51	42	50
Conn.	334	283	285	1.30	1.49	1.57	423	421	448
N.Y.	4,083	3,905	3,891	1.20	1.12	1.54	4,877	4,361	5,975
N.J.	235	240	251	1.50	1.48	1.59	352	355	398
Pa.	2,476	2,351	2,248	1.18	1.23	1.48	2,922	2,779	3,319
Ohio	2,627	2,432	2,327	1.14	1.37	1.57	2,990	3,329	3,663
Ind.	1,888	1,937	1,877	1.15	1.30	1.50	2,177	2,520	2,814
Ill.	2,733	2,775	2,689	1.23	1.33	1.47	3,359	3,696	3,960
Mich.	2,615	2,628	2,603	1.19	1.26	1.52	3,120	3,308	3,949
Wis.	3,591	4,142	3,952	1.36	1.71	1.93	4,906	7,082	7,638
Minn.	4,331	4,565	4,255	1.18	1.52	1.63	5,116	6,945	6,922
Iowa	3,318	3,785	3,623	1.32	1.49	1.85	4,361	5,656	6,829
Mo.	2,835	3,313	3,429	.90	1.06	1.33	2,535	3,528	4,559
N.Dak.	2,706	2,783	2,626	.79	1.14	1.24	2,187	3,167	3,252
S.Dak.	2,585	2,887	2,749	.63	.72	1.09	1,678	2,089	3,009
Nebr.	3,955	3,585	3,820	.88	1.01	1.16	3,512	3,619	4,425
Kans.	1,804	1,384	1,578	1.12	1.58	1.77	2,020	2,186	2,797
Del.	65	71	67	1.31	1.30	1.31	85	92	88
Md.	390	422	417	1.20	1.13	1.34	470	475	557
Va.	985	1,239	1,293	.93	1.02	1.16	932	1,269	1,499
W.Va.	682	749	768	.95	1.14	1.25	650	854	963
N.C.	934	1,149	1,160	.82	.93	1.04	770	1,072	1,204
S.C.	553	642	747	.74	.74	.74	412	478	550
Ga.	906	1,298	1,667	.55	.57	.50	495	746	832
Fla.	93	111	148	.55	.58	.53	51	64	78
Ky.	1,314	1,519	1,614	1.02	1.19	1.34	1,360	1,808	2,170
Tenn.	1,574	1,974	2,014	.90	1.11	1.18	1,432	2,196	2,377
Ala.	755	1,075	1,243	.73	.80	.67	.554	856	829
Miss.	720	1,033	980	1.15	1.23	1.15	843	1,269	1,125
Ark.	950	1,495	1,470	.99	1.10	1.12	943	1,648	1,642
La.	292	367	340	1.16	1.25	1.23	338	459	418
Okla.	1,045	1,220	1,458	1.04	1.40	1.36	1,096	1,709	1,990
Tex.	1,086	1,337	1,753	.94	1.16	.94	1,019	1,551	1,661
Mont.	1,978	1,771	1,980	1.08	1.34	1.39	2,140	2,373	2,759
Idaho	1,136	1,137	1,128	2.04	2.10	2.03	2,314	2,393	2,293
Wyo.	1,022	1,004	950	1.04	1.33	1.19	1,062	1,333	1,126
Colo.	1,472	1,460	1,422	1.39	1.61	1.59	2,054	2,350	2,260
N.Mex.	155	221	215	1.80	2.18	2.09	278	482	450
Ariz.	213	265	254	2.48	2.37	2.41	527	629	613
Utah	579	569	579	1.87	2.14	2.03	1,088	1,216	1,174
Nev.	307	408	409	1.54	1.63	1.56	476	666	636
Wash.	965	952	954	1.78	2.07	2.06	1,715	1,969	1,966
Oreg.	1,103	1,045	1,067	1.60	1.84	1.75	1,760	1,923	1,868
Calif.	1,781	1,829	1,832	2.50	2.65	2.79	4,445	4,846	5,107
U. S.	67,893	71,776	72,744	1.16	1.31	1.45	78,733	94,238	105,328

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT — BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS — Washington, D. C.,
ANNUAL SUMMARY — CROP REPORTING BOARD — December 18, 1942
December 1942 — 3:00 P.M.(E.W.T.)

ALL TAME HAY

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre 1/: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre 1/: 1941	Yield per acre 1/: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons		
Me.	990	890	910	0.87	0.77	0.93	857	686	894
N.H.	377	342	342	1.01	1.00	1.24	380	341	425
Vt.	928	863	875	1.16	1.05	1.33	1,082	910	1,161
Mass.	369	352	352	1.33	1.31	1.62	494	461	572
R.I.	41	34	35	1.23	1.21	1.40	50	41	49
Conn.	315	275	279	1.31	1.50	1.58	414	413	441
N.Y.	4,038	3,850	3,836	1.20	1.12	1.54	4,836	4,317	5,020
N.J.	222	226	236	1.51	1.49	1.61	335	337	379
Pa.	2,462	2,235	2,233	1.18	1.24	1.48	2,911	2,765	3,303
Ohio	2,623	2,427	2,322	1.14	1.37	1.58	2,987	3,325	3,659
Ind.	1,880	1,932	1,872	1.15	1.30	1.50	2,170	2,514	2,809
Ill.	2,716	2,756	2,671	1.23	1.34	1.48	3,345	3,680	3,942
Mich.	2,580	2,605	2,580	1.20	1.26	1.52	3,092	3,286	3,926
Wis.	3,301	3,992	3,852	1.39	1.73	1.95	4,629	6,902	7,513
Minn.	2,706	3,225	2,995	1.34	1.70	1.83	3,645	5,471	5,473
Iowa	3,147	3,665	3,583	1.34	1.51	1.87	4,195	5,518	6,709
Mo.	2,699	3,164	3,279	.89	1.07	1.33	2,403	3,372	4,349
N.Dak.	1,211	1,067	876	.91	1.44	1.51	1,083	1,537	1,327
S.Dak.	985	682	637	.82	1.12	1.57	801	766	1,003
Nebr.	1,466	970	1,022	1.32	1.57	1.87	1,947	1,527	1,907
Kans.	1,031	811	988	1.32	1.92	2.08	1,361	1,556	2,059
Del.	63	70	66	1.31	1.30	1.32	84	91	87
Md.	387	419	413	1.20	1.13	1.34	467	472	553
Va.	975	1,225	1,282	.94	1.03	1.16	924	1,257	1,489
W.Va.	671	725	748	.96	1.15	1.26	642	835	946
N.C.	907	1,132	1,144	.81	.93	1.03	744	1,052	1,184
S.C.	534	635	740	.74	.74	.73	398	471	543
Ga.	886	1,275	1,640	.54	.57	.49	480	725	809
Fla.	91	107	144	.54	.57	.52	50	61	75
Ky.	1,294	1,499	1,594	1.02	1.20	1.35	1,342	1,792	2,150
Tenn.	1,539	1,934	1,974	.91	1.13	1.18	1,405	2,162	2,339
Ala.	714	1,036	1,204	.72	.80	.66	521	825	796
Miss.	656	968	925	1.17	1.25	1.16	778	1,207	1,073
Ark.	789	1,351	1,330	1.00	1.10	1.12	792	1,482	1,488
La.	270	344	317	1.18	1.24	1.24	317	428	393
Okla.	546	812	1,009	1.23	1.53	1.39	674	1,240	1,406
Tex.	836	1,145	1,558	.96	1.16	.92	793	1,330	1,441
Mont.	1,464	1,136	1,250	1.20	1.59	1.59	1,739	1,801	1,993
Idaho	1,048	996	1,001	2.13	2.23	2.14	2,231	2,224	2,141
Wyo.	747	548	535	1.17	1.52	1.44	878	831	773
Colo.	1,118	1,068	1,022	1.54	1.80	1.80	1,728	1,919	1,840
N.Mex.	131	200	195	1.99	2.34	2.22	262	467	432
Ariz.	202	260	250	2.56	2.40	2.44	516	624	610
Utah	516	498	508	1.98	2.27	2.13	1,024	1,131	1,082
Nev.	186	189	190	1.90	2.13	2.19	355	403	417
Wash.	936	907	903	1.80	2.11	2.10	1,680	1,917	1,906
Oreg.	877	830	841	1.75	2.02	1.93	1,536	1,676	1,619
Calif.	1,630	1,645	1,648	2.64	2.79	2.94	4,276	4,588	4,840
U. S.	56,102	59,317	60,211	1.24	1.39	1.53	69,650	82,736	92,245

1/ Yields per acre computed from sums of acreages and productions by kinds of hay.

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WILD HAY 1/

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons		
Me.	7	7	6	0.93	0.85	1.10	6	6	7
N.H.	7	9	8	.90	.80	1.00	6	7	8
Vt.	8	10	8	.91	.95	1.15	8	9	9
Mass.	8	11	10	.92	.85	1.05	7	9	10
R.I.	1	1	1	.86	.80	.90	1	1	1
Conn.	9	8	6	1.07	1.05	1.10	9	8	7
N.Y.	45	55	55	.89	.80	1.00	41	44	55
N.J.	13	14	15	1.24	1.30	1.25	16	18	19
Pa.	13	16	15	.78	.90	1.10	10	14	16
Ohio	5	5	5	.72	.85	.85	3	4	4
Ind.	8	5	5	.87	1.15	1.00	7	6	5
Ill.	18	19	18	.80	.85	1.00	14	16	18
Mich.	35	23	23	.80	.95	1.00	28	22	23
Wis.	290	150	100	.97	1.20	1.25	277	180	125
Minn.	1,624	1,340	1,260	.90	1.10	1.15	1,470	1,474	1,449
Iowa	171	130	100	.97	1.15	1.20	165	138	120
Mo.	136	149	150	.96	1.05	1.40	132	156	210
N.Dak.	1,496	1,716	1,750	.71	.95	1.10	1,104	1,630	1,925
S.Dak.	1,600	2,205	2,112	.52	.60	.95	877	1,323	2,006
Nebr.	2,488	2,615	2,798	.62	.80	.90	1,565	2,092	2,518
Kans.	772	573	590	.85	1.10	1.25	658	630	738
Del.	1	1	1	1.04	1.00	1.00	1	1	1
Md.	4	3	4	.87	.90	.90	3	3	4
Va.	10	14	11	.76	.85	.95	8	12	10
W.Va.	11	24	20	.76	.80	.85	8	19	17
N.C.	26	17	16	.95	1.20	1.25	26	20	20
S.C.	18	7	7	.76	.95	.95	14	7	7
Ga.	19	23	27	.78	.90	.85	15	21	23
Fla.	2	4	4	.66	.70	.65	1	3	3
Ky.	20	20	20	.92	.80	1.00	18	16	20
Tenn.	35	40	40	.76	.85	.95	26	34	38
Ala.	41	39	39	.80	.80	.85	33	31	33
Miss.	64	65	55	.99	.95	.95	65	62	52
Ark.	160	144	140	.95	1.15	1.10	152	166	154
La.	21	23	23	1.00	1.35	1.10	21	31	25
Okla.	499	408	449	.85	1.15	1.30	423	469	584
Tex.	250	192	200	.90	1.15	1.10	226	221	220
Mont.	514	635	730	.77	.90	1.05	402	572	766
Idaho	88	141	127	.94	1.20	1.20	84	169	152
Wyo.	275	456	415	.66	1.10	.85	184	502	353
Colo.	354	392	400	.92	1.10	1.05	325	431	420
N.Mex.	23	21	20	.71	.70	.90	17	15	18
Ariz.	11	5	4	.96	1.00	.80	10	5	3
Utah	62	71	71	1.02	1.20	1.30	64	85	92
Nev.	121	219	219	.99	1.20	1.00	122	263	219
Wash.	30	45	46	1.18	1.15	1.30	35	52	60
Oreg.	226	215	226	.99	1.15	1.10	224	247	249
Calif.	151	184	184	1.09	1.40	1.45	169	258	267
U. S.	11,791	12,459	12,533	.76	.92	1.04	9,083	11,502	13,083

1/ Includes prairie, marsh, and salt grasses.

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ALFALFA HAY

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons		
Me.	6	6	6	1.52	1.30	1.40	9	8	8
N.H.	3	4	5	1.94	1.60	2.25	6	6	11
Vt.	11	16	19	2.19	1.80	2.30	25	29	44
Mass.	6	13	15	2.27	2.10	2.40	15	27	36
R.I.	1	1	1	2.30	2.20	2.30	2	2	2
Conn.	13	20	24	2.78	2.40	2.70	37	48	65
N.Y.	277	428	505	1.86	1.75	2.05	513	749	1,035
N.J.	41	62	66	2.16	2.05	2.20	89	127	145
Pa.	172	281	289	1.87	1.80	2.05	322	506	592
Ohio	384	486	515	1.83	1.90	2.15	719	923	1,107
Ind.	340	476	571	1.69	1.75	2.00	578	833	1,142
Ill.	377	582	588	2.05	2.35	2.40	767	1,368	1,411
Mich.	930	1,295	1,334	1.52	1.40	1.70	1,422	1,813	2,268
Wis.	762	1,255	1,167	1.88	2.15	2.45	1,459	2,698	2,859
Minn.	928	1,322	1,441	1.73	2.10	2.20	1,659	2,776	3,170
Iowa	746	1,055	1,129	2.02	2.30	2.65	1,504	2,426	2,992
Mo.	186	328	331	1.94	2.60	2.85	357	853	943
N.Dak.	178	131	179	1.02	1.50	1.70	185	196	304
S.Dak.	467	211	270	.91	1.25	1.80	431	264	486
Nebr.	1,043	632	777	1.45	1.75	2.05	1,533	1,106	1,593
Kans.	658	580	748	1.50	2.15	2.30	972	1,247	1,720
Del.	6	4	4	2.35	2.15	2.40	14	9	10
Md.	31	39	40	1.94	1.80	2.05	61	70	82
Va.	55	54	60	1.70	1.90	2.20	95	103	132
W.Va.	18	43	47	1.78	2.10	2.25	34	90	106
N.C.	7	7	7	1.78	1.80	2.00	12	13	14
S.C.	2	2	3	1.67	1.30	1.20	3	3	4
Ga.	5	5	5	1.74	1.90	1.75	9	10	9
Ky.	135	182	206	1.56	1.80	2.10	217	328	433
Tenn.	43	84	100	1.59	1.90	2.05	70	160	205
Ala.	4	5	5	1.38	1.80	1.50	5	9	8
Miss.	47	65	66	2.18	2.30	2.30	105	150	152
Ark.	68	90	90	1.84	2.30	2.25	125	207	202
La.	18	35	28	2.06	2.10	2.10	38	74	59
Okla.	240	298	298	1.70	2.25	2.25	407	670	670
Tex.	74	146	124	2.26	2.50	2.80	167	365	347
Mont.	671	650	696	1.58	1.85	1.80	1,061	1,202	1,253
Idaho	779	780	788	2.42	2.45	2.35	1,886	1,911	1,852
Wyo.	371	324	308	1.47	1.75	1.65	545	567	508
Colo.	677	646	652	1.87	2.15	2.10	1,265	1,389	1,369
N.Mex.	89	140	133	2.37	2.70	2.70	211	378	359
Ariz.	155	186	184	2.88	2.55	2.70	446	474	497
Utah	469	444	453	2.04	2.35	2.20	962	1,043	997
Nev.	137	137	138	2.15	2.40	2.50	296	329	345
Wash.	236	330	320	2.51	2.60	2.56	593	858	819
Oreg.	256	303	297	2.50	2.55	2.50	640	773	742
Calif.	746	780	819	4.09	4.10	4.20	3,038	3,198	3,440
U. S.	12,867	14,963	15,851	1.93	2.16	2.31	24,907	32,388	36,547

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CLOVER AND TIMOTHY HAY 1/

State	Acres harvested: Average 1930-39	Acres harvested: 1941	Acres harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons		
Me.	528	458	476	0.97	0.85	1.10	513	389	524
N.H.	208	158	164	1.14	1.05	1.35	237	166	221
Vt.	694	488	517	1.21	1.15	1.40	838	561	724
Mass.	264	207	213	1.44	1.45	1.75	379	300	373
R.I.	22	15	16	1.34	1.35	1.45	30	20	23
Conn.	170	134	134	1.38	1.55	1.65	236	208	221
N.Y.	3,203	2,619	2,645	1.19	1.10	1.55	3,802	2,881	4,100
N.J.	146	112	104	1.35	1.25	1.30	198	140	135
Pa.	2,149	1,732	1,732	1.14	1.15	1.40	2,438	1,992	2,425
Ohio	1,966	1,588	1,540	1.00	1.20	1.40	1,945	1,906	2,156
Ind.	1,027	863	837	.96	1.10	1.25	966	949	1,046
Ill.	1,164	1,145	1,202	1.08	1.15	1.30	1,251	1,317	1,563
Mich.	1,420	1,119	1,074	1.03	1.15	1.35	1,449	1,287	1,450
Wis.	2,035	2,404	2,452	1.24	1.55	1.75	2,568	3,726	4,291
Minn.	888	840	890	1.22	1.50	1.55	1,073	1,260	1,380
Iowa	1,712	1,945	2,042	1.09	1.15	1.50	1,864	2,237	3,063
Mo.	1,595	899	900	.77	.85	1.10	1,214	764	990
N.Dak.	23	7	5	.91	1.45	1.55	21	10	8
S.Dak.	28	10	11	.76	1.05	1.30	21	10	14
Nebr.	48	6	9	.94	1.15	1.35	48	6	12
Kans.	96	27	29	.93	1.25	1.35	93	34	39
Del.	40	34	28	1.20	1.25	1.20	48	42	34
Md.	299	291	271	1.12	1.00	1.20	336	291	325
Va.	451	392	368	.98	1.05	1.15	446	412	423
W.Va.	426	349	366	.95	1.10	1.25	402	384	458
N.C.	64	58	57	.90	.95	1.10	58	55	63
Ga.	4	4	4	.95	.80	.85	4	3	3
Ky.	378	297	279	.93	1.05	1.20	354	312	335
Tenn.	241	163	156	.90	1.10	1.15	216	179	179
Ala.	5	5	5	.82	.90	.85	4	4	4
Miss.	5	7	7	1.24	1.25	1.10	6	9	8
Ark.	49	16	16	.88	1.15	1.15	43	18	18
La.	--	12	14	--	1.00	1.10	--	12	15
Mont.	228	167	184	1.28	1.60	1.65	294	267	304
Idaho	136	127	119	1.36	1.55	1.40	187	197	167
Wyo.	105	91	108	1.04	1.45	1.40	110	132	151
Colo.	151	156	156	1.32	1.50	1.50	199	234	234
N.Mex.	7	9	11	1.26	1.45	1.30	9	13	14
Utah	21	20	21	1.41	1.80	1.70	29	36	36
Nev.	22	23	23	1.25	1.60	1.50	28	37	34
Wash.	191	189	195	2.08	2.15	2.25	397	406	439
Oreg.	109	102	110	1.56	1.90	1.85	170	194	204
Calif.	36	37	37	1.62	1.90	1.90	58	70	70
U.S.	22,363	19,324	19,527	1.10	1.21	1.45	24,587	23,470	28,276

1/ Excludes sweetclover and lespedeza hay.

GRAINS CUT GREEN FOR HAY

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons		
Me.	6	11	9	1.92	1.75	2.00	11	19	18
N.H.	7	8	8	1.88	1.80	1.90	14	14	15
Vt.	29	33	29	1.78	1.80	2.00	52	59	58
Mass.	8	9	9	2.07	1.90	2.10	17	17	19
R.I.	2	2	2	1.76	1.75	1.85	3	4	4
Conn.	10	9	8	1.75	1.90	1.80	17	17	14
N.Y.	48	70	40	1.58	1.40	1.80	75	98	72
N.J.	9	8	8	1.52	1.60	1.70	13	13	14
Pa.	18	28	28	1.15	1.35	1.35	20	38	38
Ohio	40	44	26	.81	1.15	1.20	32	51	31
Ind.	53	81	49	.75	.90	.95	38	73	47
Ill.	58	58	19	.73	1.00	1.05	40	58	20
Mich.	32	28	18	.85	.95	1.10	26	27	20
Wis.	163	74	36	1.03	1.30	1.35	153	96	49
Minn.	160	80	30	.84	1.30	1.35	109	104	40
Iowa	149	255	51	.96	1.05	1.20	121	268	61
Mo.	182	412	194	.66	.75	.90	115	309	175
N.Dak.	574	99	99	.78	1.35	1.35	413	134	134
S.Dak.	319	102	45	.62	.80	1.00	183	82	45
Nebr.	161	141	72	.72	1.00	1.00	95	141	72
Kans.	71	34	30	.82	1.10	1.15	54	37	34
Del.	1	2	2	1.34	1.80	1.50	2	4	3
Md.	5	6	6	1.48	1.45	1.70	7	9	10
Va.	33	40	37	.81	.85	1.20	27	34	44
W.Va.	25	28	25	.77	1.00	1.00	19	28	25
N.C.	57	72	67	.98	.95	1.05	56	68	70
S.C.	22	20	22	.74	.80	.75	17	16	16
Ga.	32	31	39	.73	.65	.60	23	20	23
Ky.	63	35	32	.80	.75	.85	48	26	27
Tenn.	64	53	46	.69	.60	.80	43	32	37
Ala.	15	17	17	.80	.85	.70	12	14	12
Miss.	5	8	8	.92	1.05	1.15	5	8	9
Ark.	78	80	70	.69	.60	1.00	54	48	70
La.	2	3	3	.89	1.05	1.10	2	3	3
Okla.	75	53	40	.79	.90	.80	58	48	32
Tex.	101	55	44	.86	.90	.80	87	50	35
Mont.	400	155	155	.62	1.00	1.10	225	155	170
Idaho	105	54	54	1.21	1.30	1.40	126	70	76
Wyo.	87	55	35	.66	1.00	.95	58	55	33
Colo.	128	86	64	.88	1.10	1.10	112	95	70
N.Mex.	18	20	21	1.16	1.50	1.25	21	30	26
Ariz.	40	64	53	1.47	2.00	1.70	58	128	90
Utah	9	7	7	1.11	1.30	1.30	10	9	9
Nev.	4	7	7	1.10	1.20	1.30	5	8	9
Wash.	389	263	237	1.32	1.65	1.65	509	434	391
Oreg.	352	197	217	1.30	1.40	1.30	460	276	282
Calif.	710	721	685	1.39	1.60	1.70	981	1,154	1,164
U.S.	4,916	3,718	2,803	.96	1.21	1.33	4,623	4,481	3,716

mbp

MISCELLANEOUS TAME HAY

State	Acreage Harvested			Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand Tons		
Me.	450	415	419	0.72	0.65	0.82	325	270	344
N.H.	159	172	165	.78	.90	1.08	123	155	178
Vt.	193	326	310	.87	.80	1.08	167	261	335
Mass.	91	123	115	.92	.95	1.25	83	117	144
R.I.	16	16	16	.97	.95	1.25	16	15	20
Conn.	122	112	113	1.02	1.25	1.25	125	140	141
N.Y.	502	730	642	.88	.80	1.10	441	584	706
N.J.	18	22	24	1.30	1.25	1.30	24	28	31
Pa.	98	144	130	.92	1.05	1.20	90	151	156
Ohio	41	56	51	.92	1.10	1.20	38	62	61
Ind.	39	30	30	.88	.95	1.15	33	28	34
Ill.	280	313	263	.64	.60	.65	179	188	171
Mich.	127	117	119	.86	.90	1.15	108	105	137
Wis.	154	120	120	1.15	1.25	1.45	173	150	174
Minn.	519	598	508	1.04	1.30	1.40	550	777	711
Iowa	85	49	40	1.14	1.30	1.50	97	64	60
Mo.	205	144	158	.80	.85	1.10	167	122	174
N.Dak.	209	480	418	1.02	1.40	1.50	229	672	627
S.Dak.	128	310	273	.85	1.15	1.50	128	356	410
Nebr.	178	163	130	1.30	1.50	1.50	237	244	195
Kans.	158	92	90	1.19	1.50	1.60	192	138	144
Del.	2	2	2	1.18	1.15	1.15	3	2	2
Md.	13	15	15	1.01	1.00	1.10	14	15	16
Va.	94	84	87	.82	.90	1.00	78	76	87
W.Va.	160	217	228	.82	1.00	1.10	133	217	251
N.C.	99	53	60	.91	.95	1.05	90	50	63
S.C.	30	13	12	.64	.95	.90	19	12	11
Ga.	92	43	38	.84	.90	.70	77	39	27
Fla.	23	10	10	.80	.90	.75	18	9	8
Ky.	218	165	165	.76	.90	1.00	163	148	165
Tenn.	266	137	132	.77	.90	1.00	200	123	132
Ala.	128	140	126	.93	1.00	.95	120	140	120
Miss.	136	109	111	1.13	1.25	1.10	155	136	122
Ark.	142	128	129	1.02	1.20	1.25	146	154	161
La.	65	54	49	1.24	1.25	1.20	80	68	59
Okla.	134	306	290	.98	1.25	1.30	134	382	377
Tex.	331	536	525	1.07	1.25	1.15	350	670	604
Mont.	117	89	135	.96	1.10	1.20	115	98	162
Idaho	28	35	40	1.16	1.30	1.15	32	46	46
Wyo.	174	69	72	.88	.95	.90	153	66	65
Colo.	147	166	133	.91	1.10	1.10	135	183	146
N.Mex.	17	31	30	1.20	1.50	1.10	20	46	33
Ariz.	7	10	13	1.72	2.20	1.80	12	22	23
Utah	18	27	27	1.32	1.60	1.50	24	43	40
Nev.	22	22	22	1.15	1.30	1.30	26	29	29
Wash.	119	125	156	1.52	1.75	1.65	181	219	257
Oreg.	160	228	217	1.66	1.90	1.80	266	433	391
Calif	138	107	107	1.44	1.55	1.55	198	166	166
U.S.	6,652	7,453	7,065	.97	1.10	1.21	6,466	8,219	8,516

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT — Bureau of Agricultural Economics — Washington, D. C.,
ANNUAL SUMMARY — CROP REPORTING BOARD — December 18, 1942
December 1942 — 3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

COWPEAS FOR HAY

State	Acreage harvested: Av. 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Av. 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Av. 1930-39	1941	1942	COWPEAS GRAZED OR PLOWED UNDER: Av. 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons			Thousand acres		
N.J.	1	2	2	1.37	1.50	1.40	2	3	3	--	--	---
Pa.	1/ 1	1	1	1/ 1.49	1.55	1.65	1/ 2	2	2	--	--	--
Ind.	20	9	8	1.22	1.20	1.20	25	11	10	3	4	3
Ill.	130	118	80	1.00	.75	1.10	129	88	88	1/18	21	15
Mo.	71	70	35	.96	1.05	1.40	68	74	49	8	32	18
Kans.	4	8	12	.97	.95	1.35	4	8	16	2	13	43
Del.	1	1	1	1.11	1.25	1.30	1	1	1	---	---	---
Md.	7	5	4	1.25	1.35	1.50	9	7	6	1/ 2	2	3
Va.	71	34	20	.98	1.05	1.15	70	36	23	16	13	26
W.Va.	2	1	1	1.26	1.50	1.40	2	2	1	---	---	---
N.C.	159	143	148	.79	.80	.85	127	114	126	52	165	147
S.C.	423	454	500	.74	.70	.70	318	318	350	96	192	208
Ga.	208	328	288	.66	.55	.65	139	213	187	97	131	149
Fla.	13	13	12	.67	.55	.65	9	7	8	16	26	30
Ky.	49	41	35	1.11	1.35	1.35	56	55	47	8	7	7
Tenn.	162	108	93	.85	1.00	1.05	138	108	98	22	30	27
Ala.	88	114	148	.78	.80	.75	70	91	111	68	85	78
Miss.	127	157	144	.98	1.05	1.00	127	165	144	111	187	149
Ark.	226	174	98	.92	1.00	.95	208	174	93	173	269	179
La.	67	38	30	1.06	.80	.90	70	30	27	77	128	103
Okla.	34	53	58	.76	.90	.95	26	48	55	61	106	107
Tex.	93	84	96	.63	.75	.70	58	63	67	278	546	427
U.S.	1,961	1,956	1,814	.84	.83	.83	1,660	1,618	1,512	1,101	1,957	1,707

1/ Short-time average.

PEANUTS FOR HAY

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons		
Virginia	114	113	108	0.47	0.60	0.65	54	68	70
North Carolina	218	206	175	.54	.65	.65	117	134	114
Tennessee	11	7	10	.61	.75	.85	6	5	8
Total (Va.-N.C. Area)	342	326	293	.52	.63	.66	177	207	192
South Carolina	12	16	58	.54	.52	.51	7	8	30
Georgia	482	640	1,037	.35	.40	.35	170	256	363
Florida	60	84	122	.41	.53	.48	25	45	59
Alabama	245	302	513	.49	.50	.45	121	151	231
Mississippi	25	20	45	.72	.80	.60	18	16	27
Total (S.E. Area)	824	1,062	1,775	.41	.45	.40	340	476	710
Arkansas	31	30	48	.73	.90	.75	22	27	36
Louisiana	17	18	28	.74	.70	.70	12	13	20
Oklahoma	44	74	270	.67	.85	.80	30	63	216
Texas	231	312	756	.56	.55	.50	127	172	378
Total (S.W. Area)	323	434	1,102	.60	.63	.59	191	275	650
United States	1,489	1,822	3,170	.47	.53	.49	709	958	1,552

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SOYBEANS FOR HAY

State	Acreage harvested: Av. 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Av. 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Av. 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942	SOYBEANS GRAZED OR PLOWED UNDER: Av. 1930-39	SOYBEANS GRAZED OR PLOWED UNDER: 1941	SOYBEANS GRAZED OR PLOWED UNDER: 1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons			Thousand acres		
N.Y.	4	3	4	1.54	1.60	1.80	6	5	7	1/ 1	2	6
N.J.	6	20	32	1.44	1.30	1.60	9	26	51	1/ 6	8	5
Pa.	26	49	53	1.48	1.55	1.70	39	76	90	4	13	20
Ohio	163	221	158	1.31	1.55	1.65	223	343	261	18	28	29
Ind.	352	370	259	1.34	1.35	1.50	480	500	388	74	49	52
Ill.	630	420	347	1.40	1.30	1.40	898	546	486	1/ 112	55	79
Mich.	24	23	19	1.31	1.25	1.60	34	29	30	---	26	35
Wis.	136	105	53	1.43	1.70	1.85	202	178	98	1/ 15	26	24
Minn.	---	178	41	---	1.60	1.50	---	285	62	---	12	99
Iowa	397	297	286	1.37	1.50	1.70	547	446	486	33	49	44
Mo.	293	250	126	1.08	1.15	1.40	311	288	176	40	193	144
S.Dak.	---	4	2	---	1.00	1.30	---	4	3	---	1	3
Nebr.	6	6	4	1.04	1.10	1.15	6	7	5	---	6	11
Kans.	32	26	20	1.02	1.60	1.65	33	42	33	1/ 3	10	58
Del.	12	17	18	1.26	1.30	1.30	15	22	23	1/ 5	6	6
Md.	28	40	47	1.32	1.40	1.60	37	56	75	4	11	10
Va.	81	95	72	1.09	1.20	1.40	89	114	101	25	37	53
W.Va.	39	50	34	1.31	1.50	1.55	51	75	53	1/ 4	5	4
N.C.	166	208	188	.97	1.12	1.20	162	233	226	103	194	122
S.C.	22	40	33	.82	.95	.95	18	38	31	22	44	47
Ga.	60	106	81	.86	.85	.88	52	90	71	28	54	43
Ky.	89	132	133	1.22	1.60	1.60	109	211	213	22	35	23
Tenn.	138	140	133	.98	1.35	1.35	134	189	180	76	159	162
Ala.	164	313	250	.92	.95	.85	151	297	212	33	31	25
Miss.	214	295	236	1.18	1.25	1.15	255	369	271	119	277	237
Ark.	118	139	143	.98	1.15	1.20	118	160	172	87	193	148
La.	65	110	90	1.16	1.20	1.25	75	132	112	120	297	238
Okla.	10	8	16	.81	.95	1.20	8	8	19	4	8	9
Tex.	1/ 9	12	13	1/ .62	.80	.75	1/ 6	10	10	1/ 20	4	12
U.S.	3,304	3,677	2,891	1.22	1.30	1.36	4,098	4,779	3,945	949	1,833	1,748

1/ Short-time average.

LESPEDEZA HAY 1/

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons		
Ohio	---	11	12	---	1.25	1.35	---	14	16
Ind.	---	85	100	---	1.15	1.20	---	98	120
Ill.	2/ 95	90	150	2/ .92	.90	1.15	2/ 100	81	172
Mo.	2/ 258	1,033	1,500	2/ .85	.90	1.20	2/ 266	930	1,800
Kans.	---	30	45	---	1.10	1.25	---	33	56
Del.	---	10	11	---	1.10	1.25	---	11	14
Md.	---	23	30	---	1.05	1.30	---	24	39
Va.	2/ 84	399	519	2/ .94	1.00	1.15	2/ 80	399	597
W. Va.	---	37	47	---	1.05	1.10	---	39	52
N. C.	137	385	442	.93	1.00	1.15	128	385	508
S. C.	2/ 36	90	112	2/ .73	.85	.90	2/ 26	76	101
Ga.	2/ 18	118	148	2/ .87	.80	.85	2/ 16	94	126
Ky.	362	647	744	1.06	1.10	1.25	395	712	930
Tenn.	614	1,242	1,304	.95	1.10	1.15	597	1,366	1,500
Ala.	25	140	140	.82	.85	.70	21	119	98
Miss.	95	300	300	1.11	1.15	1.10	107	345	330
Ark.	73	694	736	.93	1.00	1.00	72	694	736
La.	33	74	75	1.10	1.30	1.30	37	96	98
Okla.	---	20	37	---	1.05	1.00	---	21	37
U.S.	1,696	5,428	6,452	.99	1.02	1.14	1,709	5,537	7,330

1/ Additional quantities, produced in other States and other years, included in miscellaneous tame hay. 2/ Short-time average.

mjd

SWEETCLOVER HAY

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Tons			Thousand tons		
Ohio	25	21	20	1.06	1.25	1.35	27	26	27
Ind.	21	18	18	1.05	1.20	1.20	22	22	22
Ill.	18	30	22	1.20	1.15	1.40	21	34	31
Mich.	47	23	16	1.12	1.10	1.30	52	25	21
Wis.	52	34	24	1.45	1.60	1.75	74	54	42
Minn.	190	207	85	1.18	1.30	1.30	222	269	110
Iowa	58	64	35	1.07	1.20	1.35	63	77	47
Mo.	12	28	35	1.08	1.15	1.20	13	32	42
N.Dak.	227	350	175	1.04	1.50	1.45	236	525	254
S.Dak.	43	45	36	.86	1.10	1.25	38	50	45
Nebr.	31	23	30	.88	1.00	1.00	28	23	30
Kans.	10	14	14	.96	1.20	1.20	10	17	17
Va.	--	14	11	--	1.10	1.10	--	15	12
Miss.	--	7	8	--	1.25	1.20	--	9	10
Mont.	48	75	80	.90	1.05	1.30	44	79	104
Wyo.	11	9	12	1.16	1.35	1.35	12	11	16
Colo.	16	14	17	1.05	1.30	1.25	17	18	21
U.S.	815	976	638	1.09	1.32	1.33	884	1,286	851

POPCORN 1/

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1935-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre 2/: Average 1935-39	1941	1942	Production 2/: Average 1935-39	1941	1942
	Acres			Pounds			Thousand pounds		
Ohio	8,300	8,300	9,000	1,555	1,750	2,100	12,662	14,525	18,900
Ind.	7,400	12,000	12,000	1,920	1,500	1,900	13,740	18,000	22,800
Ill.	9,000	9,400	9,900	1,490	1,625	1,750	13,202	15,275	17,325
Mich.	3,360	2,825	2,550	1,232	1,100	1,650	4,093	3,108	4,208
Iowa	22,140	40,200	34,600	1,088	1,300	1,600	24,464	52,260	55,360
Mo.	3/ 2,300	8,500	11,500	3/1,253	700	1,600	3/2,920	5,950	18,400
Nebr.	5,220	2,300	2,900	612	1,200	1,300	3,032	2,760	3,770
Kans.	4,548	5,000	3,700	652	1,050	1,325	3,154	3,150	4,902
Ky.	880	1,500	2,000	890	800	1,200	782	1,200	2,400
Tex.	6,890	4,350	3,000	1,270	900	1,200	8,298	3,915	3,600
Calif.	3/2,088	2,100	2,300	3/1,000	800	700	3/2,079	1,680	1,610
U.S.	70,788	94,475	93,450	1,242	1,290	1,640	86,853	121,823	153,275

1/ In principal commercial producing States.
2/ Of ear corn; 70 pounds to the bushel. 3/ Short-time average.

BROOMCORN

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Pounds			Tons		
Ill.	38	26	15	490	600	385	9,360	7,800	2,900
Kans.	32	19	12	184	335	320	3,110	3,100	1,900
Okla.	124	60	62	233	340	385	14,420	10,200	11,900
Tex.	25	23	21	287	365	315	3,660	4,200	3,300
Colo.	50	62	59	177	290	230	4,510	9,000	8,000
N.Mex.	48	60	45	226	400	300	5,580	12,000	6,800
U.S.	319	250	214	256.2	370.2	330.4	40,710	46,300	35,400

mjd

RED CLOVER SEED

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Acres			Bushels			Bushels		
N.Y.	6,770	13,000	9,600	1.26	1.20	1.00	8,460	15,600	9,600
Pa.	19,500	31,000	13,000	.98	1.00	1.10	18,720	31,000	14,300
Ohio	117,100	225,000	169,000	.96	.95	.85	111,200	214,000	144,000
Ind.	167,000	244,000	134,000	.93	.90	.70	152,500	220,000	94,000
Ill.	178,700	180,000	209,000	.97	.80	.70	177,200	144,000	146,000
Mich.	82,400	140,000	77,000	1.05	1.10	.95	87,300	154,000	73,000
Wis.	58,600	185,000	120,000	1.19	1.10	.90	70,600	204,000	108,000
Minn.	31,450	50,000	56,000	1.38	.90	1.00	43,520	45,000	56,000
Iowa	102,080	104,000	185,000	.79	.80	.80	86,620	83,000	148,000
Mo.	46,600	81,000	90,000	.97	1.00	1.10	46,930	81,000	99,000
Kans.	11,200	14,000	16,800	.80	.80	1.00	8,760	11,200	16,800
Md.	20,150	29,000	14,000	1.30	.80	.80	23,630	23,000	11,200
Va.	9,100	19,000	5,000	1/1.09	1.10	.80	10,370	21,000	4,000
Ky. 2/	9,200	18,000	18,200	1.47	1.30	1.65	13,300	23,000	30,000
Idaho	28,700	35,000	18,200	4.56	4.40	4.60	128,500	154,000	84,000
Wash.	1/3,200	3,000	2,000	1/2.95	3.50	3.50	1/9,520	10,500	7,000
Oreg.	19,390	11,700	12,000	2.36	3.00	3.10	45,900	35,000	37,000
U. S.	921,900	1,382,700	1,148,800	1.17	1.06	.94	1,056,870	1,469,300	1,081,900

1/ Short-time average.
2/ Includes a small percentage of alsike clover seed.

ALSIKE CLOVER SEED

State	Acres harvested: Average 1930-39	Acres harvested: 1941	Acres harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Acres			Bushels			Bushels		
N.Y.	1,330	1,500	1,000	1.68	1.80	1.80	2,250	2,700	1,800
Ohio	43,400	21,000	14,100	1.62	1.85	2.05	66,300	39,000	29,000
Ind.	9,200	6,000	3,000	1.32	1.20	1.10	11,160	7,200	3,300
Ill.	14,450	9,000	8,000	1.46	1.40	2.00	20,380	12,600	16,000
Mich.	15,800	10,000	5,000	1.66	2.10	2.00	25,640	21,000	10,000
Wis.	14,590	16,000	4,000	1.81	2.50	2.50	27,440	40,000	10,000
Minn.	29,390	23,000	22,000	2.69	2.10	2.40	80,600	48,000	53,000
Iowa	4,920	3,200	5,400	1.50	1.20	1.10	7,670	3,800	5,900
Mo.	1,400	1,800	1,400	1.36	1.30	1.20	1,920	2,300	1,700
Idaho	3,300	5,200	5,200	5.58	5.00	5.00	17,920	26,000	26,000
Oreg.	13,070	20,000	18,000	3.97	5.50	5.50	53,000	110,000	99,000
U. S.	150,850	116,700	87,100	2.12	2.68	2.94	314,280	312,600	255,700

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ALFALFA SEED

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Acres			Bushels			Bushels		
Ohio	15,000	29,000	9,000	1.16	.90	.75	16,790	26,000	6,800
Ind.	6,450	16,800	2,000	.94	.85	.85	5,800	14,300	1,700
Mich.	64,400	84,000	38,000	1.28	.85	.75	69,020	71,000	28,000
Wis.	28,770	28,000	9,000	1.07	1.10	.80	30,820	31,000	7,200
Minn.	68,530	72,000	48,000	1.37	.80	.90	92,680	58,000	43,000
Iowa	10,230	24,000	7,900	1.40	.90	1.00	13,470	22,000	7,900
N.Dak.	16,290	15,000	9,000	.91	1.00	.80	15,120	15,000	7,200
S.Dak.	29,370	16,000	18,400	1.00	1.50	1.10	30,200	24,000	20,000
Nebr.	56,900	76,000	65,000	1.38	1.20	1.25	77,740	91,000	81,000
Kans.	70,200	125,000	112,000	1.74	1.20	1.20	122,320	150,000	134,000
Okla.	43,200	85,000	76,000	2.20	1.40	1.75	89,150	119,000	133,000
Tex.	3,920	9,000	8,000	2.78	1.80	4.00	11,170	16,200	32,000
Mont.	34,200	67,000	74,000	2.00	1.75	1.30	72,580	117,000	96,000
Idaho	46,600	30,000	15,000	2.56	1.45	1.70	115,030	44,000	26,000
Wyo.	16,050	22,000	22,000	2.12	1.90	1.60	34,570	42,000	35,000
Colo.	22,700	9,500	16,200	2.41	1.40	1.60	55,400	13,300	26,000
N.Mex.	4,260	5,300	8,500	3.41	1.60	3.00	13,550	8,500	26,000
Ariz.	23,200	34,000	36,000	4.68	2.50	4.00	103,400	85,000	144,000
Utah	32,700	30,000	27,000	1.80	1.50	1.50	60,560	45,000	40,000
Wash.	--	3,000	3,500	--	2.00	3.50	--	6,000	12,200
Oreg.	5,470	6,000	5,000	2.63	1.50	1.50	14,200	9,000	7,500
Calif.	16,650	17,600	15,000	3.36	2.40	4.00	56,110	42,000	60,000
U.S.	616,180	804,200	624,500	1.82	1.30	1.56	1,101,310	1,049,300	974,500

TIMOTHY SEED

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Acres			Bushels			Bushels		
Pa.	4,890	4,500	5,600	2.82	2.65	2.95	13,900	11,900	16,500
Ohio	35,400	43,000	53,000	3.19	3.25	3.35	120,070	140,000	178,000
Ind.	13,460	13,800	13,800	2.98	3.00	3.00	42,850	41,000	41,000
Ill.	60,280	40,000	34,000	2.52	2.80	2.80	162,260	112,000	95,000
Wis.	10,240	15,000	20,000	3.19	3.40	4.00	33,900	51,000	80,000
Minn.	35,290	28,000	39,000	3.69	3.50	4.10	131,670	98,000	160,000
Iowa	242,900	183,000	210,000	3.62	3.75	4.10	971,210	686,000	861,000
Mo.	82,400	48,000	60,000	3.03	2.80	3.20	274,030	134,000	192,000
U.S.	487,110	375,300	435,400	3.34	3.39	3.73	1,755,280	1,273,900	1,623,500

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Agricultural Economics
CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
December 18, 1942
3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

LESPEDEZA SEED

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
		Acres			Pounds			Thousand pounds	
Ind.	---	28,000	25,000	---	230	190	---	6,400	4,800
Ill.	1/21,000	24,000	12,000	1/175	190	150	1/ 3,900	4,600	1,800
Mo.	1/67,333	248,000	180,000	1/159	230	165	1/11,903	57,000	29,700
Kans.	---	46,000	48,000	---	200	190	---	9,200	9,100
Va.	1/17,889	27,000	34,000	1/228	250	270	1/ 3,757	6,800	9,200
N.C.	92,300	150,000	185,000	159	190	210	15,377	28,500	38,800
S.C.	---	30,000	42,000	---	185	215	---	5,600	9,000
Ga.	---	27,000	40,000	---	200	210	---	5,400	8,400
Ky.	83,100	82,000	92,000	174	215	265	16,540	17,600	24,400
Tenn.	89,200	114,000	122,000	163	230	250	16,790	26,200	30,500
Ala.	---	15,000	16,000	---	180	200	---	2,700	3,200
Miss.	3,590	20,000	18,000	104	150	185	387	3,000	3,300
Ark.	---	18,000	22,000	---	240	275	---	4,300	6,000
La.	3,710	9,900	11,600	106	140	130	396	1,400	1,500
U.S.	360,620	838,900	847,600	163.8	213.0	212.0	65,786	178,700	179,700

1/ Short-time average.

SWEETCLOVER SEED

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
		Acres			Bushels			Bushels	
Ohio	9,600	8,000	9,000	2.31	2.50	2.70	20,940	20,000	24,000
Ind.	5,040	5,900	5,900	2.26	2.80	1.90	10,480	16,500	11,200
Ill.	21,500	33,000	17,000	2.17	2.00	1.90	45,800	66,000	32,000
Mich.	---	4,000	5,000	----	2.60	3.30	---	10,400	16,500
Wis.	3,230	3,300	2,600	3.14	3.30	3.20	10,230	10,900	8,300
Minn.	124,200	147,000	88,000	3.75	2.10	3.60	413,100	309,000	317,000
Iowa	22,000	29,000	14,800	2.58	2.05	2.10	49,320	59,000	31,000
Mo.	5,600	10,600	7,000	2.24	2.40	2.50	13,170	25,000	17,500
N.Dak.	35,900	15,000	15,000	2.68	2.90	2.30	95,060	44,000	34,000
S.Dak.	28,220	16,900	10,000	2.36	2.20	2.80	68,480	37,000	28,000
Nebr.	19,800	20,000	21,000	2.53	1.90	2.50	50,540	38,000	52,000
Kans.	20,800	42,000	36,000	2.57	2.60	2.50	54,980	109,000	90,000
Mont.	4,920	3,000	5,400	2.42	4.00	4.00	12,470	12,000	22,000
Wyo.	3,210	1,300	3,000	3.36	3.00	3.10	10,700	3,900	9,300
Colo.	5,100	6,500	9,100	4.02	4.00	3.50	20,500	26,000	32,000
U.S.	313,020	345,500	248,800	2.96	2.28	2.91	887,170	786,700	724,800

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BEANS, DRY EDIBLE 1/

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production 2/: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Equivalent cleaned production 1942
	Thousand acres			Lb.			Thousand bags 3/			Thous. bags 3/
Maine	8	9	8	950	1,140	1,040	81	103	83	77
Vt.	3	2	2	611	720	620	18	14	12	11
N.Y.	143	167	145	797	870	990	1,144	1,453	1,436	1,350
Mich.	549	684	563	763	770	1,070	4,082	5,267	6,024	5,482
Wis.	5	5	3	408	630	630	19	32	19	15
Minn.	5	4	5	363	560	570	16	22	28	21
Nebr.	14	27	35	844	1,600	1,600	129	432	560	521
Kans.	5	1	1	4/ 375	350	420	22	4	5	5
Mont.	23	20	25	1,130	1,420	1,350	249	284	338	308
Idaho	115	118	135	1,346	1,600	1,500	1,525	1,888	2,025	1,802
Wyo.	41	60	77	1,124	1,400	1,275	475	840	983	884
Colo.	310	379	307	388	581	620	1,254	1,621	1,903	1,789
N.Mex.	161	334	251	296	528	430	483	1,236	1,079	1,025
Ariz.	10	13	13	441	460	525	42	60	68	63
Utah	4/ 3	5	6	4/ 539	760	900	4/ 22	38	54	49
Wash.	1	5	5	4/ 960	1,200	1,120	8	60	56	53
Oreg.	2	1	3	658	1,020	1,400	11	10	42	35
Calif.	326	389	386	1,205	1,321	1,268	3,939	5,139	4,894	4,649
U.S.	1,724	2,023	1,970	789.1	914.6	995.3	13,510	18,503	19,608	18,139

1/ Includes beans grown for seed. 2/ Uncleaned.
3/ Bags of 100 pounds. 4/ Short-time average.

PEAS, DRY FIELD 1/

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Pounds			Thousand bags 2/		
Mich.	13	6	4	684	750	930	82	45	37
Wis.	15	14	7	738	660	750	110	92	52
Mont.	25	27	40	998	1,280	1,230	244	340	492
Idaho	74	65	124	1,119	1,320	1,250	820	858	1,550
Colo.	15	24	27	726	900	1,000	110	216	270
Wash.	91	130	247	1,158	1,500	1,700	1,088	1,950	4,199
Oreg.	3/ 3		10	25	3/ 1,058	1,993	2,238	3/ 29	199	560
U.S.	234	276	474	1,060	1,341	1,510	2,471	3,700	7,160

1/ In principal commercial producing States. Includes peas grown for seed.
2/ Bags of 100 pounds. 3/ Short-time average.

VELVETBEANS 1/

State	Total acreage: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Pounds			Thousand tons		
S.C.	80	85	82	997	1,100	1,075	40	47	44
Ga.	1,071	1,188	1,009	833	850	810	442	505	409
Fla.	189	218	197	598	600	540	56	65	53
Ala.	437	474	414	779	950	800	171	225	166
Miss.	77	103	93	1,030	940	980	39	48	46
La.	56	97	89	779	800	710	22	39	32
U.S.	1,910	2,165	1,884	806.0	858.2	796.2	771	929	750

1/ The figures refer to the yield and entire production of velvetbeans in the hull, whether grazed or harvested otherwise.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT — BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS — Washington, D. C.,
ANNUAL SUMMARY — CROP REPORTING BOARD — December 18, 1942
December 1942 — 3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

PEANUTS PICKED AND THRESHED

State	Acreage harvested 1/			Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Pounds			Thousand pounds		
Va.	140	134	155	1,042	1,265	1,300	146,390	169,510	201,500
N.C.	232	229	267	1,062	1,160	1,400	246,869	265,640	373,800
Tenn.	11	7	10	676	775	750	7,390	5,425	7,500
Total	383	370	432	1,044	1,191	1,349	400,648	440,575	582,800
S.C.	14	17	60	666	510	675	8,962	8,670	40,500
Ga.	506	650	1,080	654	710	625	330,416	487,500	675,000
Fla.	64	87	130	558	710	630	35,702	61,770	81,900
Ala.	252	315	540	700	800	700	160,606	252,000	378,000
Miss.	28	27	60	512	520	510	14,458	14,040	30,600
Total	852	1,096	1,870	638	752	645	550,144	823,980	1,206,000
Ark.	20	19	45	435	375	400	8,570	7,125	18,000
La.	11	9	28	434	325	380	4,804	2,925	10,640
Okla.	37	88	295	462	525	600	16,814	46,200	177,000
Tex.	191	332	1,020	463	470	500	86,458	156,040	510,000
Total	259	448	1,388	459	474	516	116,646	212,290	715,640
U.S.	1,504	1,914	3,690	708.2	771.6	678.7	1,067,438	1,476,845	2,504,440

1/ Equivalent solid acreage. (Acreage grown alone, with an allowance for acreage grown with other crops).

PEANUT ACREAGE (For All Purposes)

State	Grown alone			Interplanted			Equivalent solid 1/		
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Thousand acres			Thousand acres		
Va.	141	137	160	3	0	0	143	137	160
N.C.	248	242	286	5	4	2	250	244	287
Tenn.	11	7	10	0	0	0	11	7	10
Total	400	386	456	8	4	2	404	388	457
S.C.	18	24	79	4	4	4	20	26	81
Ga.	598	770	1,348	596	620	500	896	1,080	1,598
Fla.	135	202	265	298	306	290	284	355	410
Ala.	367	460	810	206	122	128	470	521	874
Miss.	36	35	75	6	4	6	39	37	78
Total	1,154	1,491	2,577	1,110	1,086	928	1,710	2,019	3,041
Ark.	54	49	86	4	4	4	56	51	88
La.	33	28	54	3	2	4	35	29	56
Okla.	55	109	340	2	2	6	56	110	343
Tex.	287	398	1,134	19	12	24	293	404	1,146
Total	430	584	1,614	21	20	38	441	594	1,633
U.S.	1,984	2,461	4,647	1,140	1,080	968	2,554	3,001	5,131

1/ Acres grown alone plus approximately one-half the interplanted acres. Equivalent solid production may be obtained by multiplying by yield per acre of peanuts picked and threshed.

SOYBEAN ACREAGE (for all purposes)

State	Grown alone: Average 1930-39	Grown alone: 1941	Grown alone: 1942	Interplanted: Average 1930-39	Interplanted: 1941	Interplanted: 1942	Equivalent solid 1/: Average 1930-39	Equivalent solid 1/: 1941	Equivalent solid 1/: 1942
	Thousand acres								
N.Y.	6	17	34	--	--	--	6	17	34
N.J.	11	37	60				11	37	60
Pa.	33	77	108	--	--	--	33	77	108
Ohio	318	923	1,440	--	--	--	318	923	1,440
Ind.	733	1,234	1,728	--	--	--	733	1,234	1,728
Ill.	1,681	2,813	3,940	--	--	--	1,681	2,813	3,940
Mich.	43	149	274	--	--	--	43	149	274
Wis.	124	168	160	--	--	--	124	168	160
Minn.	2/ 89	270	413	--	--	--	2/ 89	270	413
Iowa	636	1,288	2,202	--	--	--	636	1,288	2,202
Mo.	464	580	700	44	100	140	486	630	770
S.Dak.	--	8	19	--	--	--	--	8	19
Nebr.	5	32	55	--	--	--	5	32	55
Kans.	41	83	290	--	--	--	41	83	290
Del.	33	53	66	--	--	--	33	53	66
Md.	42	71	100	--	--	--	42	71	100
Va.	110	140	196	51	86	87	136	183	240
W.Va.	43	57	40	--	--	--	43	57	40
N.C.	250	371	434	314	414	352	407	578	610
S.C.	24	48	48	60	97	87	54	96	92
Ga.	68	131	106	70	90	60	103	176	136
Ky.	120	198	224	14	22	28	127	209	238
Tenn.	162	175	224	142	288	292	233	319	370
Ala.	194	350	298	35	35	30	212	368	313
Miss.	196	455	500	275	376	353	343	643	676
Ark.	146	236	330	168	428	400	230	448	530
La.	46	149	155	309	550	517	200	424	413
Okla.	16	16	32	3	3	3	17	18	34
Tex.	2/ 27	17	46	2/ 8	4	7	2/ 31	19	50
U.S.	5,622	10,146	14,222	1,491	2,490	2,356	6,376	11,391	15,401

1/ Acres grown alone plus approximately one-half the interplanted acres.
2/ Short-time average.

SOYBEANS (for beans)

State	Acreage harvested 1/: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested 1/: 1941	Acreage harvested 1/: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
N.Y.	2/ 4	12	24	2/14.5	15.0	16.0	2/ 55	180	384
N.J.	--	9	23	--	13.0	18.0	--	117	414
Pa.	2/ 5	15	35	2/16.2	15.0	17.0	2/ 78	225	595
Ohio	139	674	1,253	18.0	19.5	23.0	2,748	13,143	28,819
Ind.	303	815	1,417	16.6	17.0	21.0	5,264	13,855	29,757
Ill.	978	2,338	3,514	19.2	21.0	21.0	19,710	49,098	73,794
Mich.	16	100	220	13.2	14.0	17.0	236	1,400	3,740
Wis.	4	37	83	12.5	15.0	13.0	48	555	1,079
Minn.	2/ 11	80	273	2/14.5	15.0	13.0	2/168	1,200	3,549
Iowa	214	942	1,872	16.8	17.0	21.0	3,804	16,014	39,312
Mo.	107	187	500	9.0	11.5	15.0	926	2,150	7,500
S.Dak.	--	3	14	--	12.0	15.0	--	36	210
Nebr.	--	20	40	--	11.0	14.0	--	220	560
Kans.	8	47	212	7.4	12.0	12.0	62	564	2,544
Del.	18	30	42	12.8	11.5	16.0	230	345	672
Md.	8	20	43	12.7	12.0	15.5	101	240	666
Va.	27	51	115	12.2	12.5	15.5	335	638	1,782
W.Va.	1	2	2	11.6	13.0	12.5	16	26	25
N.C.	133	176	300	11.3	10.0	13.0	1,507	1,760	3,900
S.C.	8	12	12	6.5	7.5	8.0	53	90	96
Ga.	11	16	12	5.6	6.8	7.2	60	109	86
Ky.	12	42	82	10.8	13.5	13.0	128	567	1,066
Tenn.	20	20	75	7.4	9.0	12.0	147	180	900
Ala.	10	24	38	5.8	6.0	6.0	57	144	228
Miss.	26	71	203	8.2	10.5	14.0	215	746	2,842
Ark.	32	116	239	10.5	15.0	15.0	363	1,740	3,585
La.	12	17	85	11.8	11.5	13.5	148	196	1,148
Okla.	3	2	9	6.8	8.0	9.0	20	16	81
Tex.	2/ 2	3	25	2/ 8.0	11.0	9.0	2/ 18	33	225
U.S.	2,103	5,881	10,762	16.1	18.0	19.5	36,385	105,587	209,559

1/ Equivalent solid acreage. (Acreage grown alone, with an allowance for acreage grown with other crops).
2/ Short-time average.

COWPEA ACREAGE (for all purposes)

State	Grown alone			Interplanted			Equivalent solid 1/		
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Thousand acres			Thousand acres		
N.J.	1	2	2	--	--	--	1	2	2
Pa.	2/ 1	1	1	--	--	--	2/ 1	1	1
Ind.	33	27	18	--	--	--	33	27	18
Ill.	203	231	149	--	--	--	203	231	149
Mo.	91	115	65	--	--	--	91	115	65
Kans.	8	23	60	--	--	--	8	23	60
Del.	2	1	1	--	--	--	2	1	1
Md.	9	8	8	--	--	--	9	8	8
Va.	90	50	48	14	21	20	97	60	58
W.Va.	2	1	1	--	--	--	2	1	1
N.C.	162	210	189	213	395	383	269	408	381
S.C.	342	480	576	716	750	735	700	855	944
Ga.	269	504	474	495	420	349	516	714	648
Fla.	26	33	33	22	19	23	39	44	47
Ky.	61	51	48	5	5	6	63	54	51
Tenn.	188	135	113	46	76	70	211	173	148
Ala.	180	235	207	285	366	274	323	368	344
Miss.	184	340	272	299	364	291	344	522	418
Ark.	327	390	242	308	288	170	481	534	327
La.	82	147	115	239	168	144	201	231	187
Okla.	104	152	175	44	50	38	126	177	194
Tex.	384	642	610	271	396	265	519	840	742
U.S.	2,750	3,778	3,407	2,956	3,218	2,768	4,241	5,389	4,794

1/ Acres grown alone plus approximately one-half the interplanted acres.
2/ Short-time average.

COWPEAS FOR PEAS

State	Acreage harvested 1/			Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
Ind.	10	14	7	5.6	5.5	6.0	58	77	42
Ill.	67	92	54	5.7	5.0	6.0	390	460	324
Mo.	12	13	12	6.2	5.5	7.0	77	72	84
Kans.	1	2	5	6.1	8.5	8.0	6	17	40
Md.	1	1	1	8.0	9.0	8.5	9	9	8
Va.	15	13	12	5.5	5.5	7.0	82	72	84
N.C.	68	100	86	5.4	4.5	4.5	365	450	387
S.C.	205	209	236	4.7	4.5	5.0	933	940	1,180
Ga.	182	255	211	5.2	4.5	4.5	928	1,148	950
Fla.	7	5	5	8.4	9.0	9.0	62	45	45
Ky.	8	6	9	5.5	6.0	5.5	44	36	50
Tenn.	36	35	28	5.1	6.0	6.0	184	210	168
Ala.	145	169	117	5.5	5.5	6.0	795	930	702
Miss.	111	178	125	5.6	6.0	6.5	614	1,068	812
Ark.	93	91	59	5.3	6.0	5.5	496	546	324
La.	57	65	54	3.8	3.0	4.5	215	195	243
Okla.	24	18	29	5.7	6.0	6.0	145	108	174
Tex.	150	210	223	6.8	8.0	6.5	1,005	1,680	1,450
U.S.	1,194	1,476	1,273	5.4	5.5	5.6	6,411	8,063	7,067

1/ Equivalent solid acreage. (Acreage grown alone, with an allowance for acreage grown with other crops).

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT
ANNUAL SUMMARY
December 1942
Bureau of Agricultural Economics
CROP REPORTING BOARD
Washington, D. C.,
December 18, 1942
3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

TOBACCO

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Acres			Pounds			Thousand pounds		
Mass.	5,810	5,900	5,400	1,450	1,653	1,679	8,366	9,731	9,065
Conn.	16,710	16,600	13,300	1,366	1,379	1,370	22,753	22,890	20,958
N.Y.	920	1,200	1,000	1,260	1,425	1,475	1,113	1,710	1,475
Pa.	29,630	35,700	34,300	1,290	1,630	1,431	37,649	58,182	49,100
Ohio	34,880	24,200	22,100	922	1,046	1,084	32,019	25,311	23,948
Ind.	12,250	8,400	8,700	807	1,004	974	9,908	8,431	8,478
Wis.	22,170	22,200	19,200	1,344	1,425	1,521	29,813	31,640	29,200
Minn.	800	600	600	1,125	1,175	1,200	928	705	720
Mo.	6,110	5,400	5,100	893	1,000	1,050	5,538	5,400	5,355
Kans.	1/382	300	300	1/870	1,000	950	1/303	300	285
Md.	37,090	40,300	39,500	733	750	760	26,901	30,225	30,020
Va.	136,840	98,100	107,300	733	903	993	99,922	88,572	106,528
W.Va.	4,320	2,900	3,000	694	900	950	2,987	2,610	2,850
N.C.	647,070	494,200	546,000	811	930	1,073	529,356	459,490	585,700
S.C.	100,500	81,000	90,000	837	860	1,075	85,684	69,660	96,750
Ga.	77,960	65,100	68,300	850	851	870	68,500	55,430	59,860
Fla.	12,940	13,200	16,000	847	770	893	10,919	11,711	14,288
Ky.	399,830	301,200	306,200	792	977	930	316,783	294,130	284,773
Tenn.	129,600	89,000	91,000	851	970	962	110,125	86,345	87,500
Ala.	1/467	400	300	1/773	762	783	1/355	305	235
La.	420	200	200	433	285	500	181	57	100
U.S.	1,676,280	1,308,100	1,330,300	834	965	1,027	1,398,796	1,262,385	1,417,188

1/ Short-time average

HOPS

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production 1/: Average 1930-39	Production 1/: 1941	Production 1/: 1942
	Acres			Pounds			Thousand pounds		
Wash.	4,350	7,200	7,600	1,771	1,850	1,551	7,767	13,320	11,788
Oreg.	19,540	2/20,000	19,300	955	840	680	18,188	13,800	13,124
Calif.	5,930	7,600	7,800	1,505	1,350	1,280	8,701	10,260	9,984
U.S.	29,720	34,800	34,700	1,166	1,160	1,006	34,655	40,380	34,896

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities not available for marketing because of economic conditions and the marketing agreement allotments.

2/ Excludes approximately 400 acres not harvested because of rain and wind damage.

CRANBERRIES

State	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Barrels		
Mass.	412,400	500,000	525,000
N.J.	105,700	80,000	105,000
Wis.	68,600	99,000	107,000
Wash.	12,330	36,000	40,000
Oreg.	4,650	10,200	10,200
5 States	603,680	725,200	787,200

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS - WASHINGTON, D.C.

TOBACCO BY CLASS AND TYPE, 1941 AND 1942

Class and type	Type No.	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
		Acres			Pounds			Thousand pounds		
CLASS 1, FLUE-CURED:										
Virginia	11	96,950	73,000	82,000	692	880	975	67,051	64,240	79,950
North Carolina	11	249,100	193,000	212,000	762	835	960	191,420	161,155	203,520
Total Old Belt	11	346,050	266,000	294,000	741	847	964	258,470	225,395	283,470
Total Eastern North Carolina Belt	12	328,400	242,000	266,000	834	995	1,130	275,660	240,790	300,580
North Carolina	13	62,330	53,000	61,000	882	960	1,200	56,014	50,880	73,200
South Carolina	13	100,500	81,000	90,000	837	860	1,075	85,684	69,660	96,750
Total South Carolina Belt	13	162,830	134,000	151,000	854	900	1,125	141,698	120,540	169,950
Georgia	14	77,120	64,000	68,000	848	850	870	67,648	54,400	59,160
Florida	14	10,260	11,300	12,700	786	725	850	8,230	8,192	10,795
Alabama	14	1/ 300	300	200	1/ 743	750	800	1/ 216	225	160
Total Georgia-Florida Belt	14	87,470	75,600	80,900	840	831	867	75,943	62,817	70,115
Total All Flue-cured Types	11-14	924,750	717,600	791,900	804	905	1,041	751,773	649,542	824,115
CLASS 2, FIRE-CURED:										
Total Virginia Belt	21	26,690	13,700	13,700	765	860	975	20,238	11,782	13,358
Kentucky	22	33,600	14,500	14,500	775	950	940	26,012	13,775	13,630
Tennessee	22	56,360	28,000	28,000	834	950	975	46,934	26,600	27,300
Total Hopkinsville-Clarksville Belt	22	89,960	42,500	42,500	813	950	963	72,946	40,375	40,930
Kentucky	23	29,850	15,500	15,500	769	950	965	22,884	14,725	14,958
Tennessee	23	7,530	3,200	3,400	808	975	1,000	6,098	3,120	3,400
Total Paducah-Mayfield Belt	23	37,390	18,700	18,900	778	954	971	28,982	17,845	18,358
Total Henderson Stemming Belt (Ky.)	24	4,660	200	200	808	900	925	3,677	180	185
Total All Fire-cured Types	21-24	158,700	75,100	75,300	798	935	967	125,844	70,182	72,831
CLASS 3, AIR-CURED:										
3A Light Air-cured										
Ohio	31	14,850	11,600	12,300	824	960	975	12,294	11,136	11,992
Indiana	31	11,010	8,200	8,500	802	1,005	975	8,855	8,241	8,288
Missouri	31	6,110	5,400	5,100	893	1,000	1,050	5,538	5,400	5,355
Kansas	31	1/ 362	300	300	1/ 830	1,000	950	1/ 303	300	285
Virginia	31	9,640	8,800	8,800	1,032	1,175	1,200	9,990	10,340	10,560
West Virginia	31	4,320	2,900	3,000	694	900	950	2,987	2,610	2,850
North Carolina	31	7,240	6,200	7,000	862	1,075	1,200	6,262	6,665	8,400
Kentucky	31	289,200	245,000	250,000	738	980	920	228,420	240,100	230,000
Tennessee	31	62,050	54,000	56,000	867	980	950	54,040	52,920	53,200
Alabama	31	1/ 167	100	100	1/ 833	800	750	1/ 138	80	75
Total Burley Belt	31	404,760	342,500	351,100	810	986	943	328,670	337,792	331,005
Total Southern Maryland Belt	32	37,090	40,300	39,500	723	750	760	26,901	30,225	30,020
Total All Light Air-cured	31-32	441,850	382,800	390,600	804	961	924	355,571	368,017	361,025
3B Dark Air-cured										
Indiana	35	1,240	200	200	836	950	950	1,053	190	190
Kentucky	35	18,660	12,000	12,000	824	975	1,000	15,428	11,700	12,000
Tennessee	35	3,660	3,800	3,600	832	975	1,000	3,052	3,705	3,600
Total One Sucker	35	23,560	16,000	15,800	827	975	999	19,533	15,595	15,790
Total Green River Belt (Ky.)	36	23,850	14,000	14,000	831	975	1,000	19,962	13,650	14,000
Total Virginia Sun-cured Belt	37	3,560	2,600	2,800	752	850	950	2,642	2,210	2,660
Total All Dark Air-cured	35-37	50,970	32,600	32,600	826	965	995	42,138	31,455	32,450

TOBACCO BY CLASS AND TYPE, 1941 AND 1942 - Continued

Class and type	Type No.	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
		Acres			Pounds			Thousand pounds		
CLASS 4, CIGAR FILLER:										
Pennsylvania Seedleaf	41	29,360	35,400	34,000	1,290	1,630	1,430	37,286	57,702	48,620
Total Miami Valley (Ohio)	42-44	19,790	12,600	9,800	994	1,125	1,220	19,495	14,175	11,956
Georgia	45	300	(2)	(2)	996	--	--	311	--	--
Florida	45	420	(2)	(2)	1,024	--	--	443	--	--
Total Georgia-Florida sun-grown	45	720	(2)	(2)	1,007	--	--	754	--	--
Total Cigar Filler Types	41-45	49,870	48,000	43,800	1,174	1,497	1,383	57,535	71,877	60,576
CLASS 5, CIGAR BINDER:										
Massachusetts	51	200	100	100	1,561	1,680	1,650	310	168	165
Connecticut	51	8,460	7,900	7,400	1,552	1,600	1,590	13,031	12,640	11,766
Total Connecticut Valley broadleaf	51	8,660	8,000	7,500	1,552	1,601	1,591	13,341	12,808	11,931
Massachusetts	52	4,520	4,900	4,500	1,565	1,780	1,800	6,970	8,722	8,100
Connecticut	52	3,170	2,800	2,600	1,524	1,680	1,660	4,783	4,704	4,316
Total Connecticut Valley Havana seed	52	7,690	7,700	7,100	1,549	1,744	1,749	11,753	13,426	12,416
New York	53	930	1,200	1,000	1,260	1,425	1,475	1,113	1,710	1,475
Pennsylvania	53	270	300	300	1,400	1,600	1,600	363	480	480
Total New York and Pa. Havana seed	53	1,190	1,500	1,300	1,296	1,460	1,504	1,476	2,190	1,955
Total Southern Wisconsin	54	13,380	11,000	9,200	1,357	1,400	1,500	17,831	15,400	13,800
Wisconsin	55	8,790	11,200	10,000	1,327	1,450	1,540	11,382	16,240	15,400
Minnesota	55	800	600	600	1,125	1,175	1,200	928	705	720
Total Northern Wisconsin	55	9,590	11,800	10,600	1,316	1,436	1,521	12,311	16,945	16,120
Georgia	56	1/100	400	200	1/1,015	1,000	800	1/102	400	160
Florida	56	1/375	600	500	1/1,050	750	1,050	1/394	450	525
Total Georgia-Florida sun-grown	56	1/475	1,000	700	1/1,043	850	979	1/496	850	685
Total Cigar Binder Types	51-56	40,700	41,000	36,400	1,428	1,503	1,563	56,910	61,619	56,907
CLASS 6, CIGAR WRAPPER:										
Massachusetts	61	1,090	900	800	1,000	990	1,000	1,087	891	800
Connecticut	61	5,080	5,900	5,300	979	940	920	4,938	5,546	4,876
Total Connecticut Valley shade-grown	61	6,170	6,800	6,100	982	947	930	6,025	6,437	5,676
Georgia	62	500	700	600	1,004	900	900	501	630	540
Florida	62	2,110	3,300	2,800	978	930	1,060	2,088	3,069	2,968
Total Georgia-Florida shade-grown	62	2,610	4,000	3,400	982	925	1,032	2,589	3,699	3,508
Total Cigar Wrapper Types	61-62	8,780	10,800	9,500	984	939	967	8,614	10,136	9,184
Total All Cigar Types	41-62	99,350	99,800	89,700	1,252	1,439	1,412	123,059	143,632	126,667
CLASS 7, MISCELLANEOUS:										
Louisiana Perique	72	420	200	200	433	285	500	181	57	100
UNITED STATES 3/	All	1,676,280	1,308,100	1,380,300	834	965	1,027	1,398,796	1,262,885	1,417,188

1/ Short-time average. 2/ Not grown since 1939. 3/ Average (1930-39) includes Eastern Ohio, type 71. Estimates of this type have been discontinued.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT — BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS — Washington, D. C., December 18, 1942
ANNUAL SUMMARY — CROP REPORTING BOARD — 3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)
December 1942

MAPLE PRODUCTS

State	Trees tapped: Average 1930-39	Trees tapped: 1941	Trees tapped: 1942	Sugar made 1/: Average 1930-39	Sugar made 1/: 1941	Sugar made 1/: 1942	Sirup made 1/: Average 1930-39	Sirup made 1/: 1941	Sirup made 1/: 1942
	Thousand trees			Thousand pounds			Thousand gallons		
Maine	190	135	128	13	4	8	26	18	27
N.H.	370	247	254	70	16	44	70	49	66
Vt.	5,190	4,040	4,000	431	190	320	1,031	759	1,310
Mass.	235	202	200	63	21	28	58	58	64
N.Y.	3,328	3,080	3,111	316	99	177	748	604	933
Pa.	659	450	441	103	36	40	207	112	128
Ohio	1,091	854	854	24	4	5	311	254	177
Mich.	495	474	488	22	12	19	121	96	102
Wis.	317	261	298	6	1	2	74	34	80
Md.	54	42	38	18	4	11	25	13	18
10 States	11,830	9,785	9,812	1,066	387	654	2,671	1,997	2,905

1/ Does not include maple products produced on nonfarm lands in Somerset County, Maine.

SORGO SIRUP

State	Acreage harvested for sirup: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested for sirup: 1941	Acreage harvested for sirup: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Gallons			Thousand gallons		
Ind.	3	3	3	68	82	88	179	246	264
Ill.	2	2	2	57	60	60	102	120	120
Wis.	1/ 1	--	1	1/ 58	--	66	1/ 58	--	66
Iowa	2	3	4	90	115	100	230	345	400
Mo.	12	7	9	46	49	49	543	343	441
Kans.	2	1	2	40	33	45	99	33	90
Va.	5	2	6	63	65	65	299	130	390
W.Va.	4	2	3	60	70	75	215	140	225
N.C.	20	9	15	65	58	71	1,290	522	1,065
S.C.	12	10	14	50	42	50	610	420	700
Ga.	27	14	20	57	51	61	1,531	714	1,220
Ky.	23	12	14	56	55	70	1,302	660	980
Tenn.	28	16	18	56	59	63	1,586	944	1,134
Ala.	42	34	31	63	60	57	2,675	2,040	1,767
Miss.	33	25	24	71	86	75	2,385	2,150	1,800
Ark.	27	16	21	44	50	55	1,191	800	1,155
La.	2	2 2/	12	49	48	66	93	96	792
Okla.	6	5	6	35	43	35	225	215	210
Tex.	17	13	15	48	50	57	805	650	855
U.S.	267	176	220	57.1	60.0	62.2	15,397	10,568	13,674

1/ Short-time average. 2/ Includes approximately 8,000 acres being grown for sirup intended for conversion into industrial alcohol.

SUGARCANE SIRUP

S.C.	5	5	5	98	100	97	475	500	485
Ga.	34	27	30	131	132	130	4,552	3,564	3,900
Fla.	12	10	11	160	160	160	1,853	1,600	1,760
Ala.	26	24	23	116	115	115	2,994	2,760	2,645
Miss.	24	19	20	147	165	165	3,583	3,135	3,300
Ark.	1	1	1	108	125	95	108	125	95
La.	25	24	24	248	260	240	6,182	6,240	5,760
Tex.	8	6	5	124	140	133	1,028	840	665
U.S.	135	116	119	153.5	161.8	156.4	20,774	18,764	18,610

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SUGAR BEETS AND BEET SUGAR

State	Sugar Beets (in States where grown) Acreage harvested: Avg. 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield per acre: Avg. 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Avg. 1930-39	1941	1942	Beet sugar Production 1/: Avg. 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thous. acres			Short tons			Thous. short tons			Thous. short tons		
Ohio	35	38	48	8.3	11.0	12.5	277	419	600	33	46	56
Mich.	106	94	118	8.2	10.8	9.5	865	1,016	1,121	128	158	176
Nebr.	69	60	81	12.6	15.4	12.1	871	927	978	113	121	115
Mont.	62	64	77	12.2	12.4	12.3	751	793	947	108	118	142
Idaho	54	60	79	11.7	13.7	13.5	649	823	988	93	107	115
Wyo.	46	39	46	12.1	13.6	10.9	558	530	501	92	79	71
Colo.	175	132	184	12.2	14.8	12.5	2,141	1,949	2,300	323	299	334
Utah	48	40	46	12.5	14.4	12.4	614	575	570	90	82	81
Calif.	119	125	172	13.5	16.0	13.6	1,634	1,999	2,339	267	313	358
Other States	101	102	128	9.1	12.5	12.4	924	1,280	1,583	115	161	216
U.S.	815	754	979	11.4	13.7	13.2	9,284	10,311	11,927	1,363	1,484	1,664

1/ Includes some sugar manufactured from beets and beet molasses originating in other States.

SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR AND SEED

State	For sugar: Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Yield of cane per acre: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Production: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand acres			Short tons			Thousand short tons		
La.	220.8	225	270	17.0	17.5	18.5	3,841	3,938	4,995
Fla.	16.1	31	32.9	31.8	30.6	31.0	520	949	1,020
Total	236.9	256	302.9	18.0	19.1	19.9	4,361	4,887	6,015
For seed									
La.	20.3	32	25	17.0	17.5	17.8	345	560	445
Fla.	.6	.7	.7	33.5	34.0	38.0	22	24	27
Total	20.9	32.7	25.7	17.5	17.9	18.4	367	584	472
For sugar and seed									
La.	241.1	257	295	17.0	17.5	18.4	4,186	4,498	5,440
Fla.	16.7	31.7	33.6	31.9	30.7	31.2	542	973	1,047
Total	257.8	288.7	328.6	18.0	19.0	19.7	4,728	5,471	6,487

Products of cane ground for sugar

State	Sugar per ton of cane, 96° equivalent: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Sugar produced, 96° equivalent: Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Molasses 1/ including blackstrap: Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Pounds			Thousand short tons			Thousand gallons		
La.	159	164	168	308	323	420	24,540	26,295	32,967
Fla.	175	203	230	47	96	117	3,333	5,157	6,290
Total	161	171	179	355	419	537	27,873	31,452	39,257

1/ Edible molasses not produced in Florida.

SUGAR BEET PULP PRODUCTION

Item	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand short tons		
Molasses pulp	148	181	186
Dried pulp	90	101	139
Moist pulp	1,499	1,556	1,912

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT
ANNUAL SUMMARY
December 1942

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
December 18, 1942
3:00 P.M.(E.W.T.)

POTATOES 1/

GROUP and STATE	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
SURPLUS LATE POTATO STATES:									
Maine	168	151	156	263	285	270	44,016	43,035	42,120
New York	232	187	189	126	148	145	29,236	27,676	27,405
Pennsylvania	207	165	157	120	130	112	24,924	21,450	17,584
3 Eastern	607	503	502	161.6	183.2	173.5	98,226	92,161	87,109
Michigan	280	182	169	95	110	98	26,606	20,020	16,562
Wisconsin	256	158	150	85	91	67	21,830	14,378	10,050
Minnesota	307	206	204	76	78	95	23,088	16,068	19,380
North Dakota	135	143	133	73	105	135	9,852	15,015	17,955
South Dakota	43	29	32	53	60	88	2,300	1,740	2,816
5 Central	1,021	718	688	82.3	93.6	97.0	83,574	67,221	66,763
Nebraska	102	74	74	81	130	174	8,030	9,620	12,876
Montana	20	14	15	90	110	115	1,774	1,540	1,725
Idaho	114	122	133	224	225	230	25,505	27,450	30,590
Wyoming	26	15	13	83	150	190	2,179	2,250	2,470
Colorado	99	67	74	143	187	230	14,151	12,529	17,020
Utah	13.4	11.2	12.5	152	170	185	2,021	1,904	2,312
Nevada	2.5	1.8	2.3	144	240	210	358	432	483
Washington	49	42	39	170	210	200	8,344	8,820	7,800
Oregon	45	35	36	151	205	200	6,782	7,175	7,200
California 2/	30.5	32	34	238	295	320	7,365	9,440	10,880
10 Western	501.9	414.0	432.8	153.5	196.0	215.7	76,490	81,160	93,356
TOTAL 18	2,129.8	1,635.0	1,622.8	121.8	147.1	152.3	258,389	240,542	247,228
OTHER LATE POTATO STATES:									
New Hampshire	9.6	6.6	6.8	156	155	160	1,487	1,023	1,088
Vermont	16.7	12.0	11.6	136	145	127	2,277	1,740	1,473
Massachusetts	15.9	17.8	19.0	140	140	150	2,204	2,492	2,850
Rhode Island	3.6	4.6	5.0	177	200	195	634	920	975
Connecticut	16.2	15.4	15.9	163	180	185	2,635	2,772	2,942
5 New England	61.9	56.4	58.3	149.8	158.6	160.0	9,237	8,947	9,328
West Virginia	36	32	34	79	112	112	2,844	3,584	3,808
Ohio	129	87	85	98	122	108	12,652	10,614	9,180
Indiana	61	50	48	87	115	135	5,279	5,750	6,480
Illinois	46	36	36	76	90	98	3,448	3,240	3,528
Iowa	73	54	55	77	102	120	5,549	5,508	6,600
5 Central	345	259	258	86.7	110.8	114.7	29,771	28,696	29,596
New Mexico	5.8	4.0	4.0	72	72	85	421	288	340
Arizona	2.5	2.1	2.5	84	130	225	207	273	562
2 Southwestern	8.3	6.1	6.5	75.7	92.0	138.8	629	561	902
TOTAL 12	415.2	321.5	322.8	96.9	118.8	123.4	39,637	38,204	39,826
30 LATE STATES	2,545.0	1,956.5	1,945.6	117.5	142.5	147.5	298,027	278,746	287,054
INTERMEDIATE POTATO STATES:									
New Jersey	49	55	56	168	188	181	8,262	10,340	10,136
Delaware	5.2	3.9	3.9	87	77	86	455	300	335
Maryland	30	20.0	19.6	100	96	103	2,997	1,920	2,019
Virginia	94	74	71	112	92	102	10,661	6,808	7,242
Kentucky	48	44	48	75	70	95	3,609	3,080	4,560
Missouri	57	39	39	77	120	107	4,352	4,680	4,173
Kansas	35	23	23	78	110	100	2,754	2,530	2,300
TOTAL 7	318.3	258.9	260.5	104.1	114.6	118.1	33,089	29,658	30,765
37 LATE AND INTERMEDIATE	2,863.3	2,215.4	2,206.1	116.0	139.2	144.1	331,116	308,404	317,819

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POTATOES 1/ (Continued)

GROUP and STATE	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
EARLY POTATO STATES:-									
North Carolina	81	80	84	100	83	107	8,182	6,640	8,988
South Carolina	21	26	28	115	98	111	2,475	2,548	3,108
Georgia	16	25	27	66	52	66	1,096	1,300	1,782
Florida	28	30.1	28	111	111	147	3,120	3,341	4,116
Tennessee	42	42	44	68	62	81	2,870	2,604	3,564
Alabama	36	54	53	87	104	74	3,179	5,616	3,922
Mississippi	16	23	27	71	60	71	1,135	1,380	1,917
Arkansas	42	42	47	73	72	77	3,047	3,024	3,619
Louisiana	41	43	42	61	61	60	2,502	2,623	2,520
Oklahoma	37	30.5	33	71	65	68	2,600	1,982	2,244
Texas	52	61	57	64	99	93	3,312	6,039	5,301
California 3/	20.2	39	35	250	259	350	5,411	10,101	12,250
TOTAL 12	432.3	495.6	505	89.5	95.2	105.6	38,929	47,198	53,331
TOTAL U. S.	3,295.6	2711.0	2,711.0	112.6	131.2	136.9	370,045	355,602	371,154

1/Except for California, the estimates shown for each State under a particular group cover the entire crop, whether commercial or noncommerical, early or late. 2/Estimates shown for California, under the surplus late States do not include the early commercial crop. 3/Estimates shown for California under e the early States cover the early commercial crop only.

SWEETPOTATOES

State	Acreage harvested: Average 1930-39	Acreage harvested: 1941	Acreage harvested: 1942	Yield per acre: Average 1930-39	Yield per acre: 1941	Yield per acre: 1942	Production: Average 1930-39	Production: 1941	Production: 1942
	Thousand acres			Bushels			Thousand bushels		
N.J.	15	15	16	141	120	170	2,152	1,800	2,720
Ind.	4	1.7	1.3	102	130	110	419	221	143
Ill.	6	3.0	3.6	85	94	95	532	282	342
Iowa	3	2	2	86	115	95	256	230	190
Mo.	12	8	9	79	108	95	926	864	855
Kans.	4	3.0	2.5	88	130	150	400	390	375
Del.	6	3	3	123	115	165	804	345	495
Md.	8	8	8	132	130	180	1,071	1,040	1,440
Va.	37	33	31	111	90	125	4,061	2,970	3,875
N.C.	87	80	74	96	86	115	8,354	6,880	8,510
S.C.	63	55	62	85	80	95	5,401	4,400	5,890
Ga.	118	105	100	72	69	80	8,510	7,245	8,000
Fla.	21	18	17	66	68	70	1,400	1,224	1,190
Ky.	23	16	18	83	84	92	1,904	1,344	1,656
Tenn.	57	51	40	88	88	90	5,019	4,488	3,600
Ala.	97	79	77	80	75	78	7,773	5,925	6,006
Miss.	82	68	68	87	95	95	7,222	6,460	6,460
Ark.	42	23	20	73	92	85	3,016	2,116	1,700
La.	99	90	88	70	66	66	6,884	5,940	5,808
Okla.	19	12	10	61	90	80	1,173	1,080	800
Tex.	66	60	45	71	90	85	4,726	5,400	3,825
Calif.	11	12	12	108	125	125	1,204	1,500	1,500
U.S.	882	745.7	707.4	83.0	83.3	92.4	73,208	62,144	65,380

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APPLES, COMMERCIAL CROP 1/

Area and State	Production 2/ Average 1934-39	1941	1942
	Thousand bushels		
Eastern States:			
North Atlantic:			
Maine	578	581	730
New Hampshire	700	659	961
Vermont	508	664	731
Massachusetts	2,488	2,488	3,400
Rhode Island	270	250	332
Connecticut	1,357	1,412	1,922
New York	16,183	16,302	17,500
New Jersey	3,404	2,632	3,239
Pennsylvania	9,090	8,643	10,031
Total North Atlantic	34,539	33,631	38,846
South Atlantic:			
Delaware	1,156	913	940
Maryland	1,911	1,905	2,211
Virginia	11,085	11,800	13,908
West Virginia	4,317	4,238	4,686
North Carolina	1,009	1,505	1,086
Georgia	418	525	427
Total South Atlantic	19,896	20,936	23,258
Total Eastern States	54,435	54,567	62,104
Central States:			
North Central:			
Ohio	4,998	6,000	6,384
Indiana	1,576	3/2,230	1,392
Illinois	3,071	3,410	2,970
Michigan	7,809	3/8,000	9,234
Wisconsin	610	810	737
Minnesota	208	220	168
Iowa	303	74	302
Missouri	1,501	1,504	1,075
Nebraska	338	34	118
Kansas	794	406	754
Total North Central	21,297	22,688	23,134
South Central:			
Kentucky	264	519	179
Tennessee	356	846	354
Arkansas	771	964	616
Total South Central	1,391	2,329	1,149
Total Central States	22,688	25,017	24,283
Western States:			
Montana	361	382	173
Idaho	3,650	3/2,442	2,139
Colorado	1,553	3/1,510	1,595
New Mexico	713	689	752
Utah	388	472	307
Washington	28,758	27,000	27,552
Oregon	3,414	2,471	2,660
California	7,872	7,706	6,090
Total Western States	46,709	42,672	41,268
Total 36 States	123,832	122,256	127,655

1/ Estimates of the commercial crop refer to the production of apples in the commercial apple areas of each State and include fruit produced for sale to commercial processors as well as for sale for fresh consumption. 2/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions or scarcity of harvest labor. In 1941 and 1942, estimates of such quantities were as follows (1,000 bu.): 1941 - N.Y., 489; Mich., 155; Va., 500; Mont., 63; Wash., 270; Calif., 300; 1942 - N.H., 30; Mass., 300; R.I., 50; Conn., 300; N.Y., 1,100; N.J., 400; Pa., 600; Del., 120; Md., 250; Va., 1,100; W.Va., 450; Ohio, 500; Mich., 700; Idaho, 40; N.Mex., 50; Wash., 900; Oreg., 160. 3/ Includes the following quantities harvested but not utilized due to excessive cullage (1,000 bu.): Ind., 136; Mich., 150; Idaho, 290; Colo., 150.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CROP REPORT
ANNUAL SUMMARY
December 1942

Bureau of Agricultural Economics
CROP REPORTING BOARD

Washington, D. C.,
December 18, 1942
3:00 P.M. (E.W.T.)

PEARS

State	Production 1/ Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand bushels		
Me.	10	8	10
N.H.	12	9	12
Vt.	6	3	4
Mass.	71	48	50
R.I.	10	7	6
Conn.	56	77	96
N.Y.	1,284	848	1,234
N.J.	71	44	71
Pa.	609	350	491
Ohio	592	392	422
Ind.	306	224	201
Ill.	505	515	450
Mich.	1,065	1,284	1,245
Iowa	105	52	71
Mo.	333	365	415
Nebr.	30	13	28
Kans.	136	98	144
Del.	12	6	8
Md.	80	53	54
Va.	304	435	528
W.Va.	60	92	145
N.C.	278	405	440
S.C.	113	145	187
Ga.	291	400	507
Fla.	102	156	189
Ky.	182	320	292
Tenn.	228	563	415
Ala.	276	397	400
Miss.	289	462	519
Ark.	152	201	202
La.	126	171	239
Okla.	104	256	227
Tex.	345	376	508
Idaho	62	64	48
Colo.	220	175	177
N.Mex.	40	52	53
Ariz.	12	11	9
Utah	93	153	82
Nev.	4	4	1
Wash.,all	5,537	3/6,954	6,723
Bartlett	3,766	5,200	5,063
Other	1,771	3/1,754	1,660
Oreg.,all	3,307	3/4,050	4,475
Bartlett	1,294	1,774	1,915
Other	2,013	3/2,276	2,560
Calif.,all	9,842	9,292	9,834
Bartlett	8,576	8,584	8,918
Other	1,267	708	916
U.S.	27,253	29,570	31,212

PEACHES

State	Production 1/ Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand bushels		
N.H.	18	14	15
Mass.	87	48	51
R.I.	24	21	16
Conn.	158	126	163
N.Y.	1,470	1,649	1,615
N.J.	1,106	1,195	1,228
Pa.	1,656	1,845	1,771
Ohio	858	1,148	678
Ind.	355	688	112
Ill.	1,446	2,340	925
Mich.	1,897	3,864	2,150
Iowa	86	40	22
Mo.	711	1,120	512
Nebr.	31	4	14
Kans.	105	44	37
Del.	319	550	396
Md.	372	563	476
Va.	899	2/1,860	1,936
W.Va.	285	560	570
N.C.	1,938	3,167	2,463
S.C.	1,424	2/4,095	3,500
Ga.	5,177	2/7,100	6,177
Fla.	66	90	123
Ky.	537	1,628	183
Tenn.	1,226	2,270	466
Ala.	1,448	2,464	1,595
Miss.	847	1,394	974
Ark.	1,742	3,042	2,337
La.	269	334	335
Okla.	393	742	477
Tex.	1,201	2,475	1,610
Idaho	149	249	279
Colo.	1,222	1,516	1,490
N.Mex.	71	152	110
Ariz.	68	57	50
Utah	453	754	340
Nev.	5	5	2
Wash.	1,241	2,000	2,168
Oreg.	336	422	518
Calif.,all	23,006	22,752	27,461
Clingstone 4/	15,143	13,834	17,543
Freestone	7,863	8,918	9,918
U.S.	54,706	74,364	65,345

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions or scarcity of harvest labor. For pears in 1941 and 1942, estimates of such quantities were as follows (1,000 bu.): 1941, Pa., 10; Oreg., Other, 50; 1942, Oreg., Other, 125; Calif., Bartlett, 83. For peaches in 1941 and 1942, estimates of such quantities were as follows (1,000 bu.): 1941, Ill., 168; N.C., 300; S.C., 600; Ga., 640; 1942, Calif., Clingstone, 167.

2/ Includes the following quantities harvested but not utilized due to excessive cullage (1,000 bu.): Va., 100; S.C., 300; Ga., 320.

3/ Includes the following quantities harvested but not utilized due to excessive cullage (1,000 bu.): Wash., Other, 84; Oreg., Other, 80. 4/ Mainly for canning.

CHERRIES

Production 1/

State	Sweet varieties 1941	Sweet varieties 1942	Sour varieties 1941	Sour varieties 1942	All varieties Average 1930-39	All varieties 1941	All varieties 1942
	Tons		Tons			Tons	
N.Y.	2,500	2,800	14,500	27,000	20,465	17,000	29,800
Pa.	2,100	1,900	7,300	7,400	7,704	9,400	9,300
Ohio	1,040	1,030	4,340	4,050	4,550	5,380	5,080
Mich.	3,800	3,900	27,700	49,700	33,930	31,500	53,600
Wis.	--	--	15,600	3,800	8,311	15,600	8,800
Mont.	60	110	300	190	436	360	300
Idaho	1,590	1,400	550	410	2,623	2,140	1,810
Colo.	490	220	2,810	2,830	3,332	3,300	3,050
Utah	3,900	2,200	1,900	1,100	3,008	5,800	3,300
Wash.	24,700	25,900	2/5,000	5,800	18,750	2/29,700	31,700
Oreg.	2/18,900	18,900	2/1,400	2,200	15,385	2/20,300	21,100
Calif.	21,000	32,000	--	--	22,740	21,000	32,000
12 States	80,080	90,360	81,400	109,480	141,234	161,480	199,840

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions or scarcity of harvest labor. In 1941 and 1942, estimates of such quantities were as follows (tons): 1941, Washington Sour, 1,000; Oregon Sour, 100; 1942, California Sweet, 5,000.

2/ Includes the following quantities harvested but not utilized due to excessive cullage resulting from rain damage and other causes (tons): Washington Sour, 500; Oregon Sweet, 800; Sour, 100.

GRAPES

State	Production 1/ Average 1930-39	1941	1942	State	Production 1/ Average 1930-39	1941	1942
		Tons				Tons	
Me.	29	20	30	Ga.	1,397	1,880	2,130
N.H.	75	40	50	Fla.	705	530	620
Vt.	37	30	40	Ky.	1,815	2,410	1,990
Mass.	545	310	320	Tenn.	2,006	2,990	2,660
R.I.	253	230	210	Ala.	1,239	1,440	1,370
Conn.	1,712	1,100	1,120	Miss.	274	270	240
N.Y.	70,860	47,600	69,600	Ark.	9,610	10,700	8,400
N.J.	2,800	2,500	2,600	La.	46	30	30
Pa.	20,320	12,500	21,500	Okla.	3,020	3,100	3,100
Ohio	27,550	14,800	22,400	Tex.	2,340	2,400	2,200
Ind.	3,970	2,800	2,800	Idaho	544	500	450
Ill.	5,660	4,300	4,300	Colo.	479	420	480
Mich.	53,910	26,700	35,400	N.Mex.	1,031	890	890
Wis.	411	470	500	Ariz.	1,146	770	680
Minn.	252	250	260	Utah	932	800	680
Iowa	4,700	2,400	3,200	Nev.	107	150	140
Mo.	8,850	7,700	7,200	Wash.	6,000	12,800	14,900
Nebr.	2,180	600	1,800	Oreg.	2,230	1,700	1,800
Kans.	3,290	2,100	2,900	Calif. all	1,990,800	2,547,000	2,300,000
Del.	1,790	1,200	1,200	Wine var.	487,700	549,000	537,000
Md.	573	290	300	Raisin var.	1,157,200	1,516,000	1,326,000
Va.	2,090	1,700	1,900	Dried 2/	215,600	209,000	263,000
W.Va.	1,300	880	1,350	Not dried	294,800	680,000	274,000
N.C.	5,970	5,800	6,400	Table var.	345,900	482,000	437,000
S.C.	1,373	1,230	1,390	U.S.	2,246,221	2,728,330	2,531,530

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions.

2/ Dried basis: 1 ton of dried raisins equivalent to about 4 tons of fresh grapes.

PLUMS AND PRUNES

Crop and State	Average 1930-39	Production 1/ 1941	1942
		Tons Fresh Basis	
PLUMS:			
Michigan	5,370	6,900	5,300
California	64,600	71,000	72,000
2 States	69,970	77,900	77,300
PRUNES:			
Idaho	17,640	21,000	17,800
Washington, all	31,190	2/ 22,300	24,600
Eastern Washington	13,150	2/ 14,800	17,200
Western Washington	18,040	7,500	7,400
Oregon, all	110,490	2/ 69,400	76,300
Eastern Oregon	12,620	15,400	15,300
Western Oregon	97,870	2/ 54,000	61,000
3 States	159,320	112,700	118,700
California		(See table below)	

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions or scarcity of harvest labor. In 1941 and 1942, estimates of such quantities were as follows (tons): 1941-Plums, California, 5,000; Prunes, Eastern Oregon, 500; 1942-Plums, California, 6,000; Prunes, Western Washington, 1,800; Western Oregon, 13,000.

2/ Includes the following quantities harvested but not utilized due to excessive cullage (tons): Eastern Washington, 500; Western Oregon, 2,800.

QUANTITIES OF PRUNES USED FRESH, CANNED, AND DRIED 1/

State	Average 1930-39	1941	1942
		Tons Fresh Basis	
USED FRESH:			
Idaho 2/	16,990	21,000	17,800
Washington	13,680	10,600	13,900
Oregon	16,680	13,800	19,000
3 States	47,350	45,400	50,700
CANNED: 3/			
Washington	5,120	9,300	8,100
Oregon	16,260	29,600	21,700
2 States	21,380	38,900	29,800
DRIED:		Dry Basis 4/	
Washington	2,940	400	200
Oregon	21,780	6,500	7,000
California	207,100	178,000	174,000
3 States	231,820	184,900	181,200

1/ These estimates include quantities sold and used on the farm for household consumption.

2/ Includes small quantities of prunes canned and dried.

3/ Includes small quantities for cold packing.

4/ The drying ratio in Washington and Oregon ranges from 3 to 4 pounds of fresh fruit to 1 pound dried; in California, the drying ratio is approximately 2½ pounds fresh to 1 pound dried. In some years, in addition to the dried prunes produced in California, additional quantities of prunes remained unharvested on account of market conditions or scarcity of harvest labor. In 1941, the equivalent of 10,000 tons of dried prunes was not harvested; in 1942, 1,000 tons.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
CROP REPORT — BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS — Washington, D. C.,
ANNUAL SUMMARY — CROP REPORTING BOARD — December 18, 1942
December 1942 — 3:00 P.M.(E.W.T.)

CITRUS FRUITS

CROP AND STATE	Production 1/ Average 1930-39	1939	1940	1941	Indicated 1942 2/
	Thousand boxes				
ORANGES:					
California, all	37,198	44,425	50,695	51,532	45,204
Valencias	21,395	26,904	31,223	29,505	28,044
Navels and Misc.	15,803	17,521	19,472	22,027	17,160
Florida, all	21,290	28,000	31,300	29,300	35,000
Early and midseason	3/ 12,521	15,600	16,200	15,200	16,500
Valencias	3/ 8,321	10,000	12,400	12,000	15,000
Tangerines	2,350	2,400	2,700	2,100	3,500
Texas	1,157	2,360	2,650	2,850	2,900
Arizona	259	595	528	660	700
Louisiana	275	228	253	192	340
5 States 4/	60,179	75,608	85,426	84,534	84,144
GRAPEFRUIT:					
Florida, all	14,760	15,900	24,600	19,200	23,600
Seedless	3/ 5,250	6,500	8,200	7,000	8,000
Other	3/ 10,393	9,400	16,400	12,200	15,600
Texas	6,350	14,400	13,650	14,500	16,600
Arizona	1,505	2,900	2,650	3,450	2,655
California, all	1,768	1,992	1,983	3,144	2,678
Desert Valleys	789	1,087	960	1,343	1,320
Other	979	905	1,023	1,801	1,358
4 States 4/	24,383	35,192	42,883	40,294	45,533
LEMONS:					
California 4/	8,815	11,983	17,236	11,753	13,650
LIMES:					
Florida	37	95	80	150	175

1/ Estimates of production include fruit consumed on farms, sold locally, and used for manufacturing purposes, as well as that shipped. Fruit ripened on the tree but destroyed by freezing or storms prior to picking is not included. For some States in certain years, production also includes some quantities donated to charity, unharvested, and/or eliminated on account of market conditions. In 1940 and 1941, estimates of such quantities were as follows (1,000 boxes): 1940: Oranges, California Valencias, 579; Navels and miscellaneous, 743; Grapefruit, California Desert Valleys, 2; Other, 2; Lemons, 502; 1941: Oranges, California Valencias, 391; Navels and miscellaneous, 354; Grapefruit, Californi Desert Valleys, 4.

2/ The indicated production for 1942 is based on reported prospects on December 1. The estimates cover the crop from the bloom of the year shown. In California the picking season usually extends from about October 1 to December 31 of the following year. In other States the season begins about September 1, except for Florida limes, harvest of which usually starts about April 1.

3/ Short-time average.

4/ Net content of boxes varies. In California and Arizona the approximate average for oranges is 70 lb. net and grapefruit 60 lb.; in Florida and other States, oranges 90 lb. and grapefruit 80 lb.; California lemons, about 76 lb. net.

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CROP and STATE	Production 1/ Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Tons		
APRICOTS:			
California	239,400	198,000	213,000
Washington	8,560	14,600	17,100
Utah	2,300	1,300	3,100
3 States	250,260	213,900	233,200
FIGS:			
California:			
Dried	2/ 23,160	2/ 33,500	2/ 29,000
Not dried	8,790	19,000	17,000
Texas, not dried	1,398	1,400	1,110
OLIVES:			
California	24,500	56,000	53,000
ALMONDS:			
California	13,800	6,000	22,000
WALNUTS, "ENGLISH":			
California	44,730	63,000	57,000
Oregon	3,080	7,000	3,600
2 States	47,810	70,000	60,600
FILBERTS:			
Oregon	1,355	4,900	3,900
Washington	3/ 242	850	670
2 States	1,573	5,750	4,570
AVOCADOS:			
California	5,765	18,600	21,500
Florida	1,494	1,250	2,100
2 States	7,259	19,850	23,600
	Boxes 4/		
PINEAPPLES:			
Florida	11,250	12,000	5,000

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions or scarcity of harvest labor. In 1942, estimates of such quantities were as follows (tons): Apricots, California, 5,000; Walnuts, Oregon, 500.
2/ Dry basis. 3/ Short-time average. 4/ Boxes of approximately 70 pounds, net weight.

PECANS

State	Production: Improved varieties 1/ Average 1930-39	1941	1942	Wild or seedling varieties Average 1930-39	1941	1942	All varieties Average 1930-39	1941	1942
	Thousand pounds								
Ill.	2/ 9	27	10	316	860	490	320	887	500
Mo.	20	88	20	907	1,652	580	927	1,740	600
N.C.	1,395	3,000	2,300	290	290	300	1,685	3,290	2,600
S.C.	1,312	2,670	2,700	227	399	400	1,539	3,069	3,100
Ga.	11,906	22,549	22,300	2,220	3,671	4,200	14,126	26,220	26,500
Fla.	1,327	2,916	2,700	806	2,056	1,900	2,133	4,672	4,600
Ala.	4,081	9,971	7,900	1,043	2,189	2,000	5,124	12,160	9,900
Miss.	2,963	3,927	3,100	2,436	2,963	2,300	5,398	6,890	5,400
Ark.	346	682	900	3,198	3,578	2,500	3,544	4,260	3,400
La.	1,931	1,400	1,900	5,868	4,200	4,500	7,800	5,600	6,400
Okla.	433	1,224	400	13,867	29,376	5,100	14,300	30,600	5,500
Tex.	1,090	2,873	1,400	23,180	19,227	8,200	24,270	22,100	9,600
12 States	26,808	51,027	45,630	54,358	70,461	32,470	81,166	121,488	78,100

1/ Budded, grafted, or topworked varieties. 2/ Short-time average.